

Winter 2022 SGC 4A Data Cleaning

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The purpose of this file is processing the combined data files for Winter 2022 into files that contain only valid data for analysis, excluding invalid sessions and participants

Data is imported from 2 files, indicating two levels of analysis: participants and blocks (item-level).

Note: mouse-cursor data contained in final_mouse_blocks.json file is not handled here.

#IMPORT DATA

```
df_participants <- fromJSON("input/winter22_sgc4a_final_participants.json")
df_items <- fromJSON('input/winter22_sgc4a_final_items.json')
```

#add term indicator

```
df_participants$term <- "winter22"
df_items$term <- "winter22"
```

#DEFINE SGC_4A validity criteria

```
sessions <- c('wi22sona') #SGC4A second online replication on SONA
conditions <-c(11111,113,114,115) #4 conditions
violation_threshold = 3 #number of allowable browser violations
effort_exclusion = c("I didn't try very hard, or rushed through the questions", "I started out trying hard")
n_items = 15 #fifteen items is complete dataset per participant
```

#placeholder for excluding participants

```
ex_participants = data.frame()
```

#create factors in PARTICIPANTS

```
df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  mutate( #create factors and remove extraneous ""
    subject=factor(subject),
    condition=factor(condition),
    study = factor(study),
    condition = factor(condition),
    session = factor(session),
```

```

exp_id = factor(exp_id),
sona_id = factor(sona_id),
pool = factor(pool),
mode = factor(mode),
attn_check = factor(attn_check),
status=factor(status),
term=factor(term),
gender = as.factor(gender),
age = as.integer(age),
country = gsub("'", "\"", country),
year = factor(schoolyear),
major = factor(major),
browser = factor(browser),
os = factor(os),
native_language = factor(language),
totaltime_m = totaltime/1000/60,
) %>% select( #order cols
subject,
study,
condition,
session,
exp_id,
sona_id,
pool,
mode,
attn_check,
explanation,
effort,
difficulty,
confidence,
enjoyment,
other,
age,
country,
language,
schoolyear,
major,
gender,
disability,
browser,
width,
height,
os,
starttime,
status,
term,
violations,
absolute_score,
discriminant_score,
tri_score,
orth_score,
other_score,
blank_score,
totaltime_m
)

```

```

df_items <- df_items %>%
  mutate(
    subject=factor(subject),
    condition=factor(condition),
    pool=factor(pool),
    mode = factor(mode),
    explicit=factor(explicit),
    impasse = factor(impasse),
    grid = factor(grid),
    mark = factor(mark),
    ixn = factor(ixn),
    term=factor(term),
    relation = factor(relation),
    block = factor(block),
    correct = factor(correct),
    q=factor(q),
    rt_s = rt/1000,
    time_elapsed_m = time_elapsed/1000/60
  ) %>% select(
    subject,
    study,
    term,
    pool,
    mode,
    block,
    explicit,
    impasse,
    grid,
    mark,
    ixn,
    gwidth,
    gheight,
    graph,
    time_elapsed_m,
    question,
    relation,
    q,
    correct,
    discriminant,
    tri_score,
    orth_score,
    other_score,
    blank_score,
    answer,
    rt_s,
    condition
  )

```

Data Validation

Exclusions

Completion Status

Starting with Winter 2022, data are saved to the database even if the subject's browser did not meet minimum specifications (at which point they are prompted to change browsers, or end the study). This allows us to learn about the browsers, screen sizes and OS that (potential) subjects are using. However, these data are *not* exported from the database for analysis (see `flatten.js` and `status.js` scripts). Thus, only subjects who successfully completed the entire study are included in this file.

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT status
df_participants %>% group_by(status) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##   status      n
##   <fct>    <int>
## 1 success    582
```

582 successfully completed the study.

```
#DISCARD participants from invalid sessions
exclude_status <- df_participants %>%
  filter(status != "success") %>%
  mutate(reason="invalid-status")

ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_status)
rm(exclude_status)

df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

No data need to be excluded on account of completion status.

Conditions

Participants are randomly assigned to an experimental condition when starting the study. Here we validate that only conditions for the current study are included in this dataset.

