Reg. No.				i	=		

B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2023

First and Second Semester

21BTB102T - INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY

(For the candidates admitted from the academic year 2022-2023)

PART - A (20 × 1 = 20Marks) Answer ALL Questions 1. In cell division, is for cytoplasm division. (A) Meiosis (B) Cytokinesis (C) Interphase (D) Prophase 2. The genetic material in a nucleoid region is seen in (A) Bacteria (B) Plant (C) Animals (D) Yeast 3. Robert Hooke presented a term called (A) Life (B) Cell (C) Biology (D) Biotechnology 4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	(ii)	Part - B and Part - C should be answer	rea in a	HISWEL DOOKIEL.				
PART - A (20 × 1 = 20Marks)	(11)	Tart - D and Tart - C should be unone	EW EW					
Answer ALL Questions 1. In cell division,	ime: 3	Hours			Max.	Ma	rks:	75
Answer ALL Questions 1. In cell division, is for cytoplasm division. (A) Meiosis (B) Cytokinesis (C) Interphase (D) Prophase 2. The genetic material in a nucleoid region is seen in (A) Bacteria (B) Plant (C) Animals (D) Yeast 3. Robert Hooke presented a term called (A) Life (B) Cell (C) Biology (D) Biotechnology 4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X		PART - A (20 × 1	=20N	Aarks)	Marks	BL	СО	PC
1. In cell division,								
(A) Meiosis (C) Interphase (D) Prophase 2. The genetic material in a nucleoid region is seen in (A) Bacteria (B) Plant (C) Animals (D) Yeast 3. Robert Hooke presented a term called (A) Life (B) Cell (C) Biology (D) Biotechnology 4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	1		-		1	1	1	4
(C) Interphase (D) Prophase 2. The genetic material in a nucleoid region is seen in (A) Bacteria (B) Plant (C) Animals (D) Yeast 3. Robert Hooke presented a term called (A) Life (B) Cell (C) Biology (D) Biotechnology 4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps	1.							
2. The genetic material in a nucleoid region is seen in (A) Bacteria (C) Animals (D) Yeast 3. Robert Hooke presented a term called (A) Life (B) Cell (C) Biology (D) Biotechnology 4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts		` ,	` /					
(A) Bacteria (C) Animals (D) Yeast 3. Robert Hooke presented a term called (A) Life (C) Biology (D) Biotechnology 4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts		m	: :	in	1	1	1	4
3. Robert Hooke presented a term called (A) Life (B) Cell (C) Biology (D) Biotechnology 4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	.2.							
3. Robert Hooke presented a term called (A) Life (B) Cell (C) Biology (D) Biotechnology 4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts			. ,					
3. Robert Hooke presented a term called (A) Life (B) Cell (C) Biology (D) Biotechnology 4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts		(C) Animals	(D)	Y east				
(A) Life (C) Biology (D) Biotechnology 4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	3.	Robert Hooke presented a term calle	ed		1	1	1	4
(C) Biology (D) Biotechnology 4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts		*		Cell				
4. The work horses of a cell are (A) Ribosome (C) Deoxynucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts			. ,					
(A) Ribosome (B) Ribonucleotide (C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	1	The work horses of a cell are			1	1	1	2
(C) Deoxynucleotide (D) Mitochondria 5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	4.		(B)	Ribonucleotide	2)			
5. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts		· /						
S. Transport of amino acids at the site of protein synthesis is carried out by (A) sRNA (C) rRNA (B) mRNA (C) rRNA (C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts		(C) Deoxynucleonuc	(D)	Willocholidia				
(C) rRNA (D) tRNA 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	5.	Transport of amino acids at the site	of pro	tein synthesis is carried out by	1	1	2	1,
6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts		(A) sRNA						
 6. Blastocysts is a (A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts 		(C) rRNA	(D)	tRNA				
(A) Multicellular stage of embryo (B) Zygote (C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	6	Blastocysts is a		. Tr	1	1	2	1
(C) 8 cell stage of embryo (D) Fertilized cell 7. DNA is made of A, T, G, C. how many bonds between an 'A' and a 'T' (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	0.		(B)	Zvgote				
(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts		(C) 8 cell stage of embryo	(D)	Fertilized cell				
(A) 1 (C) 3 (B) 2 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	7	DNA is made of A. T. G. C. how m	any bo	ands between an 'A' and a 'T'	1	1	2	1
(C) 3 (D) 4 8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	1.							
8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts								
8. A program compares nucleic acid sequence against a protein database (A) Blast N (B) Blast P (C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts		(C) 3	(D)	7				
(C) Blast X (D) T Blast X 9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	8.	A program compares nucleic acid s			1	1	2	1
9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts		(A) Blast N	(B)					
9. When codon UGA is encountered? (A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts		(C) Blast X	(D)	T Blast X				
(A) Transcription stops (B) Translation begin (C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	9	When codon UGA is encountered?			1	1	3	2
(C) Translation steps (D) Transcription starts	٠.		(B)	Translation begin				
02TE121PTR107T		-						
	age 1 of 3	(C) Translation steps	(1)	114110011pwoii 04440	02JF12	1BTB	102T	

