31/07/2020

Mulund Municipal Secondary School 3td 8th Semi English Chapter 5th Expansion formulae

Expansion Formulae

$$\int (a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$
 $\int (a-b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$
 $\int (a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$
 $\int (a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$
 $\int (a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$
 $\int (a+b)(a-b) = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3$
 $\int (a-b)^3 = a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3$
 $\int (a-b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3ab(a+b)$
 $\int (a-b)^3 = a^3 - b^3 - 3ab(a-b)$

(a+b+c) $=a^2+b^2+c^2+2ab+2bc+2ac$ x a3+63 $=(a+b)^{3} - 3ab(a+b)$ xi7 a3-b3 $=(a-b)^3+3ab(a-b)$ $\text{XII} \ a^2 + b^2 = (a+b)^2 - 2ab$ $|x||||||||||a^2+b^2=(a-b)^2+2ab||$

37d 8th Madhematics 31/7/2020 Expansion Formulae Quel Fill Proper terms in the following boxes. Marks $iJ(2e+2y)^2 = x^2 + IIII + III = x^2 + IIII + 4y^2$ $|||||(101)^2 = (100+1)^2 = 1 + 2 \times 100 \times 1 + 1 + 1 + 1$ $[\sqrt{(98)^2} - (100-2)^2 - \sqrt{-2} \times 100 \times 1 + \sqrt{-2}$ $\sqrt{(5m+3n)(5m-3n)} = \sqrt{5m^2 - 1} = 1$ - . Best of Luck : _

31/7/2020

Std 8th Mathematics Practice Set 5.1

I Expand. $\int (a+2)(a-1) = a^2 + (2-1)a + 2 \times (-1) = a^2 + a - 2$ 2] $(m-4)(m+6) = m^2 + [(-4)+6]m + (-4) \times 6 = m^2 + 2m - 24$ 3] $(P+8)(P-3) = P^{2} + [8+(-3)]P+8\times(-3)=P^{2}+5P-24$ 4) $(13+2)(13-2) = (13)^2 - (2)^2 = 169 - 2^2$ 5] (32+24) (32+54) = (32) + [44+54] ×3x+ (44x54) 6] $(9x-5t)(9x+3t) = (9x)^2 + [-5t+3t]9x + (-5t)x3t = 812-2tx9x-15t^2$

31 07/2020

QI] Expand.

$$7$$
 $(m+\frac{2}{3})(m-\frac{7}{3})$

$$= m^{2} + \left[\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \right] m + \frac{2}{3} \times \left(-\frac{7}{3} \right)$$

$$= m^{2} - \frac{5}{3}m - \frac{14}{9}$$

8
$$\left[x+\frac{1}{x}\right]\left[x-\frac{1}{x}\right]$$

$$= \left[x \right]^2 - \left[\frac{1}{x} \right]^2$$

Std 8th Mathematics

Expansion formulae

Practice Set 5.1 & 5.2

Practice Set 5.2

1 Expand.

1)(K+4)3 K+3xK×4+3xK×4+(4)

 $= k_{+}^{3} + 12 k_{+}^{2} 3 \times K \times 16 + 64$

 $= k_{+}^{3} + 12 k_{+}^{2} + 48 k_{+} + 64$

 $2](7x+8y)=(7x)^{3}+3x(7x)^{2}x8y+3x7xx4xy+8y)^{3}$

=343 x + 3x49x2 8y+3x7xx6457+512

= 343x3+47x8x2y+3x448 xy+512

 $= 343x^{3} + 1176x^{2}y + 1344xy^{2} + 512$

9 $\left[\frac{1}{4} + 4\right] \left[\frac{1}{4} - 9\right] = \left[\frac{1}{4}\right] + \left[4 - 9\right] + \left[4 - 9\right] + \left[4 - 9\right] = 343x + 1176x^{2} + 1344xy^{2} + 512$ $= \frac{1}{42} - 5x + \frac{1}{4} - 36 = \frac{1}{42} - \frac{1}{4$

31/07/2020

Std 8th Mathematics Expansion Formulae Practice set 5.

Q.1] Expand

 $3](7+m)^{3}z(7)^{3}+3x7^{2}m+3x7xm+m^{2}$

 $= 343 + 3 \times 49 \times m + 2 m^{2} + m^{3}$

= 343+147m+21m2+m3

 $4](52)^{3} = (50+2)^{3} = (50)^{3} + 3x(50)^{2}x^{2} + 3x50x^{2} + 2^{3}$

= 125000 + 3×2500×2+150×4 +8

= 125000+15000+600+8

= 140608

125000 + 15000 + 600 + 8

73=7×7×7

= 49×7

= 343

31/7/2020

Std 8th Mothematics Expansion formulae Practice set 5.2

B] Expand

$$5] (101)^{3} = (100+1)^{3}$$

$$= (100)^{3} + 3 \times 1000^{2} \times 1 + 3 \times 100 \times 10^{2} + 1^{3}$$

$$= 1000000 + 3 \times 10000 + 300 + 1$$

= 1030301 $6)(2+\frac{1}{2})^{3} = 2 + 3 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{2} + 3 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{2} + 3 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{3}$

$$7(2m+\frac{1}{5})^{3} = (2m)^{3} + 3x(2m)^{2}x + 3x2mx + (\frac{1}{5})^{2} + (\frac{1}{5})^{3}$$

$$= 8m^{3} + 3x4m^{2}x + 3x2mx + (\frac{1}{5})^{2} + (\frac{1}{5})^{3}$$

$$= 8m^{3} + 3x4m^{2}x + (\frac{1}{5})^{2} + (\frac{1}{5})^{3}$$

1000000