Department of Computer Science & Engineering, SDMCET, Dharwad-2



AOOP Assignment Submission Report

[Submitted as part of CTA Assignment No-1]

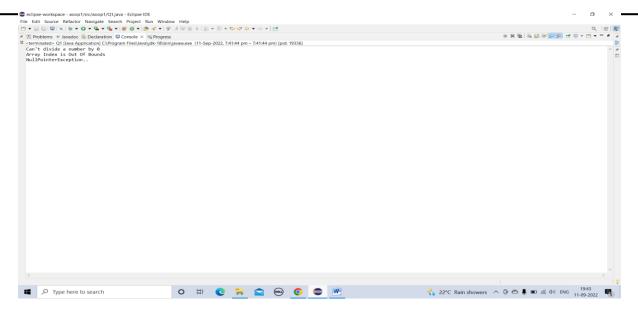
Course:	Advanced Object-Oriented Programming	Course Code:	18UCSE508
Semester:	V	Division:	A

Submitted by:

				l
USN:	2SD20CS051	Name:	MADHUSHREE NARAYAN SARATHI	l
				ı

Q.1) Write a Java program to generate and handle any three built-in exceptions and display appropriate error messages.

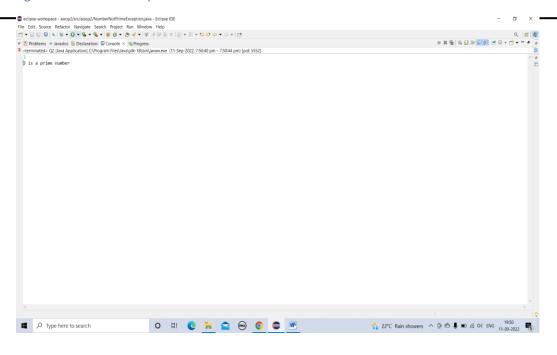
```
package aoop1;
class Q1 {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              // TODO Auto-generated method stub
              try {
       int a = 30, b = 0;
       int c = a / b; // cannot divide by zero
       System.out.println("Result = " + c);
    catch (ArithmeticException e) {
       System.out.println("Can't divide a number by 0");
               try {
              int a[] = new int[5];
              a[6] = 9; // accessing 7th element in an array of
              // size 5
            catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
              System.out.println("Array Index is Out Of Bounds");
               try {
              String a = null; // null value
              System.out.println(a.charAt(0));
            catch (NullPointerException e) {
              System.out.println("NullPointerException..");
```

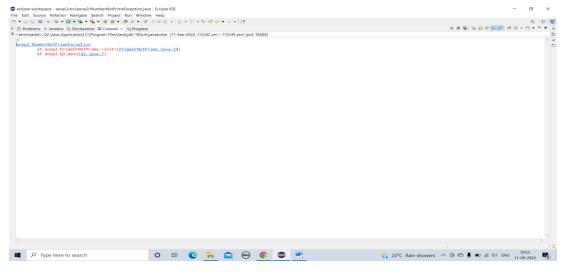


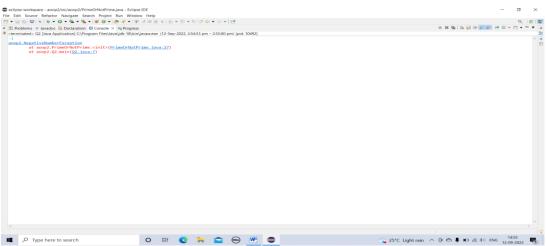
Q.2) Write a Java program to read an integer and check whether the number is prime or not. If negative number is entered, throw an exception NegativeNumberNotAllowedException and if entered number is not prime, then throw NumberNotPrimeException.

```
package aoop2;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class PrimeOrNotPrime {
    Scanner sc=<u>new Scanner(System.in)</u>;
    //System.out.println("ENTER THE VALID NUMBER");
    int n=sc.nextInt();
    try {
        if(n==0||n==1) {
               System.out.println(n+" is not a prime number");
        for(int i=2;i <= n;\underline{i++}) {
                if(n%i!=0) {
                       System.out.println(n+" is a prime number");
              break:
         else
                       throw new NumberNotPrimeException("PLEASE ENTER VALID
NUMBER");
     catch(Exception e){
                       e.printStackTrace();
```