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT conditions
df_participants %>% group_by(condition) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##   condition      n
##   <fct>    <int>
## 1 11111      238
## 2 113       119
## 3 114       105
## 4 115       120
```

Data from conditions *not* corresponding to valid conditions should be discarded.

Split Control Condition

238 subjects were collected under SGC4A condition 11111. However, *half* of these subjects were *actually* SGC4B (also control condition, identical design), but the study code was hardcoded. Thus,

we need to *split* and take half the SGC4A 11111 participants, remove them from this dataset, and export them to be moved to SGC4B.

#SPLIT PARTICIPANT FILE

#divide df_participants into control and experimental conditions

```
df_participants_control <- df_participants %>% filter(condition == "11111")
df_participants_experimental <- df_participants %>% filter(condition %in% c("113","114","115"))
```

#split control condition participants into two halves

```
df_participants_keep <- df_participants_control[seq_len(nrow(df_participants_control)) %% 2 == 0, ] # Ex
df_participants_split <- df_participants_control[seq_len(nrow(df_participants_control)) %% 2 == 1, ] # E
```

#validate keep + split = control

```
nrow(df_participants_control) == nrow(df_participants_keep) + nrow(df_participants_split)
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

#RECONSTRUCT DF_PARTICIPANTS

```
df_participants <- rbind(df_participants_experimental, df_participants_keep)
```

#SPLIT ITEMS FILE

```
df_items_keep <- df_items %>% filter(subject %in% df_participants$subject)
df_items_split <- df_items %>% filter(subject %in% df_participants_split$subject)
```

#validate all items have been split

```
nrow(df_items) == nrow(df_items_keep) + nrow(df_items_split)
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

#WRITE SGC4B FILES

#export other half control for SGC4B

```
write.csv(df_participants_split,"output/winter22_sgc4b_CONTROL_participants.csv", row.names = FALSE)
write.csv(df_items_split,"output/winter22_sgc4b_CONTROL_items.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```

#RECONSTRUCT DF_ITEMS

```
df_items <- df_items_keep
```

#cleanup temp dataframes

```
rm(df_participants_control,df_participants_experimental, df_participants_keep, df_participants_split, df_i
```

After splitting the extra control condition participants into SGC4, we are left with:

#MANUALLY INSPECT conditions

```
df_participants %>% group_by(condition) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##   condition      n
##   <fct>      <int>
## 1 11111      119
## 2 113       119
## 3 114       105
## 4 115       120
```

#DISCARD participants from conditions invalid for this study

```
exclude_condition <- df_participants %>%
  filter(!condition %in% conditions) %>%
  mutate(reason="invalid-condition")
```

```
ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_condition)
rm(exclude_condition)

df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

No data need to be excluded on account of condition.

Sessions

The (string) `session` code is embedded in the URL querystring by the experimenter to differentiate testing sessions in SONA from demo and other environment setup tasks.

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT sessions
df_participants %>% group_by(session) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##   session      n
##   <fct>    <int>
## 1 wi22sona    463
```

Data from sessions not corresponding to valid sessions should be discarded.

```
#DISCARD participants from invalid sessions
exclude_session <- df_participants %>%
  filter(!session %in% sessions) %>%
  mutate(reason="invalid-session")

ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_session)
rm(exclude_session)

df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

No data need to be excluded on account of session.

Browser Interaction Violations

Browser interaction data is recorded by jspsych allowing us to determine if subjects violate our instructions not to leave the browser tab (or exit fullscreen mode) during test. These incidents are recorded in jspsych interaction data object, and the number of violations is counted and added to the participant data file.

Due to eccentricity of the browser events captured, 1-2 browser violations can be captured even if the subject did not leave the browser window (eg. in case of resizing window to meet minimum requirements.)

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT violations
df_participants %>% group_by(violations) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 15 x 2
##   violations      n
##   <dbl> <int>
## 1      1    298
## 2     1.5    21
```

```
## 3      2      81
## 4     2.5      8
## 5      3     23
## 6     3.5      3
## 7      4      8
## 8     4.5      2
## 9      5      9
## 10     5.5      1
## 11     6      3
## 12     6.5      2
## 13     7      1
## 14     8      2
## 15     9      1
```

#DISCARD participants exceeding the threshold of browser interaction violations

```
exclude_violations <- df_participants %>%
  filter(violations > violation_threshold) %>%
  mutate(reason="exceeded-violations")

ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_violations)
rm(exclude_violations)

df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

Thirty two participants were excluded for exceeding the maximum allowed number of browser interaction violations.

Effort

To assist in mitigating increased noise in data collected asynchronously from the UCSD student subject pool, we added explicit ratings of how much effort the participant expended on the task. This question was implemented as a multiple-choice drop-down on an 'Effort' page prior to the 'Demographics' survey at the end of the study. Subjects were given four options : (1) I tried my best on each question, (2) I tried my best on most questions, (3) I started out trying hard, but gave up at some point, (4) I didn't try very hard, or rushed through the questions.

#MANUALLY INSPECT effort

```
df_participants %>% group_by(effort) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())

## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##   effort                                     n
##   <chr>                                     <int>
## 1 I didn't try very hard, or rushed through the questions      3
## 2 I started out trying hard, but gave up at some point      31
## 3 I tried my best on each question                      264
## 4 I tried my best on most questions                     133
```

Participants answering with options *I didn't try very hard, or rushed through the questions* or *I started out trying hard, but gave up at some point* are excluded from analysis.

#DISCARD participants who indicated they did not expend adequate effort on the study

```
exclude_effort <- df_participants %>%
  filter(effort %in% effort_exclusion) %>%
  mutate(reason="selfrated-effort")

ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_effort)
```

```
rm(exclude_effort)

df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

Thirty-four participants are excluded for low (self-rated) effort.

