



Placement Empowerment Program Cloud Computing and DevOps Centre

Use Cloud CLI ToolsInstall the CLI for your cloud provider (e.g., AWS CLI). Use it to list resources, upload files to storage, and manage VMs.

Name:Madhumitha.H Department:ADS



Step 1:

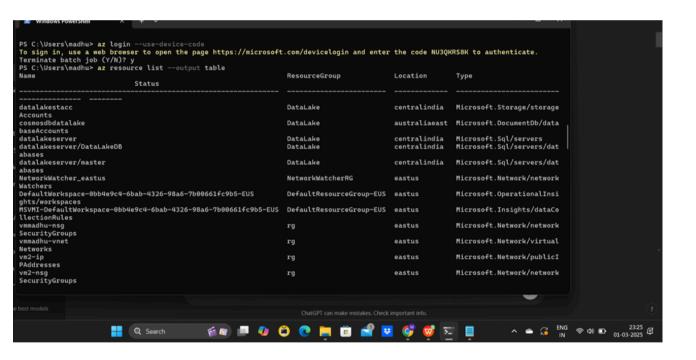
Log in to Azure CLI Open a terminal and type: az login

Step 2:

List Azure Resources

To see all resources in your Azure account, use:

az resource list --output table



Step 3:

Upload Files to Azure Storage

1. Create a Storage Account

If you don't have a storage account yet

az storage account create --name <yourstorageaccount> --resource-group <your-resource-group> --lo

Step 4:

Create a Storage Container (Blob Storage):

az storage container create --name mycontainer --account-name <yourstorageaccount>

```
PS C:\Users\madhu> az storage container create --name mycontainer --account-name madstacc

There are no credentials provided in your command and environment, we will query for account key for your storage account. It is recommended to provide --connection-string, --account-key or --sas-token in your command as credentials.

You also can add '--auth-mode login' in your command to use Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) for authorization if your login and it is assigned required RBAC roles.

For more information about RBAC roles in storage, visit https://docs.microsoft.com/azure/storage/common/storage-auth-aad-rbac-in addition, setting the corresponding environment variables can avoid inputting credentials in your command. Please use --help get more information about environment variable usage.

{
    "created": true
}
```

Step 5:

Upload a File to Storage

az storage blob upload --account-name <yourstorageaccount> --container-name mycontainer --name myfile.txt --file /path/to/myfile.txt

Step 6: Manage Virtual Machines

1. List All Virtual Machines

az vm list --output table

2. Start a Virtual Machine

az vm start --name <your-vm-name> --resource-group <your-resource-group>

3. Stop a Virtual Machine

az vm stop --name <your-vm-name> --resource-group <your-resource-group>

4. Restart a Virtual Machine

az vm restart --name <your-vm-name> --resource-group <your-resource-group>

5. Delete a Virtual Machine

az vm delete --name <your-vm-name> --resource-group <your-resource-group> --yes