10.	(A)	ino acids are joined together in a Protein RNA	(B)	peptide called DNA Carbohydrates	it.	- 1	1	3	2,5
2	(0)	IUVA	(1)	Caroonyurates					
11.	Cof	actor is		9		1 ::	1	3	2,5
	(A)	Vitamins	(B)	Metal ion					
	(C)	Iodine	(D)	Oxygen		*!			
								0	
12.		ecular visualization tool is	(TD)			1	1	- 3	2,5
		Pymol		Pyzol					
	(C)	Blast	(D)	NCBI					
13.	Star	shaped brain cells are				1	1	4	1,5
		Astrocytes	(B)	Microglia					
	, ,	Dendrocytes		Axons					
	` ,	•	11						
14.		are released at the synapse				1	1	4	1,5
	• •	Neutrotransmitter	(B)	Glucose					
	(C)	Neurotransmitter	(D)	ATP					
1.5	4 3 T3	J. J. NOT.		-			1	4	1.5
15.		N does NOT contain this part	(D)	D. 14		1	1	4	1,5
		Axon	` '	Dendrite					
	(6)	Synapse	(D)	'N' population					
16.	Alzł	neimer's is caused by				1	1	4	1,5
-0.		Plaques	(B)	Dopamine related neurons					î.
	(C)	-		Encephalitis					
	. ,			1					
17.		ch of the following is rich in imr	nune	cells?		1	1	5	1,5
	(A)	Blood	(B)	Lymph					
	(C)	Saliva	(D)	Pancreas				2	
18	Polic	o drops are				1	1	5	1,4
10.		Killed vaccine	(B)	Live attenuated vaccine		_	-		-,.
	` /	Recombinant vaccine	, ,	DNA vaccine					
	,	·	(-)						
19.	Epite	ope is present				1	1	5	1,4
	(A)	Antigen	(B)	Antibody					
	(C)	Nerve cell	(D)	Plasma					
20	1721	4. 6. 11		=		1	1	_	1.6
20.		the "odd one out" of the T cell &		-		1	1	3	1,5
	(A) (C)	Net chop Bcepred		Propred					
	(C)	Deepred	(D)	NetMHCpern					
		$PART - B (4 \times 10 =$	= 40 N	Tarks)					
		Answer ANY FOU		,		Marks	BL	co	PO
21.	Desc	ribe the structure and function o				10	2	1	4
									100
22.	Desc	ribe nucleic acids.				10	2	2	1
				56					

23.	Give the tools and a short description of methods to predict protein secondary structure.	10	2	3	2
24.	Give uses of machine barning in biology.	10	2	4	1
25.	Illustrate humoral immune response.	10	2	5	1
26.	Give the characteristics of uses of stem cell.	10	2	1	·4
	$PART - C (1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ Marks})$ Answer ANY ONE Questions	Marks	BL	со	PO
27.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Marks	BL 3	co 5	PO

* * * * :