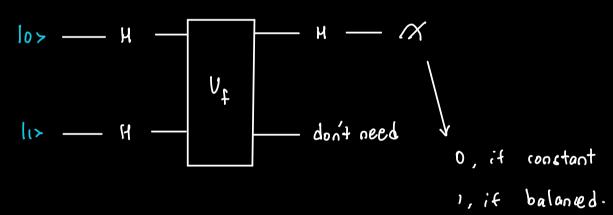
	CONSTANT.O	BALANCE	D	
INPUT	$f_{\mathfrak{o}}$	ન,	$f_2$	<b>‡</b> 3
0	n	ı	0	ı
ı	0	ţ	l	0

$$U_f |x > |b > = |x > |b \oplus f(x) >$$



WE NEED TO FIND THE UF!

CONSTANT -0: fo  

$$f(x) = 0$$

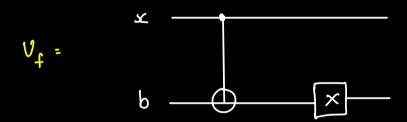
$$U_{f}(x) > |b| f(x) = b$$

$$U_{f}(x) > |b| = |a| > |b|$$

$$IDENTITY //$$

$$= 7 So, U_{f} IS JUST IDENTITY //$$

CORSTANT -1: 
$$f_1$$
 $f(x)=1$ 
 $f(x)$ 



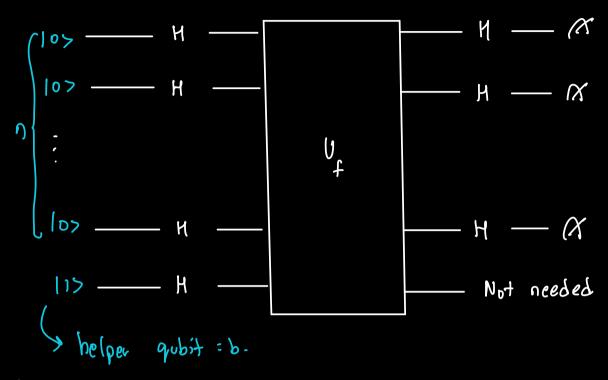
CONSTANT -0:

1

measure, we will get 0 => Constant

## BALANCED: (fz):

## GENERIC DEUTSCH JOZSA CIRCUTT:



10> — H — Not needed

WE NEED TO FIND Uf /

$$\begin{aligned}
O = 2 \\
Constant - 0: & f_0 \\
f(x) = 0 \\
U_{f}(x) > 1b > = |x > |b > |
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
U_{f}(x) = 0 \\
U_{f}(x) > 1b > = |x > |b > |
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
U_{f}(x) = 1 \\
f(x) = 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
U_{f}(x) = 1 \\
U_{f}(x) = 1b
\end{aligned}$$

$$\end{aligned}$$

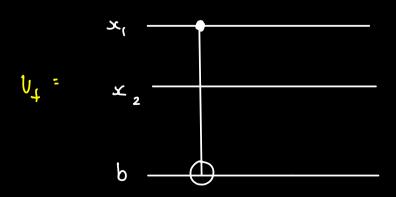
$$\begin{aligned}
U_{f}(x) = 1 \\
U_{f}(x) = 1b
\end{aligned}$$

b \_\_\_\_\_x

Uf =

## BALANCE DI:

INPUT		†(x)	OUTPUT	
×, st <sub>2</sub>	Ь		$x, x_{\epsilon}$	P D f(x)
00	0	0	00	0
00	1	0	00	1
01	0	0	0 (	$\mathcal{D}$
0 1	1	0	01	l
10	0	1	10	J
01	1	1	1 <i>O</i>	0
11	0	ſ	11	ſ
IJ	1	)	11	0



BALANCE D2:

INPUT		1(x)	Oute	
×, x2	Ь		$x_1x_2$	P D t(x)
00	0	1	00	1
00	1	١	00	0
01	0	0	0 (	0
0 /	1	0	01	1
10	0	1	10	1
10	1	1	10	0
11	б	0	1 (	0
IJ	1	О	11	l

b X

## BACANCED 1:

$$= 1/2 \left( \frac{1100}{100} - \frac{1101}{101} \right)$$

$$= 1/2 \left( \frac{1100}{100} - \frac{1101}{101} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1000}{100} + \frac{1010}{101} + \frac{1100}{100} + \frac{1100}{101} + \frac{1100}{100} + \frac{1100}{$$

MEASURE QUBETS 1,2 => 110> WITH 100%

PROBABILITY

NOT (00> => SO BALANCED/