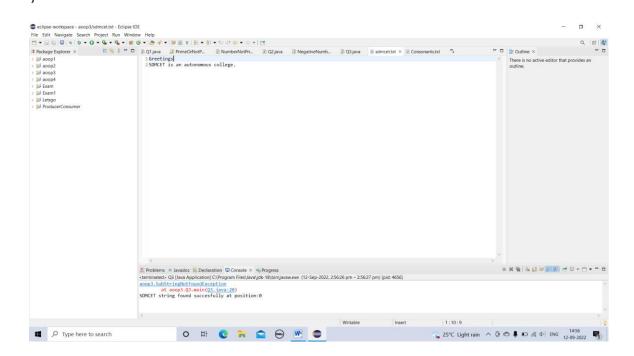
```
try {
        if(n<1)
               throw new NegativeNumberException("ENTER POSITIVE NUMBER");
    }catch(Exception e1) {
        e1.printStackTrace();
package aoop2;
public class NumberNotPrimeException extends Exception {
       private String e;
       NumberNotPrimeException(String e){
              this.e=e;
package aoop2;
public class NegativeNumberException extends Exception {
     private String e1;
     NegativeNumberException(String e1){
        this.e1=e1;
package aoop2;
public class Q2 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             // TODO Auto-generated method stub
              PrimeOrNotPrime p=new PrimeOrNotPrime();
```







```
Q.3) Write a Java program to perform the following operations:
a) Read a line of text
b) Search for a sub-string SDMCET (case insensitive search)
c) If found, then print success message
d) Otherwise throw an exception SubStringNotFoundException with appropriate message
package aoop3;
import java.io.*;
public class Q3{
  public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException{
       File file=new File("sdmcet.txt"); //creates a new file instance
       FileReader fr=new FileReader(file); //reads the file
       BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader(fr); //creates a buffering character input stream
       StringBuffer sb=new StringBuffer(); //constructs a string buffer with no characters
       String s1="SDMCET";
       String s2="";
       while((s2=br.readLine())!=null) {
              try {
                      if(s2.contains(s1)) {
                             System.out.println("SDMCET string found successfully at
position:"+s2.indexOf(s1) );
                             else
                                     throw new SubStringNotFoundException("String not
found");
                      }catch(Exception e) {
                             e.printStackTrace();
package aoop3;
public class SubStringNotFoundException extends Exception{
        private String e;
        SubStringNotFoundException(String e){
               this.e=e;
```



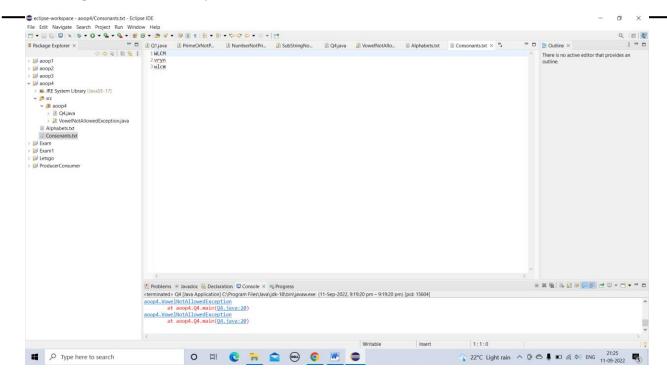
Q.4) Write a Java program to perform the following operations:

package aoop4;

- a) Create a file named Alphabets.txt and insert appropriate data into it
- b) Read the file and copy all the consonants into another file named Consonants.txt
- c) If vowel is encountered, throw an exception VowelNotAllowedException and continue until end of file

```
try {
```

