

Winter 2022 SGC 3A Data Cleaning

Amy Rae Fox

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The purpose of this file is processing the combined data files for Winter 2022 into files that contain only valid data for analysis, excluding invalid sessions and participants

Data is imported from 2 files, indicating two levels of analysis: participants and blocks (item-level).

Note: mouse-cursor data contained in final_mouse_blocks.json file is not handled here.

```
#IMPORT DATA
df_participants <- fromJSON("input/winter22_sgc3a_final_participants.json")
df_items <- fromJSON('input/winter22_sgc3a_final_items.json')

#add term indicator
df_participants$term <- "winter22"
df_items$term <- "winter22"

#DEFINE SGC_3A validity criteria
sessions <- c('wi22sona') #SGC3A second online replication on SONA
conditions <-c(111,121) #2 conditions
violation_threshold = 3 #number of allowable browser violations
effort_exclusion = c("I didn't try very hard, or rushed through the questions", "I started out trying hard
n_items = 15 #fifteen items is complete dataset per participant

#placeholder for excluding participants
ex_participants = data.frame()

#create factors in PARTICIPANTS
df_participants <- df_participants %>%
```

```

mutate( #create factors and remove extraneous ""
  subject=factor(subject),
  condition=factor(condition),
  study = factor(study),
  condition = factor(condition),
  session = factor(session),
  exp_id = factor(exp_id),
  sona_id = factor(sona_id),
  pool = factor(pool),
  mode = factor(mode),
  attn_check = factor(attn_check),
  status=factor(status),
  term=factor(term),
  gender = as.factor(gender),
  age = as.integer(age),
  country = gsub("'", "", country),
  year = factor(schoolyear),
  major = factor(major),
  browser = factor(browser),
  os = factor(os),
  native_language = factor(language),
  totaltime_m = totaltime/1000/60,
) %>% select( #order cols
  subject,
  study,
  condition,
  session,
  exp_id,
  sona_id,
  pool,
  mode,
  attn_check,
  explanation,
  effort,
  difficulty,
  confidence,
  enjoyment,
  other,
  age,
  country,
  language,
  schoolyear,
  major,
  gender,
  disability,
  browser,
  width,
  height,
  os,
  starttime,
  status,
  term,
  violations,
  absolute_score,
  discriminant_score,
  tri_score,

```

```

    orth_score,
    other_score,
    blank_score,
    totaltime_m
  )

df_items <- df_items %>%
  mutate(
    subject=factor(subject),
    condition=factor(condition),
    pool=factor(pool),
    mode = factor(mode),
    explicit=factor(explicit),
    impasse = factor(impasse),
    grid = factor(grid),
    mark = factor(mark),
    ixn = factor(ixn),
    term=factor(term),
    relation = factor(relation),
    block = factor(block),
    correct = factor(correct),
    q=factor(q),
    rt_s = rt/1000,
    time_elapsed_m = time_elapsed/1000/60
  ) %>% select(
    subject,
    study,
    term,
    pool,
    mode,
    block,
    explicit,
    impasse,
    grid,
    mark,
    ixn,
    gwidth,
    gheight,
    graph,
    time_elapsed_m,
    question,
    relation,
    q,
    correct,
    discriminant,
    tri_score,
    orth_score,
    other_score,
    blank_score,
    answer,
    rt_s,
    condition
  )

```

Data Validation

Completion Status

Starting with Winter 2022, data are saved to the database even if the subject's browser did not meet minimum specifications (at which point they are prompted to change browsers, or end the study). This allows us to learn about the browsers, screen sizes and OS that (potential) subjects are using. However, these data are *not* exported from the database for analysis (see `flatten.js` and `status.js` scripts). Thus, only subjects who successfully completed the entire study are included in this file.

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT status
df_participants %>% group_by(status) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())

## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##   status      n
##   <fct>   <int>
## 1 success     82

#DISCARD participants from invalid sessions
exclude_status <- df_participants %>%
  filter(status != "success") %>%
  mutate(reason="invalid-status")

ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_status)
rm(exclude_status)

df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

No data need to be excluded on account of completion status.

