

STA237 - Activity 8

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1. Let $Y \rightarrow \text{Score}$. We have $\mu = 60, \sigma^2 = 64$, so $\sigma = 8$.

We want to find $P(\bar{y} \leq 58)$.

First, calculate the distribution for \bar{y} . Let $n = 100$. Then:

$$\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{8}{\sqrt{100}} = \frac{8}{10} = 0.8$$

By Central Limit Theorem, $\bar{y} \sim N(60, 0.8)$.

Now, we can calculate $P(\bar{y} \leq 58)$.

$$\begin{aligned} P(\bar{y} \leq 58) &= P\left(\frac{\bar{y} - \mu_{\bar{y}}}{\sigma_{\bar{y}}}\right) \\ &= P(Z \leq -2.5) \\ &= 0.0062, \text{ using the Standard Normal Dist. Table.} \end{aligned}$$

Hence, other schools are considered better than the selected school.

2. We have $n = 100$, with $y \rightarrow \text{Service Time}$, with $\mu = 1.5$ minutes and $\sigma = 1$.

So:

$$\begin{aligned} P\left(\sum_{i=1}^n y_i < 2 \cot 60\right) &= P\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n y_i < \frac{120}{100}\right) \\ &= P(\bar{y} < 1.2) \end{aligned}$$

Using Central Limit Theorem, we have:

$$SD(\bar{y}) = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{1}{10} = 0.1$$

Then, $\bar{y} \sim N(1.5, 0.1)$. Hence:

$$\begin{aligned} P(\bar{y} < 1.2) &= P\left(Z < \frac{1.2 - 1.5}{0.1}\right) \\ &= P(Z < -3) \\ &= 0.0013 \end{aligned}$$