



Australian Bureau of Statistics

Statistical Language - What are Data?



Statistical Language



What are Data?

Content on this page requires Adobe Flash Player to be viewed.

Download Adobe Flash player

Alternatively, read the transcripts, attached below, containing a text version of the information displayed in the Flash Animation.

This animation explains the concept of data. If you are unable to access the video a Transcript (.doc 29kb) has been provided. The animation requires [Adobe Flash Player](#) to run. The animation contains no audio.

What are data?

Data are measurements or observations that are collected as a source of information. There are a variety of different types of data, and different ways to represent data.

The number of people in Australia, the countries where people were born, number of calls received by the emergency services each day, the value of sales of a particular product, or the number of times Australia has won a cricket match, are all examples of data.

A data unit is one entity (such as a person or business) in the population being studied, about which data are collected. A data unit is also referred to as a unit record or record.

A data item is a characteristic (or attribute) of a data unit which is measured or counted, such as height, country of birth, or income. A data item is also referred to as a **variable** because the characteristic may vary between data units, and may vary over time.

An observation is an occurrence of a specific data item that is recorded about a data unit. It may also be referred to as **datum**, which is the singular form of data. An observation may be numeric or non-numeric (categorical). For example, 173 is a numeric observation of the data item 'height (cm)', whereas 'Australia' is a non-numeric (categorical) observation of the data item 'country of birth'.

A dataset is a complete collection of all observations.

The following table is an example of a dataset:

	age (years)	sex	income (\$)	
Person 1 (John Smith)	18	m	50000	
Person 2 (Joe Bloggs)	18	m	40000	
Person 3 (Sally Jones)	20	f	55000	
Person 4 (Linda Lee)	22	f	50000	
Person 5 (Harry James)	19	m	35000	

Annotations:

- Data Items (points to the header row)
- Data Unit - Person 2. (points to the row for Person 2)
- Numeric observation of the data item 'income' (points to the value 50000 in the income column for Person 4)
- Non-numeric (categorical) observation of the data item 'sex' (points to the value m in the sex column for Person 5)

[Return to Statistical Language Homepage](#)

This page last updated 3 July 2013

© Commonwealth of Australia 2008



Unless otherwise noted, content on this website is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 2.5 Australia Licence together with any terms, conditions and exclusions as set out in the website Copyright notice. For permission to do anything beyond the scope of this licence and copyright terms contact us.