Attention Check

The 6th question in the study is non-discriminatory (can easily get correct answer regardless of strategy) and serves as an attention check question.

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT attention
df_participants %>% group_by(attn_check) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##   attn_check      n
##   <fct>         <int>
## 1 FALSE         37
## 2 TRUE          360
```

Participants who answered the attention check question incorrectly should be excluded.

```
#DISCARD participants who indicated they did not expend adequate effort on the study
exclude_attn <- df_participants %>%
  filter(attn_check == FALSE) %>%
  mutate(reason="failed-attnchk")

ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_attn)
rm(exclude_attn)

df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

Thirty seven participants are excluded for failing the attention check question.

Items

Next, we need to discard item_level data for excluded participants.

```
ex_items <- df_items %>%
  filter (subject %in% ex_participants$subject)

df_items <- df_items %>%
  filter (!subject %in% ex_participants$subject )
```

Validation

After all exclusions, we are left with the following number of participants per condition:

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT conditions
df_participants %>% group_by(condition) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())
```



```
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##   condition      n
##   <fct>      <int>
## 1 11111        88
## 2 113         86
## 3 114         88
## 4 115         98
```

Finally, we need to validate we have a complete set of items for all valid participants.

```
count(df_items)[[1]] == count(df_participants)[[1]]* n_items
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

Participants Codebook

#see https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/codebook/vignettes/codebook_tutorial.html

#ADD VARIABLE METADATA

```
dict <- rio::import("input/dictionary_sgc4a_participants.csv", "csv") #import data dictionary
var_label(df_participants) <- dict %>% select(VARIABLE, DESCRIPTION) %>% dict_to_list() #add variable labels
```

#ADD DATASET METADATA

```
metadata(df_participants)$name <- "Experimental PARTICIPANTS for study SGC4A"
metadata(df_participants)$description <- "Data for study SGC4A summarized at PARTICIPANT level"
metadata(df_participants)$creator <- "Amy Rae Fox"
metadata(df_participants)$contact <- "amyraefox@gmail.com"
```

#{r, eval = checkMode() == "pdf"} #ONLY FOR PDF KNIT

```
codebook::skim_codebook(df_participants)
```

Table 1: Data summary

Name	data
Number of rows	360
Number of columns	37
Column type frequency:	
character	8
factor	15
numeric	14
Group variables	None

Variable type: character















skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
explanation	0	1	0	422	2	359	0
effort	0	1	32	33	0	2	0
other	0	1	0	345	234	115	0
country	0	1	2	25	0	41	0
language	0	1	6	9	0	8	0
schoolyear	0	1	5	7	0	6	0
disability	0	1	0	130	160	39	0

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
starttime	0	1	24	24	0	360	0

Variable type: factor

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	ordered	n_unique	top_counts
subject	0	1	FALSE	360	075: 1, 07F: 1, 083: 1, 0BT: 1
study	0	1	FALSE	1	SGC: 360
condition	0	1	FALSE	4	115: 98, 111: 88, 114: 88, 113: 86
session	0	1	FALSE	1	wi2: 360
exp_id	0	1	FALSE	2	221: 301, 221: 59
sona_id	0	1	FALSE	356	347: 3, 319: 2, 368: 2, 268: 1
pool	0	1	FALSE	1	son: 360
mode	0	1	FALSE	1	asy: 360
attn_check	0	1	FALSE	1	TRU: 360, FAL: 0
major	0	1	FALSE	7	Soc: 257, Bio: 40, Hum: 21, Mat: 17
gender	0	1	FALSE	3	Fem: 260, Mal: 93, Oth: 7
browser	0	1	FALSE	1	chr: 360
os	0	1	FALSE	5	Mac: 247, Win: 109, Lin: 2, Chr: 1
status	0	1	FALSE	1	suc: 360
term	0	1	FALSE	1	win: 360