Conditions

Participants are randomly assigned to an experimental condition when starting the study. Here we validate that only conditions for the current study are included in this dataset.

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT conditions
df_participants %>% group_by(condition) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())

## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##   condition      n
##   <fct>       <int>
## 1 111          38
## 2 121          44

Data from conditions not corresponding to valid conditions should be discarded.

#DISCARD participants from conditions invalid for this study
exclude_condition <- df_participants %>%
  filter(!condition %in% conditions) %>%
  mutate(reason="invalid-condition")

ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_condition)
rm(exclude_condition)
```

```
df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

No data need to be excluded on account of condition.

Sessions

The (string) session code is embedded in the URL querystring by the experimenter to differentiate testing sessions in SONA from demo and other environment setup tasks.

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT sessions
df_participants %>% group_by(session) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##   session      n
##   <fct>    <int>
## 1 wi22sona    82
```

Data from sessions not corresponding to valid sessions should be discarded.

```
#DISCARD participants from invalid sessions
exclude_session <- df_participants %>%
  filter(!session %in% sessions) %>%
  mutate(reason="invalid-session")

ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_session)
rm(exclude_session)

df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

No data need to be excluded on account of session.

Browser Interaction Violations

Browser interaction data is recorded by jspsych allowing us to determine if subjects violate our instructions not to leave the browser tab (or exit fullscreen mode) during test. These incidents are recorded in jspsych interaction data object, and the number of violations is counted and added to the participant data file.

Due to eccentricity of the browser events captured, 1-2 browser violations can be captured even if the subject did not leave the browser window (eg. in case of resizing window to meet minimum requirements.)

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT violations
df_participants %>% group_by(violations) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##   violations      n
##   <dbl> <int>
## 1      1     55
## 2     1.5      3
## 3      2     15
## 4     2.5      1
## 5      3      6
```

```
## 6      3.5      2
#DISCARD participants exceeding the threshold of browser interaction violations
exclude_violations <- df_participants %>%
  filter(violations > violation_threshold) %>%
  mutate(reason="exceeded-violations")

ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_violations)
rm(exclude_violations)

df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

Two participants were excluded for exceeding the maximum allowed number of browser interaction violations.

Effort

To assist in mitigating increased noise in data collected asynchronously from the UCSD student subject pool, we added explicit ratings of how much effort the participant expended on the task. This question was implemented as a multiple-choice drop-down on an ‘Effort’ page prior to the ‘Demographics’ survey at the end of the study. Subjects were given four options : (1) I tried my best on each question, (2) I tried my best on most questions, (3) I started out trying hard, but gave up at some point, (4) I didn’t try very hard, or rushed through the questions.

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT effort
df_participants %>% group_by(effort) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##   effort                                n
##   <chr>                                <int>
## 1 I didn't try very hard, or rushed through the questions      3
## 2 I started out trying hard, but gave up at some point         6
## 3 I tried my best on each question                          50
## 4 I tried my best on most questions                         21
```

Participants answering with options *I didn’t try very hard, or rushed through the questions* or *I started out trying hard, but gave up at some point* are excluded from analysis.

```
#DISCARD participants who indicated they did not expend adequate effort on the study
exclude_effort <- df_participants %>%
  filter(effort %in% effort_exclusion) %>%
  mutate(reason="selfrated-effort")

ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_effort)
rm(exclude_effort)

df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

Three participants are excluded for low (self-rated) effort.

Attention Check

The 6th question in the study is non-discriminatory (can easily get correct answer regardless of strategy) and serves as an attention check question.

```
#MANUALLY INSPECT attention
df_participants %>% group_by(attn_check) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n=n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##   attn_check      n
##   <fct>         <int>
## 1 FALSE          6
## 2 TRUE          65
```

Participants who answered the attention check question incorrectly should be excluded.

```
#DISCARD participants who indicated they did not expend adequate effort on the study
exclude_attn <- df_participants %>%
  filter(attn_check == FALSE) %>%
  mutate(reason="failed-attnchk")

ex_participants <- rbind(ex_participants, exclude_attn)
rm(exclude_attn)

df_participants <- df_participants %>%
  filter( ! subject %in% ex_participants$subject)
```

Nine participants are excluded for failing the attention check question.

