Java Questions & Answers

1. What is Java?
- Java is a high-level, object-oriented programming language developed by Sun Microsystems.
2. What are the features of Java?
- Platform independence, Object-oriented, Robust, Secure, Multithreaded, High performance, etc.
3. What is JVM?
- JVM (Java Virtual Machine) is an engine that provides a runtime environment to execute Java
bytecode.
4. What is JDK?
- JDK (Java Development Kit) is a software development kit used to develop Java applications.
5. What is JRE?
- JRE (Java Runtime Environment) provides the libraries and JVM required to run Java applications.
6. What is an object in Java?
- An object is an instance of a class that contains state and behavior.
7. What is the difference between == and .equals()?
- '==' compares memory addresses, while '.equals()' compares content.

8. What is method overloading?

- Method overloading allows multiple methods with the same name but different parameters.
9. What is method overriding?- Method overriding allows a subclass to provide a specific implementation of a method already defined in the superclass.
10. What is inheritance?
- Inheritance allows a class to inherit fields and methods from another class.
11. What is polymorphism?
- Polymorphism allows methods to have different implementations based on the object calling them.
12. What is an interface in Java?
- An interface is a reference type that contains abstract methods which must be implemented by classes.
13. What is an abstract class?
- An abstract class is a class that cannot be instantiated and contains abstract methods.
14. What is encapsulation?
- Encapsulation is the process of wrapping data and methods into a single unit (class).
15. What is the difference between ArrayList and LinkedList?
- ArrayList provides fast access but slow insertions, whereas LinkedList provides fast insertions but
slow access.

16. What is the final keyword?
- 'final' is used to declare constants, prevent method overriding, and prevent inheritance.
17. What is static in Java?
- 'static' means the method or variable belongs to the class rather than any instance.
18. What is a constructor?
- A constructor is a special method used to initialize objects.
19. What is garbage collection?
- Garbage collection automatically removes unused objects from memory.
20. What is the difference between checked and unchecked exceptions?
- Checked exceptions are checked at compile time, while unchecked exceptions occur at runtime.
21. What is a thread in Java?
- A thread is a lightweight process for multitasking.
22. How do you create a thread in Java?
- By extending the Thread class or implementing the Runnable interface.
23. What is synchronization in Java?
- Synchronization prevents multiple threads from accessing the same resource at the same time.

24. What is a lambda expression?
- A lambda expression is a concise way to represent an anonymous function in Java.
25. What is functional programming in Java?
- Functional programming treats computation as the evaluation of mathematical functions.
26. What is Stream API?
- Stream API allows processing collections of data in a functional style.
27. What is Optional in Java?
27. What is Optional in Java:
- Optional is a container object that may or may not contain a non-null value.
28. What is a HashMap?
- HashMap is a data structure that stores key-value pairs and allows fast retrieval.
29. What is a Singleton class?
- A Singleton class ensures only one instance exists in the JVM.
30. What is dependency injection?
- Dependency injection is a design pattern that allows objects to be injected rather than instantiated
inside a class.