```
Number of primes: C++
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
// #define II long long
using namespace std;
#define ma 10000001
bool a[ma];
int main()
{
int n;
cin>>n;
for(int i=0;i <= n;i++){
  a[i]=false;
}
for(int i=2;i <= n;i++){
  if(a[i]==false){
     for(int j=i+i;j <= n;j+=i){
       a[j]=true;
    }
  }
}
int cnt=0;
for(int i=2;i <= n;i++){
  if(a[i]==false){cnt++;}
}
cout<<cnt;
  return 0;
}
Divisors Of N: C++
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
int t;
cin>>t;
while(t--){
  long long n;
  cin>>n;
  if(n&1){cout<<0<<endl;continue;}</pre>
  long x=sqrt(n);
  int cnt=0;
```

```
for(long long i=1; i <= x; i++){
    if(!(n%i)){
       if(!(i%2)){cnt++;}
       if(i*i!=n){
          if(!((n/i)\%2)){cnt++;}
       }
    }
  }
  cout<<cnt<<endl;}
}
Chocolaty Problem: C++
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
// #define II long long
using namespace std;
int main(){
long long x,n;
cin>>n;
for(int i=n; i< n+500; i++){
  x=i;
  long long p=sqrt(x);
  for(int j=2;j <= p;j++){
    if(x\%j==0){goto f;}
  }
  cout<<i-n;
  return 0;
  f:;
}
}
sprime: C++
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define max1 10000001
bool a[max1];
  long b[max1];
void pre(){
  b[0]=0;b[1]=0;
for(int i=0;i<\max 1;i++){
     a[i]=false;
```

```
}
  long cnt=0;
  for(int i=2;i<max1;i++){
  if(a[i]==false){
     cnt++;
     for(int j=i+i;j<=max1;j=j+i){a[j]=true;}</pre>
  }
  b[i]=cnt;
  }
int main(){
pre();
int t;
cin>>t;
while(t--){
  long n;
  cin>>n;
  cout << (b[n]-b[(n)/2]) << endl;
}
}
Simple Prime (Contest): C++
#include "bits/stdc++.h"
#pragma GCC optimize "03"
using namespace std;
#define int long long int
#define Id long double
#define pi pair<int, int>
#define pb push_back
#define fi first
#define se second
#define IOS ios::sync_with_stdio(false); cin.tie(0); cout.tie(0)
#ifndef LOCAL
#define endl '\n'
#endif
const int N = 1e6 + 5;
const int mod = 1e9 + 7;
const int inf = 1e9 + 9;
int a[N];
```

```
signed main() {
     IOS;
     vector<int> v;
     v.push_back(0);
     for(int i = 2; i < N; i++){
          if(a[i]) continue;
          v.push_back(i);
          for(int j = i*i; j < N; j += i)
               a[j] = 1;
     int p = 0;
     for(auto &i: v){
          i += p;
          p = i;
     int t; cin >> t;
     while(t--){
          int l, r;
          cin >> l >> r;
          cout << v[r] - v[l-1] << endl;
     return 0;
}
Tribonacci Number: Java
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class Main
 {
   static int mod = 1000000007;
     public static void main(String[] args)throws IOException {
          BufferedReader read = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(System.in));
    //int t = Integer.parseInt(read.readLine());
       String str[] = read.readLine().trim().split(" ");
               int n = Integer.parseInt(str[0]);
               long a =Long.parseLong(str[1]);
               long b = Long.parseLong(str[2]);
               long c = Long.parseLong(str[3]);
```

```
long dp[] = new long[n];
               dp[0] = a;
               dp[1] = b;
               dp[2] = c;
               for(int i = 3; i < n; i++)
                 dp[i] = (dp[i-1]\%mod + dp[i-2]\%mod + dp[i-3]\%mod)\%mod;
               }
       System.out.println(dp[n-1]);
    }
}
Catalan Numbers: C++
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#define int
                long long
#define Id
                long double
#define II
               long long
#define pb
                 push_back
#define endl
                 '\n'
#define pi
                pair<int,int>
#define vi
                vector<int>
#define all(a)
                 (a).begin(),(a).end()
#define fi
               first
#define se
                second
#define sz(x)
                 (int)x.size()
#define hell
                1000000007
#define rep(i,a,b) for(int i=a;i<b;i++)
#define dep(i,a,b) for(int i=a;i>=b;i--)
#define lbnd
                 lower_bound
#define ubnd
                  upper_bound
#define bs
                binary_search
#define mp
                 make_pair
using namespace std;
const int N = 2e6 + 5;