Items

Next, we need to discard item_level data for excluded participants.

```
ex_items <- df_items %>%
  filter (subject %in% ex_participants$subject)

df_items <- df_items %>%
  filter (!subject %in% ex_participants$subject )
```

Validation

Finally, we need to validate we have a complete set of items for all valid participants.

```
count(df_items)[[1]] == count(df_participants)[[1]]* n_items
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

Participants Codebook

```
#see https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/codebook/vignettes/codebook_tutorial.html
```

```
#ADD VARIABLE METADATA
```

```
dict <- rio::import("input/dictionary_sgc3a_participants.csv", "csv") #import data dictionary
var_label(df_participants) <- dict %>% select(VARIABLE, DESCRIPTION) %>% dict_to_list() #add variable labels
```

```
#ADD DATASET METATDATA
```

```
metadata(df_participants)$name <- "Experimental PARTICIPANTS for study SGC3A"
```

```

metadata(df_participants)$description <- "Data for study SGC3A summarized at PARTICIPANT level"
metadata(df_participants)$creator <- "Amy Rae Fox"
metadata(df_participants)$contact <- "amyraefox@gmail.com"

#{r, eval = checkMode() == "pdf"} #ONLY FOR PDF KNIT
codebook::skim_codebook(df_participants)

```

Table 1: Data summary

Name	data
Number of rows	65
Number of columns	37
Column type frequency:	
character	8
factor	15
numeric	14
Group variables	None









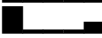





Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
explanation	0	1	6	324	0	65	0
effort	0	1	32	33	0	2	0
other	0	1	0	388	31	35	0
country	0	1	2	24	0	17	0
language	0	1	6	9	0	7	0
schoolyear	0	1	5	6	0	5	0
disability	0	1	0	104	25	17	0
starttime	0	1	24	24	0	65	0

Variable type: factor

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	ordered	n_unique	top_counts
subject	0	1	FALSE	65	04Y: 1, 05E: 1, 19S: 1, 1HL: 1
study	0	1	FALSE	1	SGC: 65
condition	0	1	FALSE	2	121: 37, 111: 28
session	0	1	FALSE	1	wi2: 65
exp_id	0	1	FALSE	1	221: 65
sona_id	0	1	FALSE	62	341: 2, 345: 2, 365: 2, 269: 1
pool	0	1	FALSE	1	son: 65
mode	0	1	FALSE	1	asy: 65
attn_check	0	1	FALSE	1	TRU: 65, FAL: 0
major	0	1	FALSE	6	Soc: 44, Bio: 8, Hum: 7, Nat: 3
gender	0	1	FALSE	3	Fem: 44, Mal: 18, Oth: 3
browser	0	1	FALSE	1	chr: 65
os	0	1	FALSE	2	Mac: 37, Win: 28
status	0	1	FALSE	1	suc: 65
term	0	1	FALSE	1	win: 65

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	min	median	max	hist
difficulty	0	1	3.12	1.10	1.0	3.00	5.00	
confidence	0	1	2.98	0.98	1.0	3.00	5.00	
enjoyment	0	1	3.42	1.12	1.0	3.00	5.00	
age	0	1	20.69	1.63	18.0	20.00	27.00	
width	0	1	1541.26	245.64	1128.0	1440.00	2560.00	
height	0	1	813.54	115.96	680.0	789.00	1307.00	
violations	0	1	1.37	0.63	1.0	1.00	3.00	
absolute_score	0	1	3.94	4.69	0.0	1.00	12.00	
discriminant_score	0	1	-0.51	8.40	-12.0	-4.33	12.00	
tri_score	0	1	5.48	6.00	0.0	2.00	15.00	
orth_score	0	1	6.05	5.16	0.0	7.00	15.00	
other_score	0	1	3.18	3.48	0.0	2.00	13.00	
blank_score	0	1	0.95	1.40	0.0	0.00	6.00	
totaltime_m	0	1	13.53	7.22	4.1	11.94	44.32	

