Assignment7

April 26, 2022

0.1 Assignment 7

0.1.1 a.

[16]:
```
import os
import json
from pathlib import Path
import gzip
import hashlib
import shutil
import pandas as pd
import pygeohash
import s3fs

# endpoint_url='https://storage.budsc.midwest-datascience.com'
current_dir = Path(os.getcwd()).absolute()
results_dir = current_dir.joinpath('results')

if results_dir.exists():
    shutil.rmtree(results_dir)
results_dir.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)

def read_jsonl_data():
   #s3 = s3fs.S3FileSystem(
   #     anon=True,
   #     client_kwargs={
   #         'endpoint_url': endpoint_url
   #     }
   # )
    src_data_path = 'data/processed/openflights/routes.jsonl.gz'
    #with s3.open(src_data_path, 'rb') as f_gz:
    with gzip.open(src_data_path, 'rb') as f:
        records = [json.loads(line) for line in f.readlines()]
    return records

def flatten_record(record):
    flat_record = dict()

    for key, value in record.items():
```

```
        if key in ['airline', 'src_airport', 'dst_airport']:
            if isinstance(value, dict):
                for child_key, child_value in value.items():
                    flat_key = '{}_{}'.format(key, child_key)
                    flat_record[flat_key] = child_value
        else:
            flat_record[key] = value
    return flat_record

def create_flattened_dataset():
    records = read_jsonl_data()
    parquet_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes-flattened.parquet')
    return pd.DataFrame.from_records([flatten_record(record) for record in␣
 ↪records])
```

[17]:
```
df = create_flattened_dataset()
df['key'] = df['src_airport_iata'].astype(str) + df['dst_airport_iata'].
 ↪astype(str) + df['airline_iata'].astype(str)
```

[18]:
```
partitions = (
        ('A', 'A'), ('B', 'B'), ('C', 'D'), ('E', 'F'),
        ('G', 'H'), ('I', 'J'), ('K', 'L'), ('M', 'M'),
        ('N', 'N'), ('O', 'P'), ('Q', 'R'), ('S', 'T'),
        ('U', 'U'), ('V', 'V'), ('W', 'X'), ('Y', 'Z')
    )
```

[19]:
```
#nan values are causing an issue with key assignment so I am removing them from␣
 ↪the dataset.
df = df[df['src_airport_iata'].isna() == False]
```

[20]:
```
#set kv-key equal to the first letter
df['kv_key'] = df['key'].str[0]

#assign a value fromt he partitions list of tuples
df['kv_key'] = df['kv_key'].apply(lambda x: [str('-'.join(partition)) for␣
 ↪partition in partitions if (str(x) >= partition[0]) & (str(x) <=␣
 ↪partition[1])])

# the result of the previous assignment were lists so here I am converting them␣
 ↪to strings
df['kv_key'] = [''.join(partition) for partition in df['kv_key']]

#here i'm replacing the partitions that have the same start and end letter with␣
 ↪a single letter
df['kv_key'] = [partition[0] if partition[0] == partition[2] else partition for␣
 ↪partition in df['kv_key']]
```

[21]:
```
df.to_parquet(
    path='results/kv',
    partition_cols=['kv_key']
 )
```

0.1.2 b.

[22]:
```
import hashlib

def hash_key(key):
    m = hashlib.sha256()
    m.update(str(key).encode('utf-8'))
    return m.hexdigest()
```

[23]:
```
df['hashed'] = df['key'].apply(lambda x: hash_key(x))
df['hash_key'] = df['hashed'].str[0]
```

[24]:
```
df.head()
```

[24]:

