# **ARCHITECTURE DESIGN DOCUMENT**

# (BANK MARKETING ANALYTICS - BI PROJECT)

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# **Document Version Control:**

## **Bank Marketing Analytics - Business Intelligence Project**

Version	Date	Author	Change
1.0	07/09/21	Madhav Khurana	First version of complete Architecture Design Document

## **Abstract:**

The data is related to direct marketing campaigns (phone calls) of a Portuguese banking institution. The classification goal is to predict if the client will subscribe to a term deposit. The data is related to direct marketing campaigns of a Portuguese banking institution. The marketing campaigns were based on phone calls. Often, more than one contact to the same client was required, in order to access if the product (bank term deposit) would be subscribed or not.

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## 1. Introduction:

#### 1.1. Why this Low-Level Design Document?

Any software needs the architectural design to represents the design of software. IEEE defines architectural design as "the process of defining a collection of hardware and software components and their interfaces to establish the framework for the development of a computer system." The software that is built for computer-based systems can exhibit one of these many architectures.

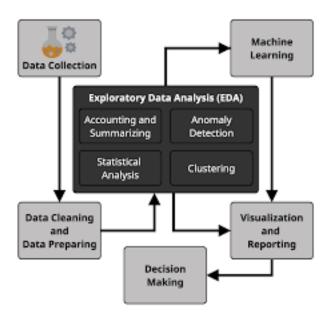
Each style will describe a system category that consists of:

- A set of components (e.g. a database, computational modules) that will perform a function required by the system.
- The set of connectors will help in coordination, communication, and cooperation between the components.
- Conditions that how components can be integrated to form the system.
- Semantic models that help the designer to understand the overall properties of the system.

#### 1.2. Scope

Architecture Design Document (ADD) is an architecture design process that follows a step-by-step refinement process. The process can be used for designing data structures, required software architecture, source code and ultimately, performance algorithms. Overall, the design principles may be defined during requirement analysis and then refined during architectural design work.

## 2. Architecture:



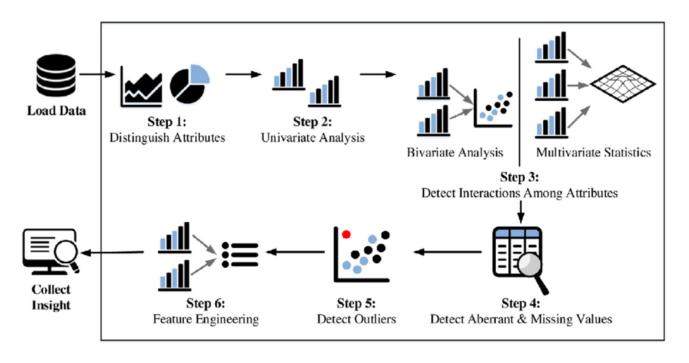
EDA in Python uses data visualization to draw meaningful patterns and insights. It also involves the preparation of data sets for analysis by removing irregularities in the data.

Based on the results of EDA, companies also make business decisions, which can have repercussions later.

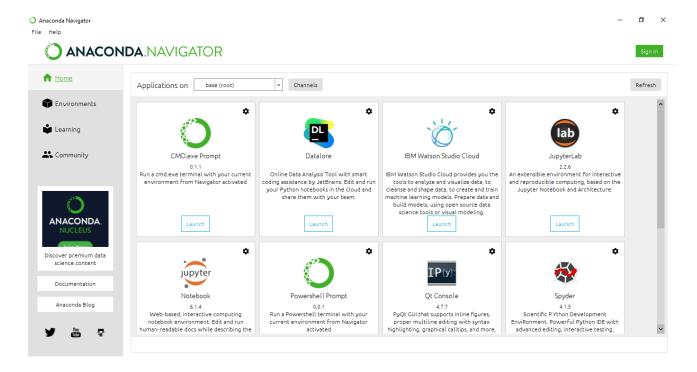
- If EDA is not done properly then it can hamper the further steps in the machine learning model building process.
- If done well, it may improve the efficacy of everything we do next.

