Howto: Generating your own linker files for AuToGraFS: Automatic Topological Generator for Framework Structures

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A Linker Specification

Data:	SBUtype = linker	1 1			
	shape = linear	_			
Data:	name = 15pyrene				2
GEOMETRY CARTESIAN					
С	-5.36928632	-5.40538612	0.00597428	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=2/1.5:6/1.5:19/1.0
c a	-3.97643832	-5.40538612	0.00597428	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=1/1.5:3/1.5:20/1.0
С	-3.26797532	-4.19690112	0.00597428	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=2/1.5:4/1.5:7/1.5
С	-3.98508832	-2.97229212	0.00601228	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=3/1.5:5/1.5:8/1.5
С	-5.40422232	-2.98162812	0.00604228	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=4/1.5:6/1.5:16/1.5
С	-6.08103232	-4.20804612	0.00593928	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=1/1.5:5/1.5:21/1.0
С	-1.82892032	-4.15481912	0.00603928	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=3/1.5:10/1.5:18/1.0
С	-3.27630232	-1.72648712	0.00623128	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=4/1.5:9/1.5:14/1.5
С	-1.85721432	-1.71716412	0.00626628	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=8/1.5:10/1.5:11/1.5
С	-1.15809632	-2.97568512	0.00612828	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=7/1.5:9/1.5:22/1.0
С	-1.18037132	-0.49067412	0.00642328	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=9/1.5:12/1.5:25/1.0
С	-1.89209432	0.70659688	0.00657428	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=11/1.5:13/1.5:23/1.0
С	-3.28500932	0.70659688	0.00660128	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=12/1.5:14/1.5:24/1.0
С	-3.99343532	-0.50183912	0.00639328	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=8/1.5:13/1.5:15/1.5
С	-5.43252232	-0.54396812	0.00618328	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=14/1.5:16/1.5:17/1.0
С	-6.10333832	-1.72308612	0.00602828	MMTYPE=C_R	QMMM=MM BOND=5/1.5:15/1.5:26/1.0
H	-5.97082932	0.41637988	0.00626528	MMTYPE=H_	QMMM=MM BOND=15/1.0
H	-1.29075732	-5.11521912	0.00574328	MMTYPE=H_	QMMM=MM BOND=7/1.0
H	-5.91350432	-6.36186912	0.00571128	MMTYPE=H_	QMMM=MM BOND=1/1.0
H	-3.42538532	-6.35767212	0.00588028	MMTYPE=H_	QMMM=MM BOND=2/1.0
H	-7.18118932	-4.22087812	0.00555928	MMTYPE=H_	QMMM=MM BOND=6/1.0
H	-0.05754732	-2.94774012	0.00584128	MMTYPE=H_	QMMM=MM BOND=10/1.0
H	-1.34796932	1.66316388	0.00654928	MMTYPE=H_	QMMM=MM BOND=12/1.0
H	-3.83598732	1.65895788	0.00661928	MMTYPE=H_	QMMM=MM BOND=13/1.0
X 3	-0.42042330	-0.48178557	0.00640117	MMTYPE=H_	QMMM=MM BOND=11/1.0
X	-6.86309145	-1.74245259	0.00566723	MMTYPE=H_	QMMM=MM BOND=16/1.0
END					

Figure 1: A fragment (molecular) input file as required by AuToGraFS.

Explanation

1. Flags for AuToGraFS.

This bit you'll have to add in on your own at the end.

- Begins with Data: and contains a key/value pair separated by an equals sign
- SBUtype is either center or linker
- shape defines the shape of the fragment and determines how AuToGraFS will align it to the model. Currently understood shapes are:
 - (a) blind (ZeroD) cap
 - (b) point cap

- (c) linear
- (d) triangle
- (e) tetrahedron, square, rectangle
- (f) trigonal bipyramid, square pyramid
- (g) octahedron, trigonal prism, hexagon
- (h) cube
- (i) icosahedron
- (j) cuboctahedron
- (k) elongated triangular orthobicupola
- (1) rhombicuboctahedron
- (m) MIL-53 (mil53), Kuratowski-type (mfu4)
- ... any spaces in shape names should be replaced with underscores e.g. (point_cap)
- name is solely for humans and so should be descriptive. It may be as long as you like so, "really fancy linker that took a long time to synthesize, notebook page 42" is perfectly appropriate. Likewise, "Linker from the excellent paper of S. McDuck *JACS* vol 314 p 2718 (2014)".
- 2. The actual molecule definition.
 - (a) Atom symbols
 - (b) Cartesian coordinates
 - (c) UFF atom types.
 - (d) Bond lists in the format *N/BO*, where N is the atom number in the list and BO is the bod order. e.g. Atom 1 is bonded to atoms 2 and 6 by aromatic (BO = 1.5)bonds and to atom 19 by a single bond.
- 3. Dummy atoms (symbol X) define the spatial extent of the fragment and are the points used to align the fragment with the model. The MMType is not important but should be left as "H_".

