### **Course Overview**

CS230: System Programming

1<sup>st</sup> Lecture

#### **Instructors:**

Jaehyuk Huh

### **Overview**

- Course theme
- Academic integrity
- **■** Five realities

#### This course is

## **CS230** System Programming

- The course is an "introduction to computer systems" from the perspective of programmers
- If you expected System **Programming**, this is not a right course.

## **Course Perspective**

#### Most Systems Courses are Builder-Centric

- Computer Architecture
  - Design pipelined processor
- Operating Systems
  - Implement sample portions of operating system
- Compilers
  - Write compiler for simple language
- Networking
  - Implement and simulate network protocols

## **Course Perspective (Cont.)**

#### Our Course is Programmer-Centric

- Purpose is to show that by knowing more about the underlying system,
   one can be more effective as a programmer
- Enable you to
  - Write programs that are more reliable and efficient
  - Incorporate features that require hooks into OS
    - E.g., concurrency, signal handlers
- Cover material in this course that you won't see elsewhere
- Not just a course for dedicated hackers
  - We bring out the hidden hacker in everyone!

## **Cheating: Description**

- Please pay close attention
- What is cheating?
  - Sharing code: by copying, retyping, looking at, or supplying a file
  - Describing: verbal description of code from one person to another.
  - Coaching: helping your friend to write a lab, line by line
  - Searching the Web for solutions
  - Using code-generation tools such as ChatGPT
  - Copying code from a previous course or online solution
    - You are only allowed to use code we supply, or from the CS:APP website

#### What is NOT cheating?

- Explaining how to use systems or tools
- Helping others with high-level design issues

#### Ignorance is not an excuse

## **Cheating: Consequences**

#### Penalty for cheating:

- Minimum penalty: one letter grade downgrade (A0 → B0)
- Possible removal from course with failing grade (F)
- Your instructors' personal contempt

#### Detection of cheating:

- We have sophisticated tools for detecting code plagiarism
- In the prior semester, >30 students were caught cheating

#### ■ Commit your updates to your git repository as often as possible

#### Don't do it!

- Start early
- Ask the staff for help when you get stuck

#### **Textbooks**

#### Randal E. Bryant and David R. O'Hallaron,

- Computer Systems: A Programmer's Perspective, Third Edition (CS:APP3e),
   Pearson, 2016
- http://csapp.cs.cmu.edu
- Highly recommend the original English version (you'll have to get used to textbooks in English as soon as possible to survive CS)
- This book really matters for the course! (for labs and exams)
- Reading the textbook is NOT optional, but required
  - I will post required sections in KLMS.
  - There will be occasional quizzes about the reading assignments.

#### Optional textbook: Brian Kernighan and Dennis Ritchie,

- The C Programming Language, Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 1988
- Still the best book about C, from the originators

## **Course Components**

#### Lectures

Higher level concepts

#### Labs (5 assignments)

- The heart of the course
- About 2-3 weeks each
- Provide in-depth understanding of an aspect of systems
- Programming and measurement

#### Exams (midterm + final)

Test your understanding of concepts & mathematical principles

## **Getting Help**

- Class Web page: KLMS
  - Complete schedule of lectures, exams, and assignments
  - Copies of lectures, assignments, exams
  - Clarifications to assignments
  - Update your email address (Important announcements can be made via emails and KLMS postings)
- Use the Piazza Q&A board to share questions and answers
  - We will instruct how to use the Piazza board by email
  - The Piazza board will be shared by Section A and B.
  - Students are also encouraged to answer questions

## **Getting Help**

- Staff mailing list: cs230\_ta@casys.kaist.ac.kr
  - Use this for all communication with the teaching staff
  - Always CC staff mailing list during email exchanges

#### **Policies: Labs and Exams**

#### Work groups

You must work alone on all lab assignments

#### Handins

- Labs due at 11:59pm on Tues or Thurs
- Electronic handins (no exceptions!)

#### Exams

- Midterm + Final (traditional exams)
- At least 2/3 of exam questions are related to the lab assignments

#### Appealing grades

- In writing to Prof Jaehyuk Huh within 7 days of completion of grading
- Follow formal procedure described in syllabus

#### **Timeliness**

#### Lateness penalties

- Get penalized 30% per day
- No handins later than 1 day after due date

#### Catastrophic events

- Major illness, death in family, ...
- Formulate a plan to get back on track

#### Advice

Once you start running late, it's really hard to catch up

## **Policies: Grading**

- Exams (70%): midterm (35%), final (35%)
- Labs (25%): weighted according to effort
- Attendance (5%)
  - Attendance of the first week (8/29 and 8/31) will not be checked as the enrollment changes during the period.
  - If you miss 1/3 of class meetings (9 class meetings), the final grade will be automatically F.

