# ABE Scalability

Cybersecurity practice to measure the scalability and complexity of Attribute-Based Encryption

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#### Introduction

The goal for this project is to get familiar with the cpabe tools for attribute-based encryption. We are asked to code an algorithm that creates various users and their secret keys made from a set of attributes, and later encrypts and decrypts a 5MB pdf file several times. In this practice we will try different combinations of the number of users, attributes and repetitions. The idea is to measure how long it takes to encrypt and decrypt the pdf file depending on these values.

### Code Implementation

I implemented the algorithm for encryption in C, since it is what I'm most comfortable coding in. The project includes a Makefile with the necessary compliation rules. It will create the executable file cp\_abe inside a bin/ folder. This program always takes three arguments:

usage: cp\_abe <n\_users> <n\_attributes> <n\_repetitions>

Here is a quick overview of the functions I created:

Function	Description
parse_args	Reads arguments from argv and saves number of users,
	attributes and repetitions
create_dirs	Creates tests/ folder where all users' folders will be, and
	runs cpabe-setup in tests/master/
config_dirs	Creates folder for every user and creates attributes for all of
	them
get_time	Returns current epoch time (seconds since 1970)
get_str	Adds given index to provided string (eg "user_1", "attr_3",
	"file_n")
wrap_cmd	Joins up to three strings together (used to create command
	strings)
crypt_pdf	For every n_repeat, encrypts the pdf and then every user
	decrypts it
encrypt_pdf	Encrypts pdf file file.pdf with all attributes as
	file-enc.pdf.cpabe
decrypt_pdf	Decrypts pdf for a given user and saves it to the user's folder
${ t ft_putstr_fd}$	Writes a custom string to a file descriptor with write
ft_atoi	Converts ascii to int. Reads a string and obtains the
	equivalent integer value
ft_itoa	Converts int to ascii. Reads an int and obtains the equivalent
	string value
ft_strdup	Returns allocated copy of a string
ft_strjoin	Joins two strings together in an allocated string
ft_substr	Returns allocated substring (copies n bytes from start of the
	given string)
ft_strlen	Returns length of a string

Function	Description
ft_nbrlen	Returns length of a number
ft_strlcat	Copies n - 1 bytes of a string into another one
ft_isspace	Returns 1 if char is a form of space (same as isspace)
ft_putchar_fd	Writes a char to a file descriptor
ft_putnbr_fd	Writes int to a file descriptor

Here are the builtin functions I used and a quick description of what they do. Check their manpages for more information

Function	Description
system	Runs a command from the system (used mainly for cpabe
	commands)
gettimeofday	Returns epoch in a timeval struct
open	Opens a file to a file descriptor
close	Closes a file descriptor
write	Writes n bytes of memory to a file descriptor
printf	Prints string to stdout
malloc	Allocates bytes of memory to a given pointer
free	Frees allocated memory from a pointer
chdir	Changes the system's current working directory (same as cd
	in a shell)

#### • General Code description

The code of this practice is hopefully easy to read, but it is actually pretty straightforward. Here is a rough list of the instructions it goes over:

- 1. Reads arguments from argv (argument list) to save n\_usrs, n\_attrs and n\_rep.
- 2. Deletes tests/folder (if present), creates tests/master/folder, runs cpabe-setup in it.
- 3. In the tests/ folder, creates folder for every user (user\_1, ..., user\_n), copies pub\_key and creates priv key with their attributes (attr\_1, ..., attr\_n) using cpabe-keygen.
- 4. Opens log file log.txt in the tests/ folder where basic logging information will be saved.
- 5. Stores current time before starting encryption.
- 6. Repeats n\_rep times the process of encrypting the file file.pdf with all attributes and then decrypting it for every user in their user folder as (file\_1.pdf, ..., file\_n.pdf)
- 7. Stores current time after encryption.
- 8. Prints end\_time start\_time, closes log.txt and exits

## Testing the Algorithm

For this part, we will take a look at the time it takes to encrypt and decrypt a file 20 times depending on the number of users and attributes for every user. Then we'll make a graph to better visualize the results.

No. of Users	No. of Attributes	Avg. Execution time (seconds)
5	5	11
5	20	17
20	5	35
20	20	54

Note: these values are highly dependant on the processing power of the device running the program. It is only interesting to see the variations in time relative to each other, rather than the actual numbers.

• Key Sizes

To view the key sizes, I thought I'd use something like the following:

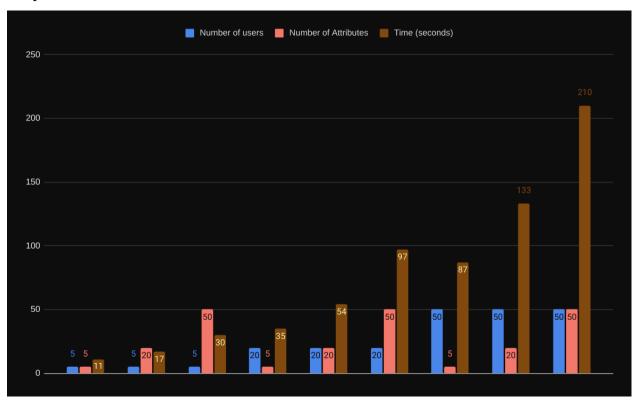
cat -e tests/master/master\_key | wc -c

Master Key Size (bytes): 325

No. of Attributes	Secret Key Size
5	3288
20	12340
50	30771

As we can see, the key size increases very fast as the number of attributes goes up.

#### Graph



Note: I added a few extra rows of data to the graph for better visualization.