In future versions this may change to designate dummy atoms that must bond to Carbon or must bond to Nitrogen.

Using Avogadro

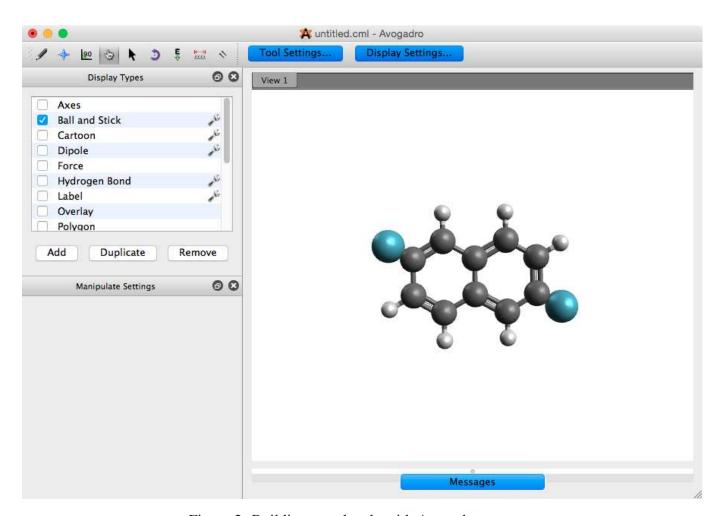


Figure 2: Building a molecule with Avogadro

- 1. Build the molecule. Here we've built naphthalene.
- 2. Change the desired connection points to Xe atoms. We'll change this later, so anything that doesn't appear in your actual molecule is OK. But Xe is easy to change to X. If you have optional connection points (i.e. where solvent may bind) make these atoms something else, Ba is rather uncommon and easy to change to Bq.

- 3. Change the Xe–Y bondlengths to half the desired bondlength in the finished framework. e.g. If you intend to form a carbon-carbon bond, make the bondlength 0.75Å.
- 4. Save your molecule using Sybyl Mol2 (*.mol2) format
- 5. From the command line, run mol22inp YourMolecule (without the extension!). This will yield a file, YourMolecule.inp. Open this file, change Xe atoms to X atoms, Ba to Bq (if any) and check the MMTypes are all there.
- 6. Add the three header (Data:) lines at the top and you're done!

Using GaussView

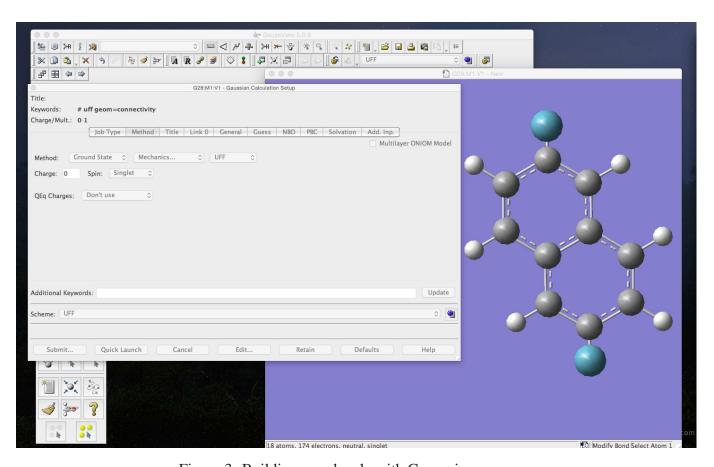


Figure 3: Building a molecule with Gaussview

1. Build the molecule. The bond orders you see are the bond orders you get.

- 2. IMPORTANT! Use Xe (or something else) for dummy atoms because Gaussview doesn't include dummy atoms in the connectivity list.
- 3. From the Calculate menu, select Gaussian Calculation Setup...
 - In Method, select Mechanics, then UFF or Dreiding
 - **geom=connectivity** should automatically appear
 - To save the file, click on **Edit...**
 - Save the file using the extension **.gjf** .com is also a legal gaussian file extension, but AuToGraFS won't read the atoms types or bonding information from a .com file.
- 4. From the command line, run g0x2inp YourMolecule (without the extension!). This will yield a file, YourMolecule.inp. Open this file, change Xe atoms to X atoms, Ba to Bq (if any) and check the MMTypes are all there.
- 5. Add the three header (Data:) lines at the top and you're done!