



# Placement Empowerment Program Cloud Computing and DevOps Centre

Host a Static Website Locally: Set Up a Local Server Apache and Host a Simple HTML page with your name

Name:Madhumitha.H Department:ADS



## Introduction

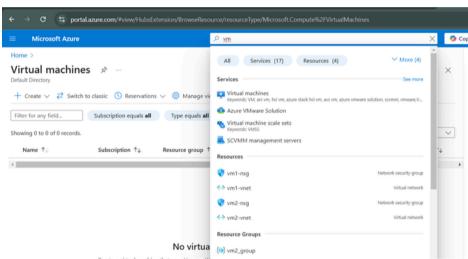
In this proof of concept (POC), Overview: Hosting a Static Website on Azure Using Apache

This task involves deploying a static website on an Azure Virtual Machine (VM) using Apache, a widely used web server. A static website consists of fixed HTML, CSS, and JavaScript files, which do not require backend processing or databases.

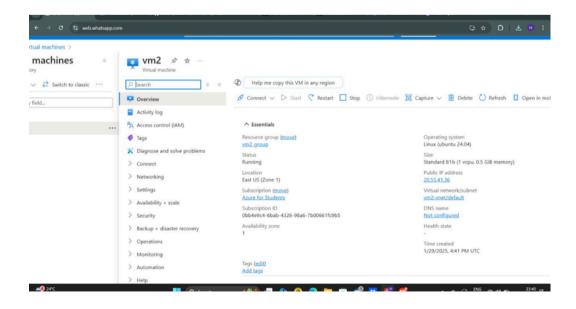
The process includes setting up a cloud-based VM, installing and configuring Apache, and hosting an HTML webpage accessible via a web browser. Once deployed, the website can be accessed using the public IP address of the Azure VM.

This setup demonstrates fundamental cloud computing, web hosting, networking, and security concepts, providing hands-on experience with server deployment, firewall configuration, and basic web hosting in a cloud environment. It is a foundational step for learning web development, DevOps, and cloud infrastructure.

# Step 1: Set Up An Azure Vm



Search for virtua machine in the azure portal



Create a VM with the following configuration and give review +create at the end

# Step2: connect to the vm via powershell using SSH or

```
Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindow
PS C:\Users\madhu> ssh madhu@20.55.41.36
The authenticity of host '20.55.41.36 (20.55.41.36)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:T0qkBUZZWC79pOw7VdjzGTyuoKzmx3ugJCAesEomWLM. This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '20.55.41.36' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
madhu@20.55.41.36's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04.1 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.8.0-1020-azure x86_64)
  Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
                   https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Management:
 * Support:
                   https://ubuntu.com/pro
 System information as of Wed Jan 29 16:43:18 UTC 2025
  System load: 0.59
                                   Processes:
                5.4% of 28.02GB Users logged in:
  Usage of /:
```

connection via powershell using this command:

ssh username@your-vm-ip

# Step 3: Install apache webserver after logging into your vm

### 1)update package:

in the powershell after loggining give the update package command :sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y

```
applicable law.

To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".

See "man sudo_root" for details.

madhu@vm2:~$ sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y

Hit:1 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease

Get:2 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease [126 kB]

Get:3 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease [126 kB]

Get:4 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease [126 kB]

Get:5 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Packages [15.0 MB]

Get:6 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe Translation-en [5982 kB]

Get:7 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Components [3871 kB]

Get:8 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata [301 Get:9 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Packages [269 kB]
```

## 2)Install apache:

#### sudo apt install apache2 -y

```
madhu@vm2:~$ sudo apt install apache2 -y
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
    apache2-bin apache2-data apache2-utils libapr1t64 libaprutil1-dbd-sqlite3 libaprutil1-l
t64
    liblua5.4-0 ssl-cert
Suggested packages:
    apache2-doc apache2-suexec-pristine | apache2-suexec-custom www-browser
The following NEW packages will be installed:
    apache2 apache2-bin apache2-data apache2-utils libapr1t64 libaprutil1-dbd-sqlite3 libaprutil1t64
    apache2 apache2-bin apache2-data apache2-utils libapr1t64 libaprutil1-dbd-sqlite3 libaprutil1t64
```