From the graph we can see a clear pattern. As expected, the more users and attributes, the longer it will take to encrypt and decrypt the file 20 times. However, we can see that changing the number of attributes doesn't affect the performance of the encryption nearly as much as increasing the number of users does. This is easily seen with the case of 5 users and 50 attributes, which roughly takes 30 seconds to finish. However, the inverse case of 50 users and 5 attributes per user takes more than double the time, taking almost 90 seconds to complete.

Thus, we can confidently say that it will be computationally less feasible to have 1k users than having 1k attributes per user.

## How to Run the Program

#### • Installation

In order to run this practice, you must install some packages on your system. To build the packages, you must first install these dependencies:

```
sudo apt -y install make gcc g++ autoconf libc6 libpcre3 flex bison libgmp-dev \ libssl-dev libglib2.0-dev help2man
```

Once those dependencies are satisfied, follow these steps to build the required packages on your system (needs root/sudo)

```
# pbc
wget https://crypto.stanford.edu/pbc/files/pbc-0.5.14.tar.gz
tar zxvf pbc-0.5.14.tar.gz; cd pbc-0.5.14
autoconf
./configure
make
```

```
sudo make install
cd ..
# libbswabe
wget http://acsc.cs.utexas.edu/cpabe/libbswabe-0.9.tar.gz
tar zxvf libbswabe-0.9.tar.gz; cd libbswabe-0.9
./configure
make
sudo make install
cd ..
# cpabe
wget http://acsc.cs.utexas.edu/cpabe/cpabe-0.11.tar.gz
tar zxvf cpabe-0.11.tar.gz; cd cpabe-0.11
./configure --with-pbc-include=/usr/local/include/pbc --with-pbc-lib=/usr/local/lib
sed -e '67 s/\1/\1;/' policy_lang.y > temp
mv temp policy_lang.y
sed -e '89 s/help2man/help2man --no-discard-stderr/' Makefile > temp
mv temp Makefile
make LDFLAGS="-lgmp -lpbc -lcrypto -L/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu -lglib-2.0 -lbswabe -lgmp"
sudo make LDFLAGS="-lgmp -lpbc -lcrypto -L/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu -lglib-2.0 -lbswabe -lgmp" install
```

To make things work, you might need to specify the proper path for the LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH environment variable:

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/local/lib
echo "export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/local/lib" >> ~/.bashrc
echo "export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/local/lib" >> ~/.zshrc
```

Usage

As previously mentioned, this project includes a Makefile with all the needed instructions, here's an overview of the commands you can use:

```
make/make all compiles executable cp_abe to bin/ directory make clean cleans object files in obj/ directory
```

make fclean calls clean rule and deletes cp\_abe executable

make re cleans up everything and compiles again

make norminette Runs C linter (norminette) on all required files

The Makefile compliles the executable cp\_abe to a folder called bin/. To run the file, specify the path to the executable:

```
./bin/cp abe 5 5 20
```

Note: if you get an error saying permission denied, enter chmod +x ./bin/cp\_abe and try again

## Example

```
Q
                    pixel@penguin:~/College/Data Protection & Cybersecurity/ABE-Scalability
                                                                                                      \oplus
                                                                                                            ×
 pixel@penguin:~/College/Data Protection & Cybersecurity/ABE-S
                                                                    pixel@penguin:~/College/Data Protection & Cybersecurity/AF 🗶
cp_abe is up to date!
  ./bin/cp_abe
usage: cp_abe <n_users> <n_attributes> <n_repetitions>
  ./bin/cp_abe 5 5 20
Job done for 5 user(s) with 5 attribute(s) (20 repetition(s)).
Took: 10.350 seconds
) ls <u>tests</u>
file-enc.pdf.cpabe log.txt master user_1 user_2 user_3 user_4 user_5
> ls tests/master
master_key pub_key
> ls tests/user_1/
file_1.pdf priv pub_key
> file file.pdf
file.pdf: PDF document, version 1.3
> file tests/file-enc.pdf.cpabe
tests/file-enc.pdf.cpabe: data
> file tests/user_1/file_1.pdf
tests/user_1/file_1.pdf: PDF document, version 1.3
> cat -e tests/master/master_key | wc -c
332
> cat -e tests/user_1/priv | wc -c
3311
                                                                                                                  pixel@penguin
```

```
Q
                  pixel@penguin:~/College/Data Protection & Cybersecurity/ABE-Scalability
                                                                                        \oplus
                                                                                              Ħ
> cat tests/log.txt
Starting encryption no. 1...
Encryption complete. Starting decryption...
Decrypted file from user_1.
Decrypted file from user_2.
Decrypted file from user_3.
Decrypted file from user_4.
Decrypted file from user_5.
Starting encryption no. 2...
Encryption complete. Starting decryption...
Decrypted file from user_1.
Decrypted file from user_2.
Decrypted file from user_3.
Decrypted file from user_4.
Decrypted file from user_5.
Starting encryption no. 3...
Encryption complete. Starting decryption...
Decrypted file from user_1.
Decrypted file from user_2.
Decrypted file from user_3.
Decrypted file from user_4.
Decrypted file from user_5.
Starting encryption no. 4...
Encryption complete. Starting decryption...
Decrypted file from user_1.
Decrypted file from user_2.
Decrypted file from user_3.
Decrypted file from user_4.
Decrypted file from user_5.
Starting encryption no
```

## Summary

All in all, this project was fun to code and it helped me understand the basics of attribute-based encryption and how it scales with larger users and attributes per user:)

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