```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void merge(int arr[], int I,
int m, int r)
{
int i, j, k;
int n1 = m - l + 1;
int n2 = r - m;
int L[n1], R[n2];
for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
L[i] = arr[l + i];
for (j = 0; j < n2; j++)
R[j] = arr[m + 1 + j];
i = 0;
j = 0;
k = I;
while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2)
{
if (L[i] \le R[j])
{
arr[k] = L[i];
i++;
}
else
         {
         arr[k] = R[j];
j++;
         }
k++;
         }
while (i < n1) {
```

```
arr[k] = L[i];
i++;
k++;
        }
while (j < n2)
        {
arr[k] = R[j];
j++;
k++;
        }
}
void mergeSort(int arr[],
int I, int r)
{
if (l < r)
        {
int m = I + (r - I) / 2;
mergeSort(arr, I, m);
mergeSort(arr, m + 1, r);
merge(arr, I, m, r);
        }
}
void printArray(int A[], int size)
{
        int i;
        for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
                 printf("%d ", A[i]);
        printf("\n");
}
int main()
{
```

```
int arr[] = {12, 11, 13, 5, 6, 7};
int arr_size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
printf("Given array is \n");
printArray(arr, arr_size);
mergeSort(arr, 0, arr_size - 1);
printf("\nSorted array is \n");
printArray(arr, arr_size);
return 0;
Given array is
12 11 13 5 6 7
Sorted array is
5 6 7 11 12 13
Process exited after 0.03186 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```