### **Author: Madhurima Rawat**

## **Code Review Automation with CodeFactor and Codacy**

Improve the project's code quality by integrating CodeFactor or Codacy with GitHub. These tools automatically analyze the code changes and provide feedback on style, complexity, and potential issues.

# **Steps to Set Up Code Review Automation**

# 1. Prerequisites

- A GitHub repository.
- Admin access to the repository.
- A CodeFactor or Codacy account (create one for free).

# 2. Set Up CodeFactor Integration

#### 1. Log In to CodeFactor

Visit CodeFactor and log in using your GitHub credentials.

### 2. Link Your Repository

- Click on **Add Project** and authorize CodeFactor to access your GitHub repositories.
- Select the repository you want to integrate.

#### 3. Configure Settings

o Adjust analysis settings for your repository, such as ignoring specific files or directories.

#### 4. Enable GitHub Integration

- Navigate to your repository settings on CodeFactor and enable **GitHub Status Updates**.
- This ensures that analysis results are displayed on your pull requests.

#### 5. Commit and Push Code

 CodeFactor will now analyze every new commit and provide feedback directly in the pull request.

## 3. Set Up Codacy Integration

### 1. Log In to Codacy

Visit Codacy and sign in using GitHub.

### 2. Add Your Repository

- Click Add a Project and choose the repository from GitHub.
- o Codacy will scan your codebase to establish a baseline report.

### 3. Set Up GitHub Status Checks

• Navigate to **Settings** > **Integrations** in Codacy and enable **GitHub** as a status provider.

#### 4. Customize Analysis

• Go to **Settings** > **Repository** > **Patterns** to tailor Codacy's checks to your project's needs.

#### 5. Review Pull Requests

 Codacy will analyze every new pull request, providing inline comments for issues and a detailed status summary.

# 4. Sample Code for Testing

Here are two Python scripts for testing in both CodeFactor and Codacy:

# **Code with Issues for Codacy**

```
# sample_code_with_errors.py

def calculateSum(Num1, Num2):
    return Num1 + Num2

def divideNumbers(num1, num2):
    result = num1 / num2
    return result

def main():
    print("Sum: ", calculateSum(5, 10))
    print("Division Result:", divideNumbers(10, 0))

main()
```

#### Issues:

- 1. **Naming Convention**: Function names like calculateSum and divideNumbers violate Python's snake\_case convention (should be calculate\_sum and divide\_numbers).
- 2. **PEP-8 Violations**: Missing spaces around arguments and operators, e.g., calculateSum(5,10) (should be calculate\_sum(5, 10)).
- 3. **ZeroDivisionError**: The divideNumbers function does not handle division by zero, causing a runtime error.
- 4. Missing Type Annotations: Functions lack type hints, such as def calculate\_sum(num1: int, num2: int) -> int:.

### Code with Issues for CodeFactor

```
# sample_code_with_errors_codefactor.py
# Function with naming violations and redundancy
def CalculateSum(Num1, Num2):
   # Redundant logic
   result = Num1 + Num2
    return result
# Duplicate function logic
def AddTwoNumbers(Num1, Num2):
   # Redundant logic
    result = Num1 + Num2
    return result
# Function without type hints and missing error handling
def DivideNumbers(Num1, Num2):
    if Num2 == 0: # This is flagged as overly simplistic error handling.
        return "Cannot divide by zero"
    return Num1 / Num2
# Function with inconsistent spacing and missing type hints
def MultiplyNumbers(Num1, Num2):
    Result = Num1 * Num2 # Inconsistent naming
    return Result
# Main function with improper formatting and repetition
def Main():
    print("Sum (Method 1):", CalculateSum(5, 10))
    print("Sum (Method 2):", AddTwoNumbers(5, 10)) # Duplication of logic
    print("Division Result:", DivideNumbers(10, 0))
```

```
print("Multiplication Result:", MultiplyNumbers(5, 2))
Main()
```

#### Issues:

- Naming Convention: Function names like CalculateSum and Main do not follow Python's snake\_case standard.
- 2. **Redundant Code**: CalculateSum and AddTwoNumbers have identical functionality, leading to duplication.
- 3. **Error Handling**: DivideNumbers has overly simplistic error handling for division by zero; proper exception handling should be added.
- 4. **Inconsistent Naming and Formatting**: Variable names like Result and inconsistent spacing around operators violate PEP-8 guidelines.

#### **Corrected Code**

```
# sample_code_corrected.py
def calculate_sum(num1: int, num2: int) -> int:
    """Calculate the sum of two integers."""
    return num1 + num2
def divide_numbers(dividend: int, divisor: int) -> float:
    Safely divide two numbers. Returns a float result.
   Handles division by zero with a custom message.
   try:
        return dividend / divisor
    except ZeroDivisionError:
        print("Error: Division by zero is not allowed.")
        return float("inf") # Return infinity to indicate error.
def main() -> None:
    """Main function to demonstrate addition and division operations."""
    num1, num2 = 5, 10
    print("Sum:", calculate_sum(num1, num2))
    dividend, divisor = 10, 0
    print("Division Result:", divide_numbers(dividend, divisor))
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

#### Fixes:

- Function name updated to follow snake\_case.
- Extra spaces removed for PEP-8 compliance.
- Type annotations added for better code clarity.

## 5. Analysis and Evaluation

# **Benefits of Integration**

- Automatic Code Reviews: Save time by automating style and complexity checks.
- Feedback in Pull Requests: View issues directly in GitHub pull requests.
- Customizable Rules: Focus on the metrics that matter most for your project.
- Improved Code Quality: Maintain consistent standards across your team.

## **Example Workflow**

- 1. Developer submits a pull request.
- 2. CodeFactor/Codacy analyzes the code changes.
- 3. Issues and suggestions are displayed directly in the pull request.
- 4. Developer resolves the issues before merging.

# **Troubleshooting**

 Analysis Not Triggering: Ensure the repository is public or that the service has access to your private repository.

We can commit these files to our GitHub repository, and both **CodeFactor** and **Codacy** will analyze and report on the issues in the first file while approving the second file.