#### Labs

- Tentative lab schedule
- Lab 1: Data lab (9/26)
- Lab 2: Bomb lab (10/12)
- Lab 3: Attack lab (11/2)
- Lab 4: Tsh lab (11/16)
- Lab 5: Malloc lab (11/30)

## **Lab Environments and Requirements**

#### Lab system

- A remote linux account will be provided.
- Your submission must be running on the account.

#### Programming environments

- C/C++ is the lab language. If you are not familiar with it, you must learn it in 2 weeks.
- Vscode (Visual Studio code) and git will be used for IDE and repository.
- We will post introductory materials for the environments for self-study.

## **Programs and Data**

#### Topics

- Bits operations, arithmetic, assembly language programs
- Representation of C control and data structures
- Includes aspects of architecture and compilers

#### Assignments

- L1 (datalab): Manipulating bits
- L2 (bomblab): Defusing a binary bomb
- L3 (attacklab): The basics of code injection attacks

## **Exceptional Control Flow**

#### Topics

- Hardware exceptions, processes, process control, Unix signals
- Includes aspects of compilers, OS, and architecture

#### Assignments

- L4 (tshlab): Writing your own Unix shell.
  - A first introduction to concurrency

## **Virtual Memory**

#### Topics

- Virtual memory, address translation, dynamic storage allocation
- Includes aspects of architecture and OS

#### Assignments

- L5 (malloclab): Writing your own malloc package
  - Get a real feel for systems-level programming

## Networking, and Concurrency

#### **■** Topics

- High level and low-level I/O, network programming
- Internet services, Web servers
- concurrency, concurrent server design, threads

#### **Lab Rationale**

- Each lab has a well-defined goal such as solving a puzzle or winning a contest
- Doing the lab should result in new skills and concepts
- We try to use competition in a fun and healthy way
  - Set a reasonable threshold for full credit

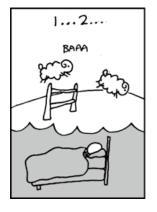
## **Course Theme:**

## **Abstraction Is Good But Don't Forget Reality**

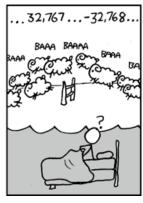
- Most CS courses emphasize abstraction
  - Abstract data types
  - Asymptotic analysis
- These abstractions have limits
  - Especially in the presence of bugs
  - Need to understand details of underlying implementations
- Useful outcomes from taking cs230
  - Become more effective programmers
    - Able to find and eliminate bugs efficiently
    - Able to understand and tune for program performance
  - Prepare for later "systems" classes in CS
    - Compilers, Operating Systems, Networks, Computer Architecture,
       Embedded Systems, Storage Systems, etc.

## Great Reality #1: Ints are not Integers, Floats are not Reals

- **■** Example 1: Is  $x^2 \ge 0$ ?
  - Float's: Yes!









- Int's:
  - **40000 \* 40000 -> 1600000000**
  - **•** 50000 \* 50000 -> ??
- **Example 2:** Is (x + y) + z = x + (y + z)?
  - Unsigned & Signed Int's: Yes!
  - Float's:
    - (1e20 + -1e20) + 3.14 --> 3.14
    - 1e20 + (-1e20 + 3.14) --> ??

## Great Reality #2: You've Got to Know Assembly

- Chances are, you'll never write programs in assembly
  - Compilers are much better & more patient than you are
- But: Understanding assembly is key to machine-level execution model
  - Behavior of programs in presence of bugs
    - High-level language models break down
  - Tuning program performance
    - Understand optimizations done / not done by the compiler
    - Understanding sources of program inefficiency
  - Implementing system software
    - Compiler has machine code as target
    - Operating systems must manage process state
  - Creating / fighting malware
    - x86 assembly is the language of choice!

## **Great Reality #3: Memory Matters**Random Access Memory Is an Unphysical Abstraction

#### Memory is not unbounded

- It must be allocated and managed
- Many applications are memory dominated

#### Memory referencing bugs especially pernicious

Effects are distant in both time and space

#### Memory performance is not uniform

- Cache and virtual memory effects can greatly affect program performance
- Adapting program to characteristics of memory system can lead to major speed improvements

## Great Reality #4: Computers do more than execute programs

- They need to get data in and out
  - I/O system critical to program reliability and performance

#### ■ They communicate with each other over networks

- Many system-level issues arise in presence of network
  - Concurrent operations by autonomous processes
  - Coping with unreliable media
  - Cross platform compatibility
  - Complex performance issues

# Welcome and Enjoy!