

PS-1

Q1. a1

optimisation problem of the hh:

$$\max_{\{C_t, N_t, B_t, M_t\}} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t U(X_t, N_t) \right]$$

$$\# U(X_t, N_t) = \frac{X_t^{1-\gamma} - 1}{1-\gamma} - \chi \frac{N_t^{1+\varphi}}{1+\varphi}$$

$$\# X_t = \left[(1-\theta)c_t^{1-\nu} + \theta \left(\frac{M_t}{P_t} \right)^{1-\nu} \right]^{\frac{1}{1-\nu}}$$

$$\text{s.t. } P_t C_t + B_t M_t \leq \omega_t N_t + Q_{t-1} B_{t-1} + M_{t-1} + P_t (TR_t + PR_t)$$

$$\mathcal{Q} = \mathbb{E}_0 \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t \left\{ \frac{X_t^{1-\gamma} - 1}{1-\gamma} - \chi \frac{N_t^{1+\varphi}}{1+\varphi} \right\} + N_t \left(\omega_t N_t + Q_{t-1} B_{t-1} + M_{t-1} + P_t (TR_t + PR_t) - P_t C_t - B_t M_t \right) \right]$$

FOCs

c_t

$$\beta^t X_t^{-\gamma} \frac{1}{1-\nu} \left[(1-\theta)c_t^{1-\nu} + \theta \left(\frac{M_t}{P_t} \right)^{1-\nu} \right]^{\frac{\nu}{1-\nu}}$$

$$(1-\theta)(1-\nu)c_t^{-\nu} - \beta_t \alpha_t P_t = 0$$

Simplifying:

$$X_t^{-\gamma+\nu} (1-\theta)(c_t)^{-\gamma} = \alpha_t P_t \quad - (1)$$

M_t

$$\beta^t x_t^{-\gamma} \frac{1}{1-\gamma} \left[(1-\theta) c_t^{1-\gamma} + \theta \left(\frac{M_t}{P_t} \right)^{1-\gamma} \right]^{\frac{\gamma}{1-\gamma}}.$$

$$\theta(1-\gamma) M_t^{-\gamma} P_t^{\gamma-1} - \beta^t n_t + \beta^{t+1} E_t(n_{t+1}) = 0$$

Simplifying:

$$x_t^{-\gamma+\gamma} \theta (M_t)^{-\gamma} (P_t)^{\gamma-1} + \beta E_t(n_{t+1}) = n_t \quad - (2)$$

B_t

$$\beta E_t(n_{t+1} Q_t) = n_t \quad - (3)$$

N_t

$$\beta^t - \chi N_t \psi + \beta^t n_t \omega_t = 0$$

$$\chi N_t \psi = n_t \omega_t \quad - (4) \quad \# N_t^s$$

using ① & ③, we get the EE

$$x_t^{\gamma-\gamma} \frac{(1-\theta) c_t^{-\gamma}}{P_t} = \beta \cdot E_t \left[x_{t+1}^{\gamma-\gamma} \frac{(1-\theta) c_{t+1}^{-\gamma}}{P_{t+1}} \cdot Q_t \right]$$

$$\beta \cdot E_t \left[Q_t \cdot \frac{P_t}{P_{t+1}} \cdot \left(\frac{x_{t+1}}{x_t} \right)^{\gamma-\gamma} \cdot \left(\frac{c_{t+1}}{c_t} \right)^{-\gamma} \right] = 1 \quad - (5)$$

using ① & ②, we get the labor leisure tradeoff:

$$\chi N_t \psi = x_t^{\gamma-\gamma} \frac{(1-\theta)}{P_t} \cdot c_t^{-\gamma} \cdot \omega_t$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\omega_t}{P_t} = \frac{\chi N_t \psi}{(1-\theta) c_t^{-\gamma} x_t^{\gamma-\gamma}} \quad - (6)$$