## 3)Sart apache:

#### sudo systemctl start apache 2

```
madhu@vm2:~$ sudo systemctl start apache2
madhu@vm2:~$ sudo systemctl enable apache2
Synchronizing state of apache2.service with SysV service script with /usr/lib/systemd/s
ú.
Executing: /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install enable apache2
madhu@vm2:~$ sudo systemctl status apache2
apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server
     Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/apache2.service; enabled; preset: enabled)
     Active: active (running) since Wed 2025-01-29 16:45:06 UTC; 1min 12s ago Docs: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/
   Main PID: 2778 (apache2)
      Tasks: 55 (limit: 400)
     Memory: 5.5M (peak: 8.2M)
        CPÚ: 37ms
     CGroup: /system.slice/apache2.service
               —2778 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
                -2780 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
              _2781 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
```

## 4) Enable apache to start on Boot:

### sudo systemctl enable apache2

command is given after giving the start apache command .refer the above image for reference

## 5) Check apache status:

sudo systemctl status apache

## Step 4: configure firewall to allow HTTP Traffic

- 1) Allow apache through Firewall: sudo ufw allow'apache'
- 2) enable firewall: sudo ufw enable
- 3)check firewall:sudo ufw status

```
Jan 29 16:45:06 vm2 systemd[1]: Starting apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server...

Jan 29 16:45:06 vm2 systemd[1]: Started apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server...

Jan 29 16:45:06 vm2 systemd[1]: Started apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server.

madhu@vm2:~$ sudo ufw allow 'Apache'

Rules updated

Rules updated

Rules updated (v6)

madhu@vm2:~$ sudo ufw enable

Command may disrupt existing ssh connections. Proceed with operation (y|n)? y

Firewall is active and enabled on system startup
```

# Step 5: Deploy a simple html page

1) Navigate to web root dictionary:

### Cd/var/www/html

2)create new Html page:

#### sudo nano index.html

This command directly navigates to the html file so that you can paste or type in your html code there for your static website

```
Apache ALLOW Anywhere
Apache (v6) ALLOW Anywhere (v6)

madhu@vm2:~$ cd /var/www/html
madhu@vm2:/var/www/html$

madhu@vm2:/var/www/html$ sudo systemctl restart apache2
madhu@vm2:/var/www/html$ curl -4 ifconfig.co

<!DOCTYPE html><html lang="en-US"><head><title>Just a moment...</title><meta http
ontent="text/html; charset=UTF-8"><meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=
s" content="noindex,nofollow"><meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,i
```

once you have finished typing in our content give Ctrl+X then Y press enter

example content:

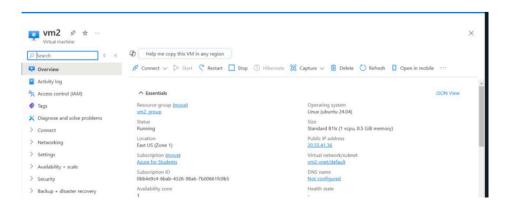
## Step 6:

1) restart the apache to apply changes:

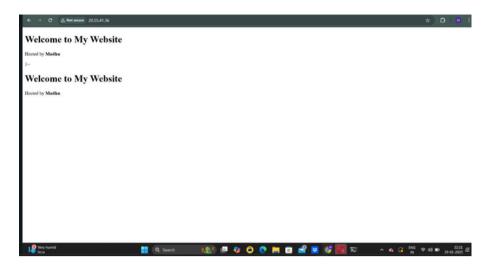
sudo systemctl restart apache2

```
madhu@vm2:/var/www/html$ sudo systemctl restart apache2
```

2)Get your ip address: Get it from the over view page of your azure vm



3) access your page by opening a web browser and visit: http://your-vm-ip



#### Outcomes of the Task

- 1)Set up a virtual machine on Azure to act as a web server.
- 2)Installed and configured Apache to serve web pages.
- 3)Created and deployed a simple static HTML page.
- 4)Configured firewall settings to allow HTTP traffic.
- 5) Accessed the hosted website using the virtual machine's public IP address.