

LOGICAL QUBIT :

↓ Assumed to be accurate and reliable.

PHYSICAL QUBIT:

Real qubit

Cirq \rightarrow Logical Circuits $\xrightarrow{\text{Compiler}}$ Physical Circuit

↓
Select set of universal gates:
 $\{ \text{CNOT}, H, X, T, T^\dagger \}$

↓

IBM: $u_1, u_2, u_3, \text{CNOT}$

$$u_2(\phi, \lambda) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -e^{i\lambda} \\ e^{i\phi} & e^{i(\lambda+\phi)} \end{pmatrix}$$

RIFFTS : $R_x(\theta), R_z(\theta), CZ$

ION TRAP : R_x, R_y, R_z, XX

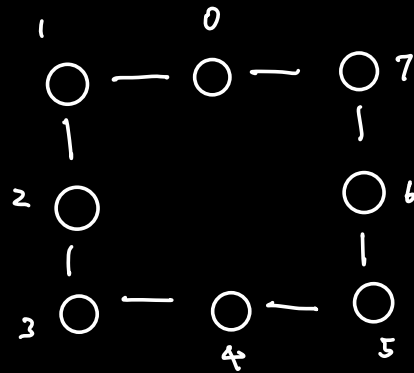
ISSUE 1: Different hardwares, different languages.

Another issue : 2-qubit operations might have

restrictions.

eg:

Rigetti



The qubits should be connected!

$CNOT(1, 2)$ ✓

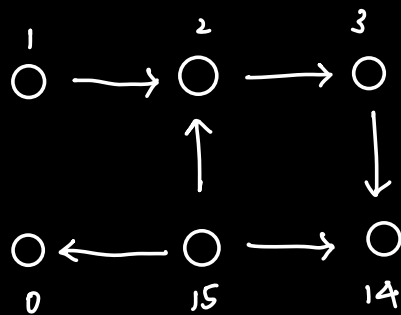
$CNOT(1, 4)$ ✗

CZ is symmetric!

$CZ(1, 2) = CZ(2, 1)$

So edges are undirected.

IBM:



$CNOT(1,2)$ ✓

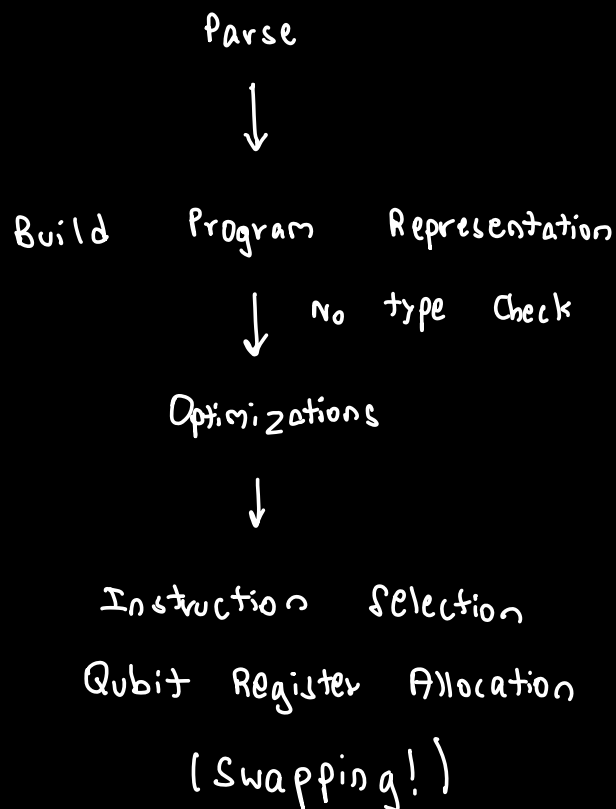
$CNOT(2,1)$ ✗

We have to do

$$CNOT(2,1) = (H \otimes H) CNOT(1,2) (H \otimes H)$$

$$CNOT(1,2) = (I \otimes H) C_2(1,2) (I \otimes H)$$

QUANTUM COMPILER :



$$\text{Source} : \{ \text{cNOT}, H, X, T, T^\dagger, S \}$$

$$\text{Target} : \{ CZ, R_x, R_z \}$$

↑

$$k\pi/2$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$T = \underbrace{-e^{i\pi/8}}_{\text{Phase}} R_z(-\pi/4)$$

Compiler Correctness:

Up to a global phase (This difference is fine)

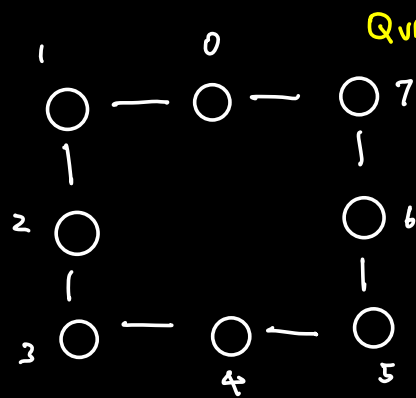
$$\text{comp}(T) = R_z(-\pi/4)$$

$$H = i R_y(-\pi/2) R_x(\pi)$$

$$S = TT$$

$$X = i \cdot R_x(\pi/2) R_x(\pi/2)$$

$$R_y(\theta) = R_z(-\pi/2) R_x(\theta) R_z(\pi/2)$$



ALLOCATION :

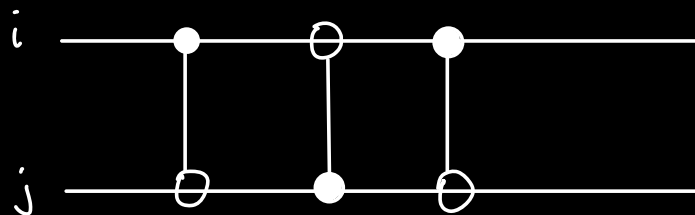
MAPPING PROBLEM.

We want to do $CZ(0,2)$

SWAPPING:

$CZ(0,2) = \text{SWAP}(1,2)$
 $CZ(0,1)$
 $\text{SWAP}(1,2)$

$\text{SWAP}(i,j) = \text{CNOT}(i,j)$
 $\text{CNOT}(j,i)$
 $\text{CNOT}(i,j)$



$CZ(0, 3) = \text{SWAP}(2, 3)$

$\text{SWAP}(1, 2)$

$CZ(0, 1)$

$\text{SWAP}(1, 2)$

$\text{SWAP}(2, 3)$