Below are following steps to follow for EDA:

- 1. Data Sourcing
- 2. Data Cleaning
- 3. Univariate analysis
- 4. Bivariate analysis
- 5. Multivariate analysis



## 3. Architecture Description:



```
Jupyter Notebook (anaconda3)
                                                                                                                                                        П
                                       JupyterLab extension loaded from C:\Users\HELLO\anaconda3\lib\site-p
                                      JupyterLab application directory is C:\Users\HELLO\anaconda3\share\jupyter\lab
  23:35:13.129 NotebookApp
  23:35:13.137 NotebookApp
                                      Serving notebooks from local directory: C:\Users\HELLO
  23:35:13.137 NotebookApp
                                      Jupyter Notebook 6.1.4 is running at:
  23:35:13.137 NotebookApp
                                     http://localhost:8888/?token=c3f6ec64619055ee9821c57aeb4c1ec273df8ea795e70d48
  23:35:13.137 NotebookApp
                                      or http://127.0.0.1:8888/?token=c3f6ec64619055ee9821c57aeb4c1ec273df8ea795e70d48
  23:35:13.137 NotebookApp]
                                     Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down all kernels (twice to skip confirmation).
  23:35:13.353 NotebookApp
   To access the notebook, open this file in a browser: file:///C:/Users/HELLO/AppData/Roaming/jupyter/runtime/nbserver-30796-open.html
   Or copy and paste one of these URLs:
http://localhost:8888/?token=c3f6ec64619055ee9821c57aeb4c1ec273df8ea795e70d48
or http://127.0.0.1:8888/?token=c3f6ec64619055ee9821c57aeb4c1ec273df8ea795e70d48
 23:35:43.104 NotebookApp] Notebook iNeuron Bank Marketing Analytics.ipynb is not trusted
23:35:43.815 NotebookApp] Kernel started: ed1d3883-2e18-4d43-a42c-634ff4f77480, name: python3
23:35:56.848 NotebookApp] Starting buffering for ed1d3883-2e18-4d43-a42c-634ff4f77480:48ed0efd1f084c57b87e47a979943ad
```

### 3.1 Data Sourcing:

The dataset is in csv (comma separated values) format. MS Excel is used to load the data.

#### Citation Request:

This dataset is publicly available for research. The details are described in [Moro et al., 2014].

Please include this citation if you plan to use this database:

[Moro et al., 2014] S. Moro, P. Cortez and P. Rita. A Data-Driven Approach to Predict the Success of Bank Telemarketing. Decision Support Systems, In press, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.dss.2014.03.001

Available at: [pdf] http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.dss.2014.03.001 [bib] http://www3.dsi.uminho.pt/pcortez/bib/2014-dss.txt

- 1. Title: Bank Marketing (with social/economic context)
- 2. Sources:

Created by: Sérgio Moro (ISCTE-IUL), Paulo Cortez (Univ. Minho) and Paulo

Rita (ISCTE-IUL) @ 2014

#### 3. Past Usage:

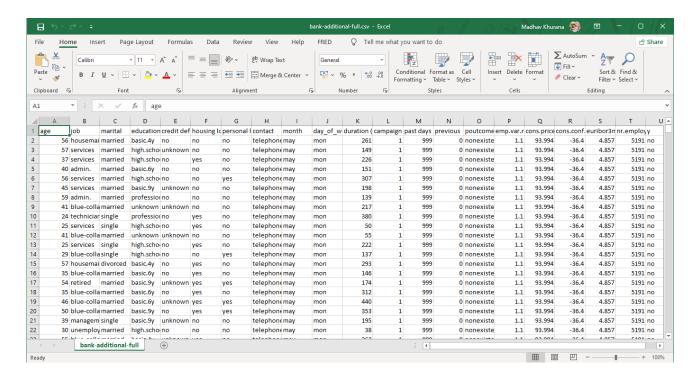
The full dataset (bank-additional-full.csv) was described and analyzed in: S. Moro, P. Cortez and P. Rita. A Data-Driven Approach to Predict the Success of Bank Telemarketing. Decision Support Systems (2014), doi:10.1016/j.dss.2014.03.001.