const int mod = 1e9 + 7;
const int inf = 1e9 + 9;
int f[N], inv[N], res[N];
int power(int a, int b){
```

```
int ans = 1;
  while(b){
     if(b&1)
       ans = (ans*a) % mod;
     b >>= 1;
     a = (a*a) \% mod;
  }
  return ans;
}
void solve(){
  int n; cin >> n;
  cout << res[n] << endl;
}
void testcases(){
  int tt = 1;
  f[0] = 1;
  for(int i = 1; i < N; i++)
     f[i] = (i*f[i-1]) \% mod;
  inv[N-1] = power(f[N-1], mod-2);
  for(int i = N-2; i >= 1; i--)
     inv[i] = ((i+1)*inv[i+1]) \% mod;
  for(int i = 1; i < N/2; i++){
     res[i] = f[2*i];
     res[i] = (res[i]*inv[i]) % mod;
     res[i] = (res[i]*inv[i]) % mod;
     res[i] = (res[i]*power(i+1, mod-2)) % mod;
  }
  cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
     solve();
  }
}
signed main()
  ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);
  cin.tie(0);
  cout.tie(0);
          clock_t start = clock();
  testcases();
```

```
cerr << (double)(clock() - start)*1000/CLOCKS_PER_SEC << " ms: ";
  return 0;
}
Candy ways (Contest): C++
#pragma GCC optimize ("Ofast")
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
#define VV vector
#define pb push_back
#define bitc __builtin_popcountll
#define m_p make_pair
#define infi 1e18+1
#define eps 0.00000000001
#define fastio ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(NULL);
string char_to_str(char c){string tem(1,c);return tem;}
mt19937 rng(chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());
template<class T>//usage rand<long long>()
T rand() {
  return uniform_int_distribution<T>()(rng);
#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
template<class T>
using oset = tree<T, null_type, less<T>, rb_tree_tag,
tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
// string to integer stoi()
// string to long long stoll()
// string.substr(position,length);
// integer to string to_string();
auto clk=clock();
#define all(x) x.begin(),x.end()
#define S second
#define F first
#define sz(x) ((long long)x.size())
// #define int long long
#define f80 __float128
#define pii pair<int,int>
```

```
#define rep(i, n) for(int i = 0; i < (int)(n); i++)
const int MOD=1e9+7;
int modpow(ll a, ll n) {
 if(n==0) return 1;
 if(n==1) return a%MOD;
 if(n\%2==1) return (a*modpow(a,n-1))%MOD;
 If t = modpow(a, n/2);
 return (t*t)%MOD;
}
int modcmb(II I, II r) {
 II x=1,y=1;
 rep(i,r) {
  x=(x*(I-i))%MOD;
  y=(y*(i+1))%MOD;
 return (x*modpow(y,MOD-2))%MOD;
}
int main() {
    #ifdef ANIKET_GOYAL
         freopen("inputf.in","r",stdin);
         freopen("outputf.in","w",stdout);
    #endif
 int n,a,b;
 cin>>n>>a>>b;
 int ans=modpow(2,n)-1;
 int c=modcmb(n,a);
 int d=modcmb(n,b);
 ans=(ans-c+MOD)%MOD;
 ans=(ans-d+MOD)%MOD;
 cout<<ans;
}
Deadly Exponentiation (Simple Contest): C++
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define sd(x) scanf("%d", &x)
#define sz(v) (int) v.size()
#define pr(v) For(i, 0, sz(v)) {cout<<v[i]<<" ";} cout<<endl;
#define slld(x) scanf("%lld", &x)
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define For(i, st, en) for(II i=st; i<en; i++)
#define tr(x) for(auto it=x.begin(); it!=x.end(); it++)
```

```
#define fast std::ios::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(NULL);
#define pb push_back
#define II long long
#define ld long double
#define int long long
#define double long double
#define mp make_pair
#define F first
#define S second
typedef pair<int, int> pii;
typedef vector<int> vi;
#define pi 3.141592653589793238
const int MOD = 1e9+7;
const int INF = 1LL<<60;
const int N = 2e5+5;
// it's swapnil07;)
#ifdef SWAPNIL07
#define trace(...) __f(#__VA_ARGS___, __VA_ARGS___)
template <typename Arg1>
void ___f(const char* name, Arg1&& arg1){
  cout << name << " : " << arg1 << endl;
}
template <typename Arg1, typename... Args>
void __f(const char* names, Arg1&& arg1, Args&&... args){
  const char* comma = strchr(names + 1, ',');cout.write(names, comma -
names) << " : " << arg1<<" | ";__f(comma+1, args...);
int begtime = clock();
#define end_routine() cout << "\n\nTime elapsed: " << (clock() -</pre>
begtime)*1000/CLOCKS_PER_SEC << " ms\n\n";
#else
#define endl '\n'
#define trace(...)