	airline_airline_id	airline_name	airline_alias	airline_iata	airline_icao	airline_callsign	airline_country	airline_active	src_airport_airport_id	src_airport_name	…	dst_airport_dst	dst_airport_tz_id	dst_airport_type	dst_airport_source	codeshare	equipment
0	410	Aerocondor	ANA All Nippon Airways	2B	ARD	AEROCONDOR	Portugal	True	2965.0	Sochi International Airport	…	N	Europe/Moscow	airport	OurAirports	False	[CR2]
1	410	Aerocondor	ANA All Nippon Airways	2B	ARD	AEROCONDOR	Portugal	True	2966.0	Astrakhan Airport	…	N	Europe/Moscow	airport	OurAirports	False	[CR2]
2	410	Aerocondor	ANA All Nippon Airways	2B	ARD	AEROCONDOR	Portugal	True	2966.0	Astrakhan Airport	…	N	Europe/Moscow	airport	OurAirports	False	[CR2]
3	410	Aerocondor	ANA All Nippon Airways	2B	ARD	AEROCONDOR	Portugal	True	2968.0	Chelyabinsk Balandino Airport	…	N	Europe/Moscow	airport	OurAirports	False	[CR2]
4	410	Aerocondor	ANA All Nippon Airways	2B	ARD	AEROCONDOR	Portugal	True	2968.0	Chelyabinsk Balandino Airport	…	N	Asia/Krasnoyarsk	airport	OurAirports	False	[CR2]

```
        key  kv_key                                                hashed  \
0  AERKZN2B       A  652cdec02010381f175efe499e070c8cbaac1522bac59a…
1  ASFKZN2B       A  9eea5dd88177f8d835b2bb9cb27fb01268122b635b241a…
2  ASFMRV2B       A  161143856af25bd4475f62c80c19f68936a139f653c1d3…
3  CEKKZN2B     C-D  39aa99e6ae2757341bede9584473906ef1089e30820c90…
4  CEKOVB2B     C-D  143b3389bce68eea3a13ac26a9c76c1fa583ec2bd26ea8…

  hash_key
0        6
1        9
2        1
3        3
4        1

[5 rows x 42 columns]
```

[25]:
```
df.to_parquet(
    path='results/hash',
    partition_cols=['hash_key']
 )
```

0.1.3 c.

[26]:
```
#get hash for datacenters
datacenters = {}

datacenters['west'] = pygeohash.encode(45.5945645, -121.1786823)
datacenters['central'] = pygeohash.encode(41.1544433, -96.0422378)
datacenters['east'] = pygeohash.encode(39.08344, -77.6497145)

print(datacenters)
```

```
{'west': 'c21g6s0rs4c7', 'central': '9z7dnebnj8kb', 'east': 'dqby34cjw922'}
```

[27]:
```
def closest_datacenter(latitude, longitude):
    geohash = pygeohash.encode(latitude, longitude)
    dist_dict = {}
    closest_datacenter = ''
    last_distance = None
    for key, value in datacenters.items():
        dist = pygeohash.geohash_approximate_distance(str(geohash), str(value))
        dist_dict[key] = dist
        if (last_distance == None) or (dist < last_distance):
            closest_datacenter = key
            last_distance = dist

    return closest_datacenter
```

[28]:
```
df['datacenter'] = df[['src_airport_latitude', 'src_airport_longitude']].
↪apply(lambda x: closest_datacenter(x[0], x[1]), axis=1)
```

[29]:
```
df.to_parquet(
    path='results/geo',
    partition_cols=['datacenter']
)
```

0.1.4 d.

[30]:
```
def balance_partitions(keys, num_partitions):
    partitions = []

    #get the ideal number of records in each partition
    partition_size = len(keys) / num_partitions

    #get the count of records for each key
    key_grp_cnts = []
    for key in set(keys):
        occurences = keys.count(key)
        key_grp_cnts.append(tuple([key, occurences]))

    key_grp_cnts.sort(key=lambda v: v[0].lower())

    total = 0
    partition_list = []
    #loop through the group counts until you exceed partition_size
    for grp in key_grp_cnts:

        #if the total is 0, then this is the first key in the group
        if total == 0:
            min_grp = grp[0]
            last_group = grp[0]

       #if the incremented total exceeds the ideal partition size, then this␣
↪key is the max group and reset the total
        if  (total + grp[1]) > partition_size:
            max_grp = last_group
            partition_list.append(tuple([min_grp, max_grp]))
            last_group = grp[0]
            total=0
        else:
            last_group = grp[0]
            total += grp[1]

    #add last partition
    partition_list.append(tuple([min_grp, last_group]))
```

```
    return partition_list
```

[31]:
```
#start by using a series from the df above as the list of keys
keys = list(df['airline_name'])
num_partitions=10
```

[32]:
```
print(balance_partitions(keys, num_partitions))
```

```
[('40-Mile Air', 'Air Foyle'), ('Air Greenland', 'Amaszonas'), ('Amerijet
International', 'China Eastern Airlines'), ('China SSS', 'Eurowings'), ('Excel
Airways', 'Jet Airways'), ('JetBlue Airways', 'Omni Air International'), ('Onur
Air', 'Shaheen Air International'), ('Shanghai Airlines', 'TransAsia Airways'),
('Transavia Holland', 'UTair-Express'), ('Valuair', 'Zoom Airlines')]
```

[ ]:
```

```