#### 3.2 Data Overview:

- This dataset is based on "Bank Marketing" UCI dataset (please check the description at: http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Bank+Marketing).
- The data is enriched by the addition of five new social and economic features/attributes (national wide indicators from a ~10M population country), published by the Banco de Portugal and publicly available at: https://www.bportugal.pt/estatisticasweb.
- This dataset is almost identical to the one used in [Moro et al., 2014] (it does not include all attributes due to privacy concerns).
- Using the rminer package and R tool (http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/rminer/), we found that the addition of the five new social and economic attributes (made available here) lead to substantial improvement in the prediction of a success, even when the duration of the call is not included. Note: the file can be read in R using: d=read.table("bank-additional-full.csv",header=TRUE,sep=";")

#### The zip file includes two datasets:

- 1) bank-additional-full.csv with all examples, ordered by date (from May 2008 to November 2010).
- 2) bank-additional.csv with 10% of the examples (4119), randomly selected from bank-additional-full.csv.
- 3) The smallest dataset is provided to test more computationally demanding machine learning algorithms (e.g., SVM).
- 4) The binary classification goal is to predict if the client will subscribe a bank term deposit (variable y).
- 5) Number of Instances: 41188 for bank-additional-full.csv
- 6) Number of Attributes: 20 + output attribute.



### 3.3 Data Description

Input variables:

- # Bank client data:
- 1 age (numeric)
- 2 job : type of job (categorical: "admin.","blue-collar","entrepreneur","housemaid","management","retired","self-employed","services","student","technician","unemployed","unknown")
- 3 marital: marital status (categorical: "divorced","married","single","unknown"; note: "divorced" means divorced or widowed)
  - 4 education (categorical:
- "basic.4y","basic.6y","basic.9y","high.school","illiterate","professional.course","uni versity.degree","unknown")
  - 5 default: has credit in default? (categorical: "no", "yes", "unknown")
  - 6 housing: has housing loan? (categorical: "no", "yes", "unknown")
  - 7 loan: has personal loan? (categorical: "no", "yes", "unknown")
  - # related with the last contact of the current campaign:

- 8 contact: contact communication type (categorical: "cellular", "telephone")
- 9 month: last contact month of year (categorical: "jan", "feb", "mar", ..., "nov", "dec")
- 10 day\_of\_week: last contact day of the week (categorical: "mon","tue","wed","thu","fri")
- 11 duration: last contact duration, in seconds (numeric). Important note: this attribute highly affects the output target (e.g., if duration=0 then y="no"). Yet, the duration is not known before a call is performed. Also, after the end of the call y is obviously known. Thus, this input should only be included for benchmark purposes and should be discarded if the intention is to have a realistic predictive model.

#### # other attributes:

- 12 campaign: number of contacts performed during this campaign and for this client (numeric, includes last contact)
- 13 pdays: number of days that passed by after the client was last contacted from a previous campaign (numeric; 999 means client was not previously contacted)
- 14 previous: number of contacts performed before this campaign and for this client (numeric)
- 15 poutcome: outcome of the previous marketing campaign (categorical: "failure", "nonexistent", "success")

#### # social and economic context attributes

- 16 emp.var.rate: employment variation rate quarterly indicator (numeric)
- 17 cons.price.idx: consumer price index monthly indicator (numeric)
- 18 cons.conf.idx: consumer confidence index monthly indicator (numeric)
- 19 euribor3m: euribor 3 month rate daily indicator (numeric)
- 20 nr.employed: number of employees quarterly indicator (numeric)