Money dd:

$$1 = 1/Q_t + \theta/(1-\theta) \left[\frac{(M_t/P_t)}{c_t} \right]^{-\gamma}$$

$$M_t/P_t = (1 - 1/Q_t)^{-\frac{1}{\gamma}} \cdot \left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{1-\gamma}} c_t \quad - (7)$$

bl. Govt's budget constraint

$$B_t + M_t = P_t (TR_t) + \theta_{t-1} \cdot B_{t-1} + M_{t-1} \quad - (8)$$

firm's problem

$$\max_{N_t} \quad Y_t - \frac{w_t}{P_t} \cdot N_t$$

$$\# \quad Y_t = A_t N_t$$

FOC

$$N_t : \quad A_t = w_t / P_t \quad - (9) \quad \# N_t^d$$

mkt. clearing

$$Y_t = C_t \quad - (10)$$

$$N_t^d = N_t^s$$

$$B_t^d = B_t^s$$

$$M_t^d = M_t^s$$

$$TFP : \quad A_t = A_{t-1} \exp(\varepsilon_{at}) \quad - (11)$$

$$\text{Money ss:} \quad M_t^s = M_{t-1}^s \exp(\varepsilon_{mt}) \quad - (12)$$

neutrality \Rightarrow real outcomes are independent of price levels & nominal var (money)

say eqⁿ 4 & 9 (which must be equivalent in the equil., \therefore mkt clearing)

$$\frac{X_t N_t^d}{(1-\theta)} \cdot C_t^v \cdot X_t^{1-v} = A_t = \frac{w_t}{P_t} \quad \# \quad N_t^d = N_t^s$$

$$X_t = X_t(M_t) \quad \# \text{ by def}^n$$

$$\text{Say } v = r \Rightarrow X_t r^{-v} = 1$$

$$\therefore A_t : X_t \cdot \frac{N_t^\psi}{(1-\theta)} \cdot C_t^{-v} \Rightarrow \text{independent of } M_t$$

(same arg. for EE & consⁿ if $r=v$)

c/

$$A=1$$

$$\therefore M = N$$

$$\frac{M}{P} = 1$$

$$\therefore M = C \Leftrightarrow N = C.$$

$$\# N_t^\psi = N_t^\psi \Rightarrow X \frac{N^\psi}{(1-\theta)} C^v \cdot X^{r-v-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow (1-\theta) X^{r-r} = X C^{\psi+v} \quad - (13)$$

$$a) \text{ SS } C_t = C_{t+1}$$

$$Q_t \cdot \frac{P_t}{P_{t+1}} = R_t \quad \text{is constant (ass}^n)$$

\therefore By EE

$$\beta R = 1 \Rightarrow R = 1/\beta$$

$$\text{ass}^n \text{ constant } Q, \quad P_{t+1}/P_t = \pi$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi = Q\beta \quad - (14)$$

\therefore money dd eqⁿ:

$$\frac{M_t}{P_t} = \left(1 - \beta/\pi\right)^{-1/\nu} \left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}\right)^{1/\nu} \cdot c \quad (15)$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{M_t}{P_t}\right)^{1/\nu} = \left(1 - \frac{\beta}{\pi}\right)^{-(1-\nu)/\nu} \left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}\right)^{1-\nu} c^{1-\nu}$$

$$X = \left\{ (1-\theta)c^{1-\nu} + \theta \left[\left(1 - \frac{\beta}{\pi}\right)^{-(1-\nu)/\nu} \left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}\right)^{1-\nu} c^{1-\nu} \right] \right\}^{1/\nu} c$$

$$= \left\{ (1+\theta) + \theta \left[\left(1 - \frac{\beta}{\pi}\right)^{-(1-\nu)/\nu} \left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}\right)^{1-\nu} \right] \right\}^{1/\nu} c \quad (16)$$

sub. for X from (16) into (13)

$$\chi c^{\psi+\nu} = (1-\theta) \left[(1-\theta) + \theta \left[\left(1 - \frac{\beta}{\pi}\right)^{-(1-\nu)/\nu} \left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}\right)^{1-\nu} \right] \right]^{\frac{1-\nu}{\nu}} c^{\frac{\nu-\gamma}{1-\nu} \nu \gamma}$$

$$\therefore c = \left\{ \frac{(1-\theta)}{\chi} \left[(1-\theta) + \theta \left[\left(1 - \frac{\beta}{\pi}\right)^{-(1-\nu)/\nu} \left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}\right)^{1-\nu} \right] \right]^{\frac{1-\nu}{\nu}} \right\}^{\frac{1}{\psi+\gamma}} \quad (17)$$

