1. Add Two Numbers

You are given two non-empty linked lists representing two non-negative integers.

The digits are stored in reverse order, and each of their nodes contains a single digit.

Add the two numbers and return the sum as a linked list.

You may assume the two numbers do not contain any leading zero, except the number 0 itself.

Answer:

Please find the attached 'LinkedList.java' file for code.

```
C:\Users\chinm\Desktop\Solutions\Solution1>javac LinkedList.java
C:\Users\chinm\Desktop\Solutions\Solution1>java LinkedList
Input List 1 : 3 4 2
Input List 2 : 4 6 5
Result : 8 0 7
```

2. Reverse string

Answer:

Please find the attached 'ReverseString.py' file for code.

output:

```
C:\Users\chinm\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scri
cba
leetcode
iloveu
apmnolkjihgfedcbq
```

3. Prometheus & Grafana

https://prometheus.io/docs/visualization/grafana/

We want to use Prometheus & Grafana to monitor devices in the field.

If we asked you to set this up what do you need?

Answer:

Information needed: Number of machines we need to monitor, IP address of all Machines, which machine can be used as a server, need to create scripts to install and run server and clients for Prometheus & Grafana

Steps:

1. Make one device as a server for Prometheus & Grafana,

Create scripts for to install Prometheus & Grafana server client

- 2. Install Prometheus node exporter agent on each device, it Il create and start service Also It Il provide endpoint which will expose the metrics
- 3. Install Prometheus Server,

Create yml file which II contain list of job names and endpoints for all client devices

4 Start Prometheus Server,

Hit the server end point for Prometheus Server

For e.g (10.0.0.3:9090/targets)

- 5. Install and Launch Grafana on server
- 6. Add data source Prometheus

7. create or import dashboard

5. As a test engineer, what do you expect you to receive as input?

Answer:

- 1. Test Strategy
- 2. Test management, Requirement management, Automation tool and bug reporting tools
- 3. Clearly defined set of requirements/ Acceptance criteria
- 4. Frontend Design blueprint
- 5. Test environment setup (For e.g web application, mobile application under test should be deployed

6. As a test engineer, what would you generate as a result of output?

Answer

- 1. Draft Test cases which cover all acceptance criterias and test scenarios (Happy path test cases)
- 2. Write positive, negative, boundary and end to end test cases
- 3. Create Test plans for each build. Smoke test plan and Regression test plan
- 4. Manually test above test plans for each build
- 5. Track bugs in bug reporting tool (jira) and track root cause escalate them to Dev
- 6. Add new test cases for newly developed functionalities
- 7. Automate test cases to save time and manual efforts
- 8. Execute Automation test suite and maintain it

Concept Questions

7. Describe the software development life cycle:

Answer:

A software development life-cycle is the process where a software is conceptualized, built, deployed and maintained. The typical phases in software development life-cycle are:

- 1. Planning Once a software is conceptualized, its development process is planned to define its development timeline and resources required.
- 2. Requirement gathering This phase involves gathering the functional requirements of the proposed software and defining what is necessary to develop them.
- 3. Designing In this phase, the user interface and experience is designed.
- 4. Building This phase involves writing of the actual code and is the most important of all.
- 5. Documenting In this phase, all the relevant details of the software are documented for future development and for users.
- 6. Testing In this phase, the code is verified against its functional requirements.
- 7. Deployment Once a software is thoroughly tested, it can be deployed to users to use.

8. Maintaining - This phase involves updating the code to reduce bugs or add new functionalities.

7a. What are the documentations that follow each phase?

Answer:

The following documentation follows each phase:

- 1. Planning This phase is followed by creation of high level documents related to development timeline and major functions.
- 2. Requirement gathering This phase is followed by generating detailed documents of major and minor requirements of the software.
- 3. Designing This phase is followed by documenting the software UI and UX workflows.
- 4. Building This phase documents class diagrams, state diagrams, sequence diagrams, code comments, etc..
- 5. Documenting This phase includes documenting user guides, installation guides, and other system documentation.
- 6. Testing This phase documents test plans, bugs reported, bugs fixed, and overall software quality.
- 7. Deployment This phase is followed by documenting what needs to be improved in the software.
- 8. Maintaining Typical documentation in this phase includes new functionality documentation and bug fixes.
- 8. What do you think your day-to-day tasks would be?

Answer:

- 1. Work with product and software dev. teams to understand software functionalities, and user stories.
- 2. Perform software/hardware integration tests, regression tests, along with other tests to ensure the intended functionalities are captured in the software.
- 3. Automate workflows, regression tests, and facilitate CI/CD.
- 4. Root-cause and track bugs and ensure the correct bug fixes are integrated into the software.
- 9. If you join the team, at the end of 1 Month, 1 Quarter, 1 year what do you think are quantitative goals that measure your impact?

Answer:

- 1. Goals in 1 month:
- Learn the product
- Learn requisite technologies.
- Become familiar with the team and culture.
- Independently Deliver on assigned tasks
- 2. Goals in 1 Quarter:

- Identify 1-2 key areas of improvement.
- Work on solutions to fix them.
- 3. Goals in 1 year:
- Lean 2-3 new skills required to have a higher impact.
- Identify areas of large scale improvement in workflow/process efficiency.
- Implement solutions to improve the same.