#### Output variable (desired target):

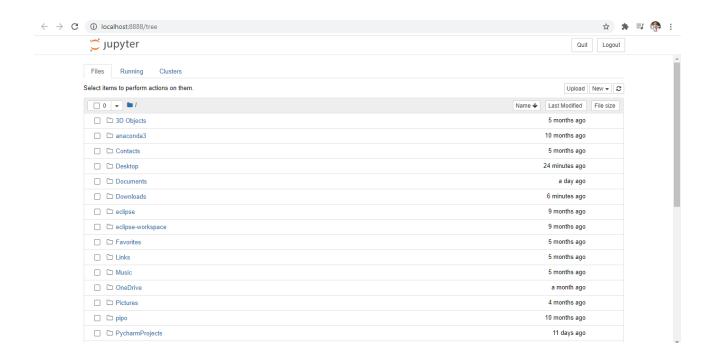
21 - y - has the client subscribed a term deposit? (binary: "yes","no")

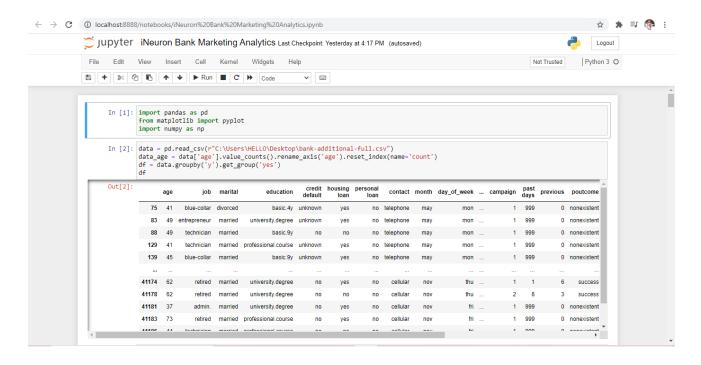
#### 3.4 Data loading in Python pandas Dataframe

The DataFrame as a "two-dimensional, size-mutable, potentially heterogeneous tabular data structure with labeled axes (rows and columns)". In plain terms,

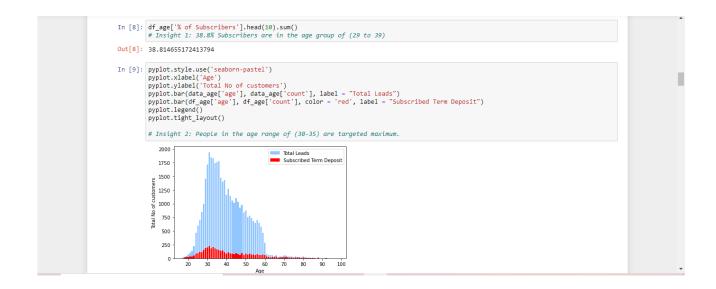
think of a DataFrame as a table of data, i.e. a single set of formatted twodimensional data, with the following characteristics:

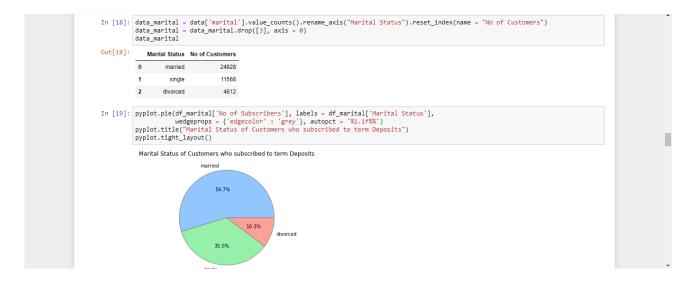
- There can be multiple rows and columns in the data.
- Each row represents a sample of data,
- Each column contains a different variable that describes the samples (rows).
- The data in every column is usually the same type of data e.g. numbers, strings, dates.
- Usually, unlike an excel data set, DataFrames avoid having missing values, and there are no gaps and empty values between rows or columns.

