

IIT MADRAS ONLINE BS DEGREE PROGRAM INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MADRAS PRESENTATION FOR THE BDM CAPSTONE PROJECT

LEVERAGING DATA ANALYTICS FOR OPTIMISING INVENTORY LEVELS AND ENHANCING THE OVERALL SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES

SELVAMANI STORE, TIRUNELVELI DISTRICT, TAMILNADU - 627006.

A PRESENTATION BY:
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PROBLEM STATEMENTS AND SOLUTION APPROACHES

PROBLEM STATEMENT 1:

OPTIMISING INVENTORY LEVELS

DATA: INVENTORY, SALES, PURCHASES

METHODS: ABC ANALYSIS, INVENTORY TURNOVER

ANALYSIS

PROBLEM STATEMENT 2:

ENHANCING THE OVERALL SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES

DATA: CUSTOMER DEMOGRAPHICS, PREFERENCES, FEEDBACK

METHODS: RFM ANALYSIS, MARKET BASKET ANALYSIS

ABC ANALYSIS

ABC ANALYSIS IS A METHOD FOR CATEGORIZING SKUS BASED ON THEIR RELATIVE IMPORTANCE TO THE BUSINESS.

THE GOAL IS TO HELP THE BUSINESS OWNER PRIORITIZE THEIR RESOURCES AND FOCUS ON THE SKUS THAT HAVE THE BIGGEST IMPACT ON REVENUE AND PROFITABILITY.

ABC ANALYSIS HELPS CATEGORIZE INVENTORY INTO THREE CATEGORIES WHICH ARE:

CATEGORY A (HIGH VALUE SKUs):

SKUS IN THIS CATEGORY CONTRIBUTE TO A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OF TOTAL PROFIT OR REVENUE.

GROUNDNUT OIL, TOOR DAL, SUGAR

CATEGORY B (MEDIUM VALUE SKUs):

SKUs IN THIS CATEGORY CONTRIBUTE MODERATELY TO THE TOTAL PROFIT OR REVENUE.

COCONUT OIL, CHOCOLATES, BATHROOM CLEANER, MOONG DAL, MILK, CHANNA DAL, SUNFLOWER OIL

CATEGORY C (LOW VALUE SKUs):

SKUs IN THIS CATEGORY CONTRIBUTE MINIMALLY TO TOTAL PROFIT OR REVENUE. RICE, PALM JAGGERY, GINGELLY OIL, CURD, PULSES, JAGGERY, SALT

INVENTORY TURNOVER ANALYSIS

INVENTORY TURNOVER ANALYSIS HELPS TO UNDERSTAND HOW EFFICIENTLY THE INVENTORY IS BEING MANAGED.

THE GOAL IS TO HELP THE BUSINESS OWNER TO DETERMINE THE RIGHT AMOUNT OF STOCK TO KEEP ON-HAND TO FILL DEMAND WHILE AVOIDING SPENDING TOO MUCH ON INVENTORY STORAGE.

INVENTORY TURNOVER ANALYSIS HELPS CATEGORIZE INVENTORY INTO THREE CATEGORIES WHICH ARE:

HIGH TURNOVER PRODUCTS:

SKUs IN THIS CATEGORY ARE FAST SELLING & HIGH REVENUE GENERATING.

TOOR DAL, SUGAR, CHOCOLATES

BALANCED TURNOVER PRODUCTS:

SKUs IN THIS CATEGORY ARE STEADY & THEIR INVENTORY SHOULD BE MONITORED REGULARLY.

MOONG DAL, CHANNA DAL, SUNFLOWER OIL, COCONUT OIL, BATHROOM CLEANER

LOW TURNOVER PRODUCTS:

SKUs IN THIS CATEGORY ARE TO BE IMPROVE THEIR TURNOVER & PROFITABILITY

RICE, PALM JAGGERY, GINGELLY OIL, CURD, PULSES, JAGGERY, SALT, GROUNDNUT OIL

INTERPRETATIONS OF ABC AND INVENTORY TURNOVER ANALYSIS







RFM ANALYSIS

RECENCY, FREQUENCY, AND MONETARY VALUES ARE CRUCIAL FOR UNDERSTANDING CUSTOMER BEHAVIOR.

RFM (RECENCY, FREQUENCY, MONETARY)
ANALYSIS IS A METHOD USED TO EVALUATE
CUSTOMER BEHAVIOR BY ANALYZING THE
FOLLOWING:

HOW RECENTLY A CUSTOMER MADE A PURCHASE (RECENCY)

HOW OFTEN THEY MAKE PURCHASES (FREQUENCY)

HOW MUCH MONEY THEY SPEND (MONETARY)

ALL THE PURCHASES MADE BY THE CUSTOMERS ARE RECENT ONES (25 JUNE 2024 TO 25 JULY 2024).

FREQUENCY IS A KEY
METRIC AS IT SHOWS HOW
DEEPLY A CUSTOMER IS
ENGAGED WITH THE SHOP.

IN THIS CASE, MONETARY DATA IS UNAVAILABLE, SO FOCUS CAN BE PLACED ON RECENCY AND FREQUENCY.