```
codebook(df_participants, #ONLY FOR HTML KNIT
  metadata_table = TRUE,
  detailed_variables = FALSE,
  detailed_scales = FALSE,
  metadata_json = FALSE,
  survey_overview = FALSE,
  missingness_report = FALSE)
```

Items Codebook

```
#see https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/codebook/vignettes/codebook_tutorial.html

#ADD VARIABLE METADATA
dict <- rio::import("input/dictionary_sgc3a_items.csv", "csv") #import data dictionary

var_label(df_items) <- dict %>% select(VARIABLE, DESCRIPTION) %>% dict_to_list() #add variable labels

#ADD DATASET METADATA
metadata(df_items)$name <- "Experimental ITEMS for study SGC3A"
metadata(df_items)$description <- "Data for study SGC3A summarized at participant-item level"
metadata(df_items)$creator <- "Amy Rae Fox"
metadata(df_items)$contact <- "Amy Rae Fox"

#{r, eval = checkMode() == "pdf"} #ONLY FOR PDF EXPORT
skim_codebook(df_items)
```

Table 5: Data summary

Name	data
Number of rows	975
Number of columns	27
Column type frequency:	
character	4
factor	14
numeric	9

Table 5: Data summary

Group variables	None
-----------------	------

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
study	0	1	5	5	0	1	0
graph	0	1	10	10	0	1	0
question	0	1	26	87	0	15	0
answer	0	1	0	25	72	81	0

Variable type: factor

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	ordered	n_unique	top_counts
subject	0	1	FALSE	65	04Y: 15, 05E: 15, 19S: 15, 1HL: 15
term	0	1	FALSE	1	win: 975
pool	0	1	FALSE	1	son: 975
mode	0	1	FALSE	1	asy: 975
block	0	1	FALSE	3	ite: 455, ite: 325, ite: 195
explicit	0	1	FALSE	1	1: 975
impasse	0	1	FALSE	2	1: 790, 2: 185
grid	0	1	FALSE	1	1: 975
mark	0	1	FALSE	1	1: 975
ixn	0	1	FALSE	1	1: 975
relation	0	1	FALSE	10	end: 130, mee: 130, mid: 130, sta: 130
q	0	1	FALSE	15	1: 65, 2: 65, 3: 65, 4: 65
correct	0	1	FALSE	2	FAL: 590, TRU: 385
condition	0	1	FALSE	2	121: 555, 111: 420

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	min	median	max	hist
gwidth	0	1	600.00	0.00	600.00	600.00	600.00	
gheight	0	1	600.00	0.00	600.00	600.00	600.00	
time_elapsed_m	0	1	7.30	6.55	0.37	5.82	42.87	
discriminant	0	1	-0.04	0.77	-1.33	0.00	1.00	
tri_score	0	1	0.62	0.74	0.00	0.00	2.00	
orth_score	0	1	0.66	0.77	0.00	0.00	2.00	
other_score	0	1	0.25	0.67	0.00	0.00	11.00	
blank_score	0	1	0.07	0.26	0.00	0.00	1.00	
rt_s	0	1	33.77	40.02	0.37	21.52	531.52	

```
codebook(df_items, #ONLY FOR HTML EXPORT
         metadata_table = TRUE,
         detailed_variables = FALSE,
         detailed_scales = FALSE,
         metadata_json = FALSE,
         survey_overview = FALSE,
```

```
missingness_report = FALSE)
```

Data Export

Save Exclusions

For transparency, we save and identify the excluded data.

```
write.csv(ex_participants,"output/excluded_participants_winter22_sgc3a.csv", row.names = FALSE)
write.csv(ex_items,"output/excluded_items_winter22_sgc3a.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```

Analysis-Ready Files

```
#save participant file

write.csv(df_participants,"output/winter22_sgc3a_participants.csv", row.names = FALSE)

#save item file
write.csv(df_items,"output/winter22_sgc3a_items.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```