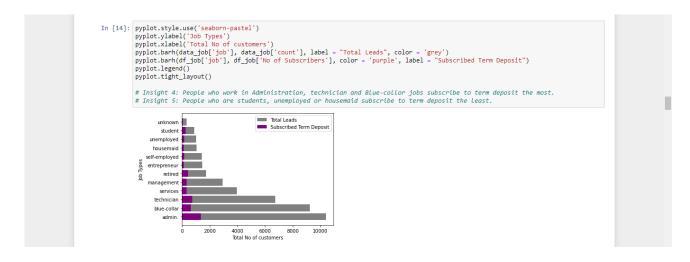




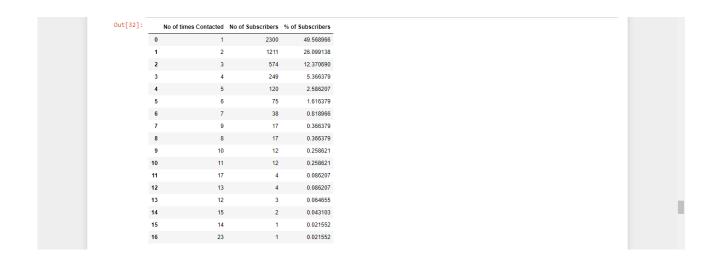
## 3.5 Data to Insights through Visualization







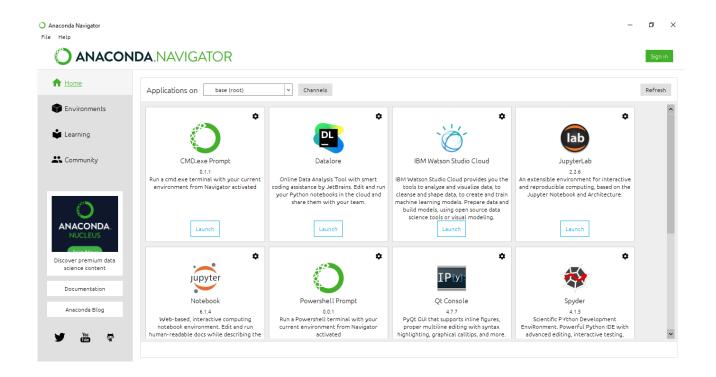
## 3.6 Data to Insights through of Data frames

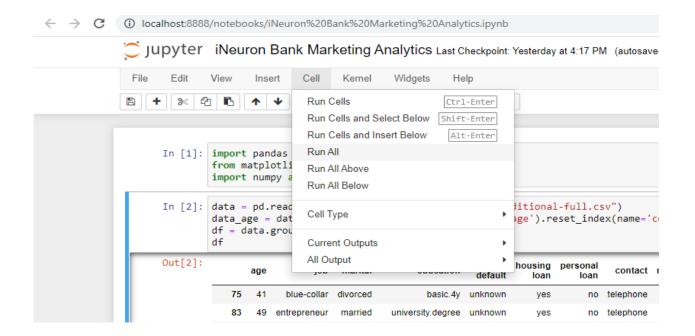


#### 3.7 Dataframes Generated:

- **df** It contains all information of people who subscribed term deposit.
- **Data** It contains all information of people who were contacted during the marketing campaign.
- df\_age It contains age information of people who subscribed term deposit.
- **data\_age** It contains age information of people who were contacted during the marketing campaign.
- **df\_job** It contains job information of people who subscribed term deposit.
- **data\_job** - It contains job information of people who were contacted during the marketing campaign.
- **df\_marital** It contains information related to their marital status of people who subscribed term deposit.
- **df\_ed** It contains all information related to education they have people who subscribed term deposit.
- **df\_cd** It contains all information of people who subscribed term deposit whether they defaulted on credit or not.
- **df\_hl** It contains all information of people who subscribed term deposit whether they have home loan or not.
- **df\_pl** It contains all information of people who subscribed term deposit whether they have personal loan or not.
- **df\_dur** It contains all information of call duration of people who subscribed term deposit.
- **df\_cam** It contains all information related to no of contacts performed to people who subscribed term deposit.

## 4. Deployment





To execute the cells in the jupyter notebook, you have to

- 1. Open file named "iNeuron Bank marketing Analytics.ipynb" in the jupyter notebook using anaconda navigator
- 2. To run cells, you have 2 options either to run every cell individually by using SHIFT + RETURN
- 3. Or we can run all the cells by clicking on Cell button on the home ribbon, then click "Run All"
- 4. Scroll down gradually to see visualizations and Insights.