# **ASSIGNMENT**

## MADHU LATHA ADDANKI (FWC22129)

# madhulathaaddanki@gmail.com IITH - Future Wireless Communications (FWC)

#### 02-06-2023

#### **Contents**

1	Question	2
2	Components	2
3	TruthTable	3
4	ExcitationTable	3
5	Truthtable(3-stages)	3
6	3stages	4
7	Hardware	6
8	Implementation	6
9	Procedure	6

## 1 Question

Consider a 3 bit counter, designed using T flip-flops, as shown below: Assuming

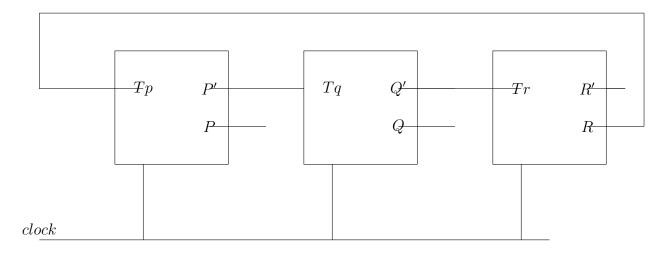


Figure 1

the initial state of the counter given by PQR as 000, what are the next three states?

## 2 Components

Component	values	Qantity
Arduino	UNO	1
Jumperwires	M-M	35
Breadboard		2
LED		3
Resistor	220ohms	3
IC	7476	3

Figure.a

### 3 TruthTable

Т	Q	Q'
0	Q	Q'
1	Q'	Q

Truth table for "T" flipflop

### 4 Excitation Table

Q	Qn	Т
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

Excitation table of T- flipflop

# 5 Truthtable(3-stages)

Р	Q	R	P+	Q+	R+
0	0	0	0	1	1
0	1	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	0

Figure :b

# 6 3stages

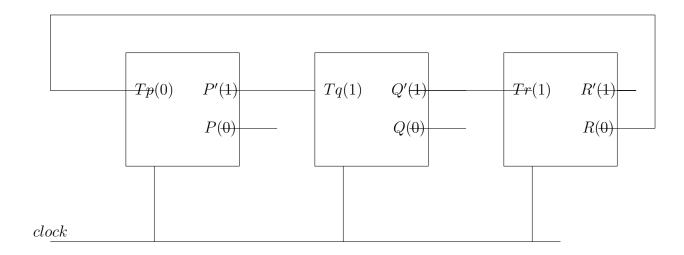


Figure 2

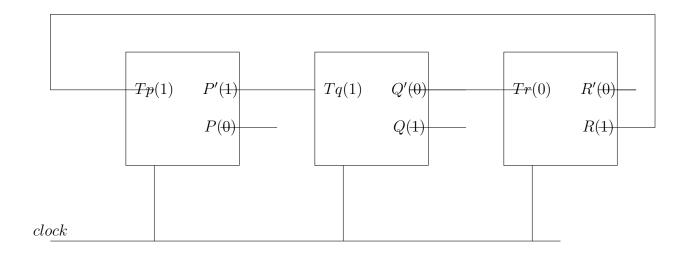


Figure 3

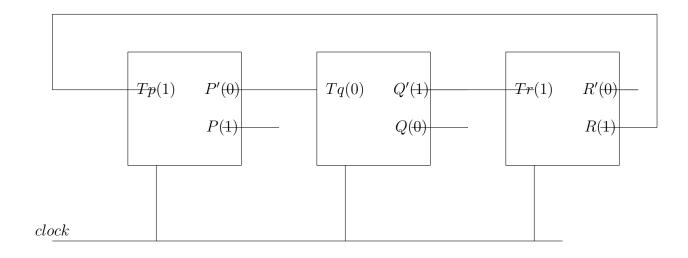


Figure 4

#### 7 Hardware

The 7476 is a master—slave J-K and the 74LS76 is a negative edge-triggered J-K flip-flop. Both chips have the same pin configuration. Below is the pin diagram of IC7476.

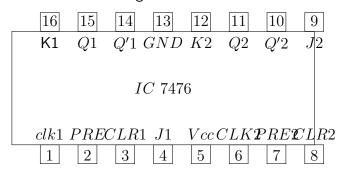


Figure 5

#### 8 Implementation

The connections between Arduino UNO and three IC 7476 is given in below Table

	INPUT		OUTPUT			CLOCK	Vcc	GND	
ARDUINO	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	13	5V	GND
7476	16		15		1	5	13		

Table 1: connections

#### 9 Procedure

- 1. Connect the circuit as per the above tble.
- 2.connect the output pins to the LED's
- 3. Connect inputs to Vcc for logic 1, ground for logic 0
- 4. Execute the circuit using the below code.

https://github.com/madhu-addanki/FWC/tree/main/Assembly/code

5. Change the values of Q1,Q2,Q3 in the code and verify the truth table