SER 502 – Team 11 | Spring19

Team Members:

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Language Design

- ➤ Name of the Language—BUMPY
- ➤ Operators and Constructs:
- Operators: +,-,*,/,%,<,>,<=,>=, ~=, :=:, = ,and, or,
- Arithmetic Operator: +,-,*,/,%

Addition:+

Subtraction: -

Multiplication: *

Division: /

Mod: %

- Assignment Operator: =
- Comparison Operator: <,>,<=,>=, ~=, :=:

Less than: <

Greater than: >

Less than equal to: <=

Greater than equal to: >=

Not equals to: ~=

Equals to: :=:

• Boolean Operator : and, or, not

• Primitive types: bool, var

Bool: takes Boolean value

Var: takes integer value

Decision Constructs: incase do otherwise endcase
 Incase (condition) do (process) otherwise (process) endcase

• Iterative Constructs: when repeat endrepeat When (condition) repeat (process) endrepeat

Grammar

- Parser → Program
- Program → Comment Block | Block
- Comment → @ Words @
- Block → start Declaration Process stop
- Words → Identifier Words | Numb Words | Identifier |
 Numb.
- Declaration → Datatype Identifier; Declaration |
 Datatype Identifier;
- Process → Assignvalue; Process | Control Process |
 Iterate Process | Print Process | ReadValue Process |
 Assignvalue; | Control | Iterate | Print | ReadValue
- Datatype → var | bool
- Assignvalue → Identifier = Expression | Identifier is Boolexp
- Control → incase Condition do Process otherwise Process endcase
- Iterate → when Condition repeat Process endrepeat
- Print → show Expression; | show * value *;
- ReadValue → input Identifier;
- Condition → Boolexp and Boolexp | Boolexp or Boolexp |
 ~ Boolexp | Boolexp

- Boolexp → Expression :=: Expression | Expression ~=
 Expression | Expression >=
 Expression | Expression >
 Expression | Expression :=: Boolexp | Expression ~= Boolexp |
 yes | no
- Expression → Term + Expression | Term Expression |
 Term
- Term → Identifier * Term | Numb * Term |
 Numbneg * Term | Identifier / Term | Numb
 /Term | Numbneg / Term | Identifier mod Term |
 Numb mod Term | Numbneg mod Term |
 Identifier | Numb | Numbneg
- Identifier → _[^a-z]alphanumeric | [^a-z]alphanumeric
- Numb → number
- Numbneg → Numb

Features

- Parsing technique: We are using Top- down parsing technique, our parser constructs the parse tree from the start and then tries to convert it the start symbol into input.
- Data structures used by the parser and interpreter: List
- Interpreter: Our interpreter is based on Reduction machine.
- Programing language used for implementation: Prolog