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	min	median	max	hist
difficulty	0	1	3.12	0.97	1.00	3.00	5.00	
confidence	0	1	3.18	0.99	1.00	3.00	5.00	
enjoyment	0	1	3.23	1.13	1.00	3.00	5.00	
age	0	1	20.53	2.29	18.00	20.00	37.00	
width	0	1	1512.24	255.52	1134.00	1440.00	3840.00	
height	0	1	802.53	127.14	680.00	769.00	2036.00	
violations	0	1	1.35	0.58	1.00	1.00	3.00	
absolute_score	0	1	2.02	3.62	0.00	0.00	12.00	
discriminant_score	0	1	-5.65	7.47	-12.25	-9.17	12.00	
tri_score	0	1	2.93	4.81	0.00	1.00	15.00	
orth_score	0	1	9.71	5.01	0.00	12.00	15.00	
other_score	0	1	2.96	3.85	0.00	2.00	36.00	
blank_score	0	1	0.30	0.73	0.00	0.00	6.00	
totaltime_m	0	1	13.00	14.83	2.82	11.30	253.84	

```
codebook(df_participants, #ONLY FOR HTML KNIT
  metadata_table = TRUE,
  detailed_variables = FALSE,
  detailed_scales = FALSE,
  metadata_json = FALSE,
  survey_overview = FALSE,
  missingness_report = FALSE)
```

Items Codebook

```
#see https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/codebook/vignettes/codebook_tutorial.html

#ADD VARIABLE METADATA
dict <- rio::import("input/dictionary_sgc4a_items.csv", "csv") #import data dictionary

var_label(df_items) <- dict %>% select(VARIABLE, DESCRIPTION) %>% dict_to_list() #add variable labels

#ADD DATASET METATDATA
metadata(df_items)$name <- "Experimental ITEMS for study SGC4A"
metadata(df_items)$description <- "Data for study SGC4A summarized at participant-item level"
metadata(df_items)$creator <- "Amy Rae Fox"
metadata(df_items)$contact <- "amyraefox@gmail.com"

#{r, eval = checkMode() == "pdf"} #ONLY FOR PDF EXPORT
skim_codebook(df_items)
```

```
## Warning in sorted_count(x): Variable contains value(s) of "" that have been
## converted to "empty".
```

Table 5: Data summary

Name	data
Number of rows	5400
Number of columns	27
Column type frequency:	
character	4
factor	14
numeric	9
Group variables	None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
study	0	1	5	5	0	1	0
graph	0	1	10	10	0	1	0
question	0	1	26	87	0	15	0
answer	0	1	0	27	138	176	0

Variable type: factor

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	ordered	n_unique	top_counts
subject	0	1	FALSE	360	075: 15, 07F: 15, 083: 15, 0BT: 15
term	0	1	FALSE	1	win: 5400
pool	0	1	FALSE	1	son: 5400
mode	0	1	FALSE	1	asy: 5400
block	0	1	FALSE	2	ite: 4320, ite: 1080
explicit	0	1	FALSE	1	1: 5400
impasse	0	1	FALSE	1	1: 5400
grid	0	1	FALSE	4	5: 1470, 1: 1320, 4: 1320, 3: 1290

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	ordered	n_unique	top_counts
mark	0	1	FALSE	2	emp: 4080, 1: 1320
ixn	0	1	FALSE	1	1: 5400
relation	0	1	FALSE	10	end: 720, mee: 720, mid: 720, sta: 720
q	0	1	FALSE	15	1: 360, 2: 360, 3: 360, 4: 360
correct	0	1	FALSE	2	FAL: 3973, TRU: 1427
condition	0	1	FALSE	4	115: 1470, 111: 1320, 114: 1320, 113: 129

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	min	median	max	hist
gwidth	0	1	600.00	0.00	600.00	600.00	600.00	
gheight	0	1	600.00	0.00	600.00	600.00	600.00	
time_elapsed_m	0	1	6.92	13.57	0.36	5.27	252.14	
discriminant	0	1	-0.39	0.72	-1.58	-0.58	1.00	
tri_score	0	1	0.45	0.69	0.00	0.00	2.00	
orth_score	0	1	0.93	0.72	0.00	1.00	2.00	
other_score	0	1	0.23	0.72	0.00	0.00	12.00	
blank_score	0	1	0.03	0.16	0.00	0.00	1.00	
rt_s	0	1	33.13	35.95	0.78	21.80	536.39	

```
codebook(df_items, #ONLY FOR HTML EXPORT
         metadata_table = TRUE,
         detailed_variables = FALSE,
         detailed_scales = FALSE,
         metadata_json = FALSE,
         survey_overview = FALSE,
         missingness_report = FALSE)
```

Data Export

Save Exclusions

For transparency, we save and identify the excluded data.

```
write.csv(ex_participants, "output/excluded_participants_winter22_sgc4a.csv", row.names = FALSE)
write.csv(ex_items, "output/excluded_items_winter22_sgc4a.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```

Analysis-Ready Files

```
#save participant file
write.csv(df_participants, "output/winter22_sgc4a_participants.csv", row.names = FALSE)

#save item file
write.csv(df_items, "output/winter22_sgc4a_items.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```