#define end routine()
#endif
int powmod(int a, int b, int c = MOD){
  int ans = 1;
  while(b){
    if(b&1){
       ans = (ans*a)%c;
    }
```

```
a = (a*a)%c;
    b >>= 1;
  }
  return ans;
}
void solve(){
  int a, b, c, d; cin>>a>>b>>c>>d;
  int x = pow(c, d);
  int y = powmod(b, x, MOD-1);
  int ans = powmod(a, y, MOD);
  cout<<ans;
}
signed main()
{
  fast
  #ifdef SWAPNIL07
    freopen("input.txt","r",stdin);
    freopen("output.txt","w",stdout);
  #endif
  int t=1;
  // cin>>t;
  while(t--){
    solve();
    cout<<"\n";
  }
  return 0;
}
Is this prime?: C++
#include "bits/stdc++.h"
#pragma GCC optimize "03"
using namespace std;
#define int long long int
#define Id long double
#define pi pair<int, int>
#define pb push_back
#define fi first
#define se second
#define IOS ios::sync_with_stdio(false); cin.tie(0); cout.tie(0)
#ifndef LOCAL
#define endl '\n'
#endif
```

```
const int N = 2e5 + 5;
const int mod = 1e9 + 7;
const int inf = 1e9 + 9;
int power(int a, int b){
     int ans = 1;
     b %= (mod-1);
     while(b){
          if(b&1)
               ans = (ans*a) % mod;
          b >>= 1;
          a = (a*a) \% mod;
     }
     return ans;
}
int f(int n, int p){
     int ans = 1;
     int cur = 1;
     while(cur \leq n/p){
          cur = cur*p;
          int z = power(p, n/cur);
          ans = (ans*z) % mod;
     }
     return ans;
}
signed main() {
     IOS;
     int x, n, ans = 1;
     cin >> x >> n;
     for(int i = 2; i*i <= x; i++){
          if(x\%i!=0)
                         continue;
          ans = (ans*f(n, i)) % mod;
          while(x\%i == 0)
               x = i;
     if(x > 1)
          ans = (ans*f(n, x)) % mod;
     cout << ans;
     return 0;
}
Super-Exponentation: C++
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
```

```
using namespace std;
#define mem(a, b) memset(a, (b), sizeof(a))
#define fore(i,a) for(int i=0;i<a;i++)
#define fore1(i,j,a) for(int i=j;i<a;i++)
#define print(ar) for(int i=0;i<ar.size();i++)cout<<ar[i]<<" ";
#define END cout<<'\n'
const double pi=acos(-1.0);
typedef pair<int, int> PII;
typedef vector<long long> VI;
typedef vector<string> VS;
typedef vector<PII> VII;
typedef vector<VI> VVI;
typedef map<int,int> MPII;
typedef set<int> SETI;
typedef multiset<int> MSETI;
typedef long int li;
typedef unsigned long int uli;
typedef long long int II;
typedef unsigned long long int ull;
II fastexp (II a, II b, II n) {
 II res = 1;
 while (b) {
   if (b & 1) res = res*a%n;
   a = a*a%n;
   b >>= 1;
 }
 return res;
void fast(){
ios::sync_with_stdio(0);
cin.tie(0);
cout.tie(0);
int main()
{
```

```
fast();
Il a,b,c;
    int t, n, k;
    cin >> t;
    while(t--) {
        cin >> a >> b >> c;
    Il mod = 1e9+7;
    Il k = fastexp(b,c,mod-1);
    Il ans= fastexp(a,k,mod);
cout<<ans<<endl;
}</pre>
```