MARKET BASKET ANALYSIS

MARKET BASKET ANALYSIS IDENTIFIES ASSOCIATIONS BETWEEN PRODUCTS THAT CUSTOMERS FREQUENTLY BUY TOGETHER.

IT HELPS UNDERSTAND PRODUCT ASSOCIATIONS AND CUSTOMER BUYING PATTERNS.

BASED ON THE FREQUENCY OF THE PRODUCTS BOUGHT TOGETHER, BUNDLE OFFERS, DISCOUNTS AND COMBO DEALS CAN BE INTRODUCED.

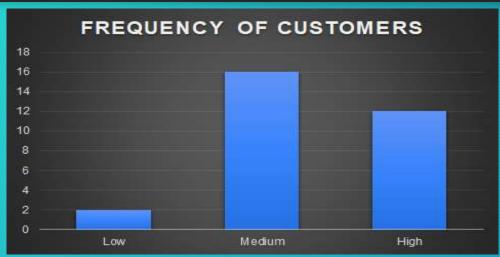
PRODUCTS WHICH ARE COMMONLY
PURCHASED TOGETHER CAN BE MOVED TO A
SEPARATE SECTION IN THE SHOP, CALLED
"STAPLE ESSENTIALS".

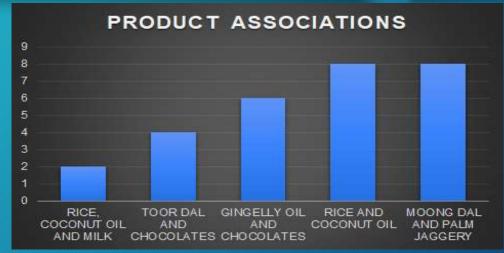
USING THE INSIGHTS GAINED FROM PRODUCT ASSOCIATIONS, TARGETED MARKETING CAMPAIGNS CAN BE STARTED.

THE PRODUCTS BOUGHT FREQUENTLY WERE:

- MOONG DAL AND PALM JAGGERY
- TOOR DAL AND CHOCOLATES
- RICE, COCONUT OIL AND MILK
- GINGELLY OIL AND CHOCOLATES

INTERPRETATIONS OF RFM AND MARKET BASKET ANALYSIS







RECOMMENDATIONS FOR OPTIMISING INVENTORY LEVELS

FOCUS ON CATEGORY A SKUs:

TO MAXIMIZE PROFIT, THE BUSINESS SHOULD PRIORITIZE INVENTORY MANAGEMENT AND SALES STRATEGIES AROUND GROUNDNUT OIL, TOOR DAL, AND SUGAR.

REVIEW CATEGORY B SKUs:

THESE ITEMS HAVE
POTENTIAL BUT MAY NEED
BETTER PRICING
STRATEGIES OR
PROMOTIONAL EFFORTS TO
INCREASE THEIR
CONTRIBUTION TO TOTAL
PROFIT.

RE-EVALUATE CATEGORY C SKUs:

THESE ITEMS EITHER HAVE
LOW OR NEGATIVE
PROFITABILITY DESPITE
VARYING LEVELS OF
REVENUE CONTRIBUTION.
CONSIDER DISCONTINUING
OR ADJUSTING THE PRICING,
SOURCING, OR MARKETING
STRATEGIES FOR THESE
PRODUCTS.

OPTIMIZE INVENTORY TURNOVER:

THE ANALYSIS SUGGESTS
THE NEED TO BALANCE
HIGH-REVENUE ITEMS WITH
HIGH-PROFIT ITEMS. SOME
PRODUCTS WITH NEGATIVE
PROFIT BUT HIGH REVENUE
MAY NEED COST
OPTIMIZATION OR BETTER
SALES STRATEGIES.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ENHANCING SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES

PROMOTE SUSTAINABILITY PACKAGING:

USE THE FREQUENCY DATA TO FOCUS ON HIGH AND MEDIUM FREQUENCY CUSTOMERS WITH CAMPAIGNS PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE PACKAGING. OFFER INCENTIVES FOR ECO-FRIENDLY PRACTICES.

ENCOURAGE LOCAL PRODUCTS:

BASED ON CUSTOMER
PREFERENCES, EMPHASIZE
LOCAL PRODUCTS IN
MARKETING EFFORTS. THIS
SUPPORTS LOCAL
SUPPLIERS AND REDUCES
THE STORE'S CARBON
FOOTPRINT.

IMPROVE CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE:

ADDRESS FEEDBACK
RELATED TO STORE
EXPERIENCE AND PRODUCT
VARIETY. IMPLEMENT
CHANGES TO ENHANCE THE
SHOPPING EXPERIENCE AND
ADDRESS COMMON
CONCERNS.

LEVERAGE LOYALTY PROGRAMS:

DEVELOP AND PROMOTE
LOYALTY PROGRAMS THAT
REWARD FREQUENT
SHOPPERS. INCORPORATE
SUSTAINABILITY
INCENTIVES TO ALIGN WITH
THE STORE'S ECO-FRIENDLY
GOALS.