# LATEX Guidelines for Author Response

#### 1. Introduction

After receiving paper reviews, authors may optionally submit a rebuttal to address the reviewers' comments, which will be limited to a **one page** PDF file. Please follow the steps and style guidelines outlined below for submitting your author response.

Note that the author rebuttal is optional and, following similar guidelines to previous CVPR conferences, it is meant to provide you with an opportunity to rebut factual errors or to supply additional information requested by the reviewers. It is NOT intended to add new contributions (theorems, algorithms, experiments) that were not included in the original submission. You may optionally add a figure, graph or proof to your rebuttal to better illustrate your answer to the reviewers' comments.

Per a passed 2018 PAMI-TC motion, reviewers should not request additional experiments for the rebuttal, or penalize authors for lack of additional experiments. This includes any experiments that involve running code, e.g., to create tables or figures with new results. **Authors should not include new experimental results in the rebuttal**, and reviewers should discount any such results when making their final recommendation. Authors may include figures with illustrations or comparison tables of results reported in the submission/supplemental material or in other papers.

The rebuttal must adhere to the same blind-submission as the original submission and must comply with this rebuttalformatted template.

## 1.1. Response length

Author responses must be no longer than 1 page in length including any references and figures. Overlength responses will simply not be reviewed. This includes responses where the margins and formatting are deemed to have been significantly altered from those laid down by this style guide. Note that this LATEX guide already sets figure captions and references in a smaller font.

### 2. Formatting your Response

Make sure to update the paper title and paper ID in the appropriate place in the tex file.

All text must be in a two-column format. The total allowable width of the text area is  $6\frac{7}{8}$  inches (17.5 cm) wide by  $8\frac{7}{8}$  inches (22.54 cm) high. Columns are to be  $3\frac{1}{4}$  inches (8.25 cm) wide, with a  $\frac{5}{16}$  inch (0.8 cm) space between them. The top margin should begin 1.0 inch (2.54 cm) from the top edge of the page. The bottom margin should be 1-1/8 inches (2.86 cm) from the bottom edge of the page for  $8.5 \times 11$ -inch paper; for A4 paper, approximately 1-5/8 inches (4.13 cm) from the bottom edge of the page.



Figure 1. Example of caption. It is set in Roman so that mathemat- $_{064}$  ics (always set in Roman:  $B \sin A = A \sin B$ ) may be included without an ugly clash.

Please number all of your sections and any displayed 068 equations. It is important for readers to be able to refer to 069 any particular equation.

Wherever Times is specified, Times Roman may also be 071 used. Main text should be in 10-point Times, single-spaced. 072 Section headings should be in 10 or 12 point Times. All 073 paragraphs should be indented 1 pica (approx. 1/6 inch or 074 0.422 cm). Figure and table captions should be 9-point Ro-075 man type as in Figure 1.

List and number all bibliographical references in 9-point<sup>077</sup> Times, single-spaced, at the end of your response. When<sup>078</sup> referenced in the text, enclose the citation number in square<sup>079</sup> brackets, for example [?]. Where appropriate, include the<sup>080</sup> name(s) of editors of referenced books.

#### 2.1. Illustrations, graphs, and photographs

All graphics should be centered. Please ensure that any point you wish to make is resolvable in a printed copy of the response. Resize fonts in figures to match the font in the body text, and choose line widths which render effectively in print. Many readers (and reviewers), even of an electronic copy, will choose to print your response in order to read it. You cannot insist that they do otherwise, and therefore must not assume that they can zoom in to see tiny details on a graphic.

When placing figures in LATEX, it's almost always best to use \includegraphics, and to specify the figure width as a multiple of the line width as in the example below

## References