1.注册

/user/add/hr 增加hr

注册.json:

|  |
| --- |
| {  email:"xx@qq.com",  pwd:"xwr4365fe",  "name":"xsxsxs"  } |

State.json

|  |
| --- |
| {  state:1, //1 true, 0 false  token:"dfdfsdfsdfsdfsfsdf",  message:{  msg:"uid",  handler\_url:"xxxxxx"  }  } |

/user/add/admin 增加管理员

注册.json:

|  |
| --- |
| {  email:"xx@qq.com",  pwd:"xwr4365fe",  "name":"xsxsxs"  } |

State.json

|  |
| --- |
| {  state:1, //1 true, 0 false  token:"dfdfsdfsdfsdfsfsdf",  message:{  msg:"uid",  handler\_url:"xxxxxx"  }  } |

# 2.登陆

/user/confirm

login.json

|  |
| --- |
| {  email:"xx@qq.com",  pwd:"xwr4365fe",  "name":"xsxsxs"  } |

State.json:

|  |
| --- |
| {  state:1, //1 true, 0 false  token:"dfdfsdfsdfsdfsfsdf",  message:{  msg:"uid",  handler\_url:"xxxxxx"  }  } |

# 3. /contactus 留言api

msg.json:

|  |
| --- |
| {  email:"xx@qq.com",  name:"xxx",  msg:"xxxx"  } |

State.json

|  |
| --- |
| {  state:1, //1 true, 0 false  token:"dfdfsdfsdfsdfsfsdf",  message:{  msg:"xxxxxx",  handler\_url:"xxxxxx"  }  } |

# 4./question/query 依据question的id来查询question的具体内容

queryQuestion.json:

|  |
| --- |
| {  "user":{  "uid":xxx,  }  "qid":ssdsd //查询的question id  } |

Question.json:

**这里把问题的分数改在了answer里面，如果是单选题，那么只有一个是正分，其余全是0分，甚至可以负分，这样方便扩展**

|  |
| --- |
| {  state:1, //1 true, 0 false  token:"dfdfsdfsdfsdfsfsdf",  message:{  question:{  qid:22,  name:"xxx",  type:1,//1选择题 2编程题 3问答题 4自定义  tag:"tag标签以逗号分隔"  context:"dsdasdadsada"  answer:[  {"text":"xxxx","isright":1,”score”:4},  {"text":"xxxx","isright":0,”score”:0},  {"text":"xxxx","isright":0,”score”:0}  ]  }  }  } |

# 5./question/add 增加一个问题

question.json

**其中qid由于不知道所以可以为空**

|  |
| --- |
| {  "user":{  "uid":xxx,  }  "question":{  qid:22,  name:"xxx",  type:1,//1选择题 2编程题 3问答题 4自定义  tag:"tag标签以逗号分隔"  context:"dsdasdadsada"  answer:[  {"text":"xxxx","isright":1,”score”:4},  {"text":"xxxx","isright":0,”score”:0},  {"text":"xxxx","isright":0,”score”:0}  ]  }  } |

State.json:

|  |
| --- |
| {  state:1, //1 true, 0 false  token:"dfdfsdfsdfsdfsfsdf",  message:{  error:"xxxxx",  error\_handler:"xxxx"  }  } |

# 6./user/setting/query 返回个人信息

u.json:

|  |
| --- |
| {  "uid":1000  } |

User.json:

|  |
| --- |
| {  "state":1,//1 true,0 false  "token":safasfscac,  "message":{  "user":{  "email":"ss@ss.com",  "name":"ss",  "company":"QQ",  "tel":188888888,  }  }  } |

# /user/setting/set 提交个人信息

user.json:

|  |
| --- |
| {  "user": {  "uid": 3  },  "email": "xx@ss.com",  "name": "ss",  "company": "QQ",  "tel": 188888888,  "pwd": "zpl",  "newPWD": "zpl"  } |

**这里如果pwd和newPWD相等，那么就会改成pwd里面的密码**

State.json:

|  |
| --- |
| {  "state":1,//1 true,0 false  "token":safasfscac,  message:{  "msg":"sdfaca",  "handler\_url":"sfaxxxxx"  }  } |