



**Raj Cloud Technologies**  
Online Job-Based Software Training Institute

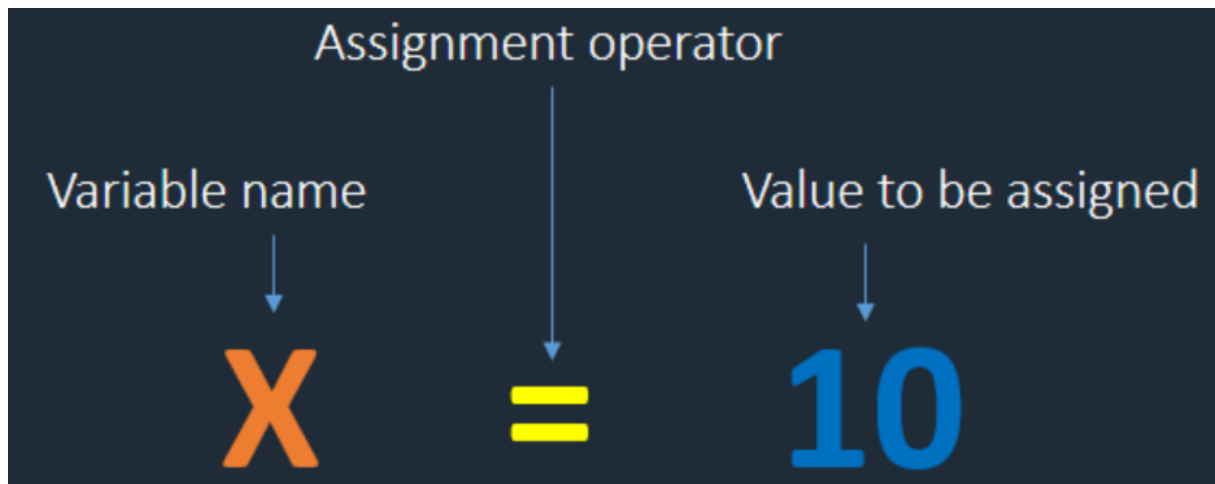
# Python Training Program



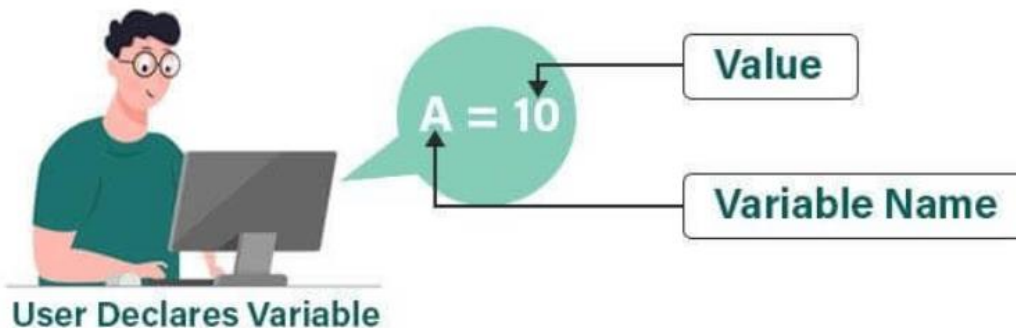
## Variables

# What is Variable

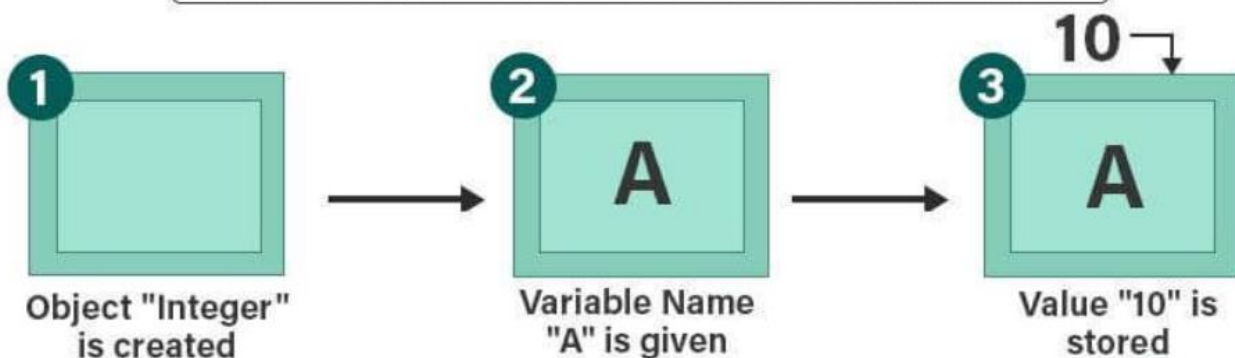
Python Variable is a container to store, manipulate and reference values/data throughout the application



## PYTHON VARIABLES



### WHAT HAPPENS IN PYTHON MEMORY?



# How to declare a variable?

a = 10

b = 123.45

c = 'Hello'

d = [1,2,3,4,5]

a = b

a = b = c = 10

## ➔ Let's Check

## Rules for declaring Python variables

- Variable name cannot start with a number; it must start with a letter or the underscore character ( \_ )
- Variable name cannot contain a whitespace.
- Variable name can only contain alpha-numeric characters and underscores (A-z, 0-9, and \_ ) and should not contain special characters (& \* ! - \$ etc..)
- Variable names are case-sensitive (age, Age, aGe, and AGE are 4 different variables)
- The reserved words / keywords (if, else, for, while, def, class, try, except, int, float, bool, str, return, yield etc.. ) in Python cannot be used to name the variable in Python

## Naming convention of Python variable

- Preferably variable names in Python are in lowercase (a, name, age, number etc..) except special cases like constants for which upper case names are used (PREFIX, URL, DOMAIN, RATIO, INTEREST, PATH, DIRECTORY etc..)
- Variable names better to follow the Snake case (name, customer\_age, file\_path etc..) rather than Camel case (customerName, customerAge, filePath etc..) or Pascal case (CustomerName, CustomerAge, FilePath etc.)

## ➔ Let's Practice

# Takeaway

- A Variables in Python is a name/identifier/pointer given to a memory location
- A variable in Python is dynamic type compare to other languages (c/c++, c#, java etc..). So the value stored in a variable can be changed during program execution
- In Python every variable is an object

# Assignment

## 1.What is the output of below code snippets

a.

```
int a = 100
```

b.

```
list l = [1,2,3,4]
```

c.

```
a = 20;
```

d.

```
t = Tuple([10, 20, 30])
```

e.

```
name = "Raj"  
NAME = "Javeed"
```

```
print(name)  
print(NAME)
```

f.

```
a = 100  
print(a)  
a = "Hello Python"  
print(a)  
b = a  
print(b)
```

g.

```
x = y = z = "Raj Cloud Tech"  
print(x, y, z)  
y = "Python Training"  
print(x, y, z)
```

h.  
`7g = "street"`  
`print(7g)`

i.  
`a1 = 100`  
`print(a)`

j.  
`experience* = 5`  
`print(experience)`

k.  
`_name = "Javeed"`  
`Print(_name)`

## 2. Theoretical questions

- a. What is static & dynamic data type
- b. are variables in python dynamic type
- c. What are the best practices for variable naming convention and importance of it
- d. are variables in python objects/reference type