(15) : ss value of M_t/P_t

(18) : ss value of $N_t (= C_t)$

d/ to solve for ss, take \bar{Q} & nominal money supply M_t^s as given.

specify values for the model parameters:
 $\langle \beta, \gamma, \nu, \theta, \psi, \chi, \dots \rangle$

using (14) (i.e. $\bar{Q} = \pi/\beta$) get c from (17)
 using $N=c$ & (18) get N
 using (15) get M_t/P_t

Given M_t^s , get P_t

e) Given the knowledge of parameters^(like v), we can calibrate θ from (17) where c can be written as a fcn of θ then using (15) (given M_t^s & P_t) we can solve for θ using different values for v .

f) (15) : $\frac{M_t}{1} = (1 - \beta/\pi)^{-1/v} \left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}\right)^{1/v} \cdot c \rightarrow \approx N$

from (13) χ_{t+v}
 $\Rightarrow \left[\frac{(1-\theta) \chi^{v-r}}{\chi} \right] = c$

$$\therefore M_t = (1 - \beta/\pi)^{-1/v} \left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}\right)^{1/v} \cdot \left[\frac{(1-\theta) \chi^{v-r}}{\chi} \right]^{1/v}$$

g) $\frac{w_t}{P_t} = \frac{\chi N_t}{(1-\theta) c_t^{-v} \chi_t^{v-r}} \quad (\text{eqn (6)})$

$$\ln(w_t) - \ln(P_t) = \ln(\chi) + \psi \ln(N_t) - \ln(1-\theta)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & + v \ln(c_t) + (r-v) \ln(\chi_t) \\ \ln(w) + \frac{1}{w} (w_t - w) &= \left[\ln(P) + \frac{1}{P} (P_t - P) \right] \\ &= \ln(\chi) + \psi \left[\ln(N) + \frac{1}{N} (N_t - N) \right] \\ & - \ln(1-\theta) + v \left[\ln(c) + \frac{1}{c} (c_t - c) \right] \\ & + (r-v) \left[\ln(\chi) + \frac{1}{\chi} (\chi_t - \chi) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{denote } (2t-2) = \hat{z}$$

$$\ln(w) + \hat{w}_t - \ln(p) - \hat{p}_t = \ln(\chi) + \psi[\ln(\hat{N}) + \hat{N}_t] \\ - \ln(1-\phi) + v(\ln(c) + \hat{c}_t) + (\gamma-v)(\ln(\hat{x}) + \hat{x}_t)$$

rearranging

$$\hat{w}_t - \hat{p}_t = \psi \hat{N}_t + v \hat{c}_t + (\gamma-v) \hat{x}_t.$$

similar for EE (eqn 5).

$$(\gamma-v) \hat{x}_t - v \hat{c}_t - \hat{p}_t = (\gamma-v) \hat{x}_{t+1} - v \hat{c}_{t+1} - \hat{p}_{t+1} \\ + (\gamma-v) \hat{x}_t - v \hat{m}_t + v \hat{p}_t - \hat{p}_t \\ - v \hat{c}_t = (\gamma-v) \hat{x}_{t+1} - v \hat{c}_{t+1} - \hat{p}_{t+1} - v \hat{m}_t + v \hat{p}_t$$

from eqn 9.

$$\hat{A}_t = \hat{w}_t - \hat{p}_t.$$

hi code attached.

It is the best attempt I could do.

ji \uparrow in $M \Rightarrow P \downarrow$ ξ interest rate \downarrow
 \therefore value of money \downarrow w.r.t const ξ real bonds

v is the inverse elasticity of substitution b/w C & ξ
 (M_t/P_t) . when v is small (<1)

$M_t \uparrow \rightarrow MU_C \downarrow \rightarrow N_t^S \downarrow \rightarrow \gamma_t \downarrow \xi C \downarrow$
 $M_t^S \uparrow \rightarrow P \uparrow$ to sustain $M_t \uparrow$, interest
 on bonds $\downarrow \Rightarrow$ opp hold when $(\xi > 1)$ large.