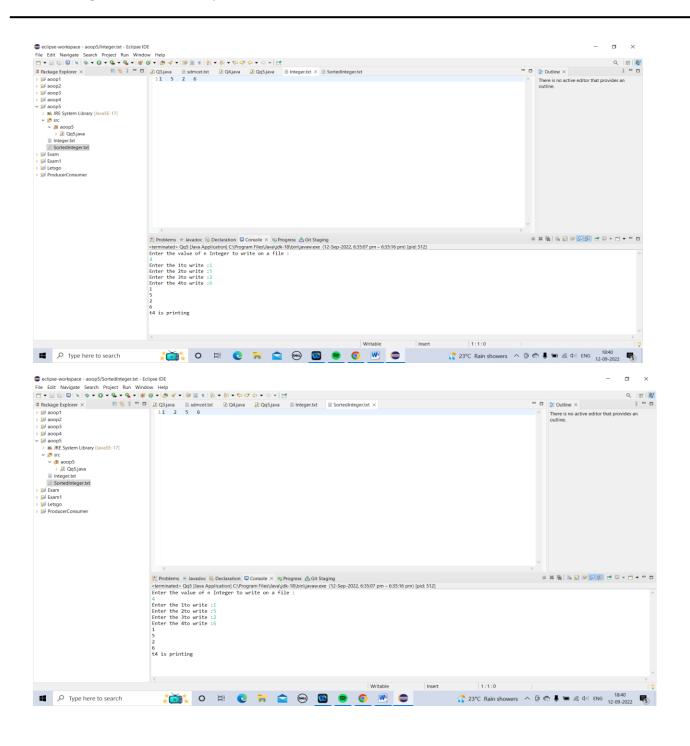
```
if(ch=='a'||ch=='e'||ch=='i'||ch=='u'||ch=='A'||ch=='E'||ch=='I'||ch=='O'||ch=='U')
         throw new VowelNotAllowedException("Vowels Found");
      else {
          fw.write(ch);
       catch(Exception e) {
             e.printStackTrace();
             fr.close();
             fw.close();
package aoop4;
public class VowelNotAllowedException extends Exception {
    private String e;
    VowelNotAllowedException(String e){
      this.e=e;
Type here to search
                    O # C % 😭 😭 🧐 💯 👄
```



- Q.5) Write a Java program to implement the following scenario:
- a) Create a file named Integers.txt and insert n-random integers into it
- b) Create three threads T1, T2 and T3 that read n/3 integers in sequence of occurrence of numbers from the file and sort the read n/3 integers
- c) Thread T4 waits for all the threads T1, T2 and T3 to complete sorting, then sorts and outputs the entire list of sorted numbers to another file named SortedIntegers.txt

```
System. out. println ("Enter the value of n Integer to write on a file:");
         int n = sc.nextInt();
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.print("Enter the " + (i + 1) + "to write :");
            int input = sc.nextInt();
            w.write(input + "\t");
       }w.close();
       int i=0;
       int arr[] = new int[n];
       File file = new File("Integer.txt");
       Scanner <u>read</u> = new Scanner(file);
       while(read.hasNext()){
           arr[i++] = Integer.valueOf(read.next());
       }
       Thread t1= new Thread(){
        public void run(){
           Arrays.sort(arr, 0, (arr.length/3));
           for (int j = 0; j < (arr.length/3); j++) {
                    System.out.println(arr[j]);
          }
};
       Thread t2= new Thread(){
        public void run(){
         Arrays.sort(arr, (arr.length/3), (2*(arr.length/3)));
         for (int j = (arr.length/3); j < (2*(arr.length/3)); j++) {
                  System.out.println(arr[j]);
         }
        }
       };
       Thread t3= new Thread(){
         public void run(){
          Arrays.sort(arr, (2*(arr.length/3)),(n-1));
          for (int j = (2*(arr.length/3)); j < n; j++) {
```

```
System.out.println(arr[j]);
               }
             }
             };
             Thread t4= new Thread(){
              public void run(){
               Arrays.sort(arr);
               // Arrays.sort(arr, 0,n);
           StringBuilder s = new StringBuilder();
               try{
                   FileWriter write =new FileWriter("SortedInteger.txt");
                  System.out.println("t4 is printing");
               for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
                      s.append(String.valueOf(arr[j]) + "\t");
               write.write(s.toString());
               write.close();
              }catch (Exception e){
                  System.out.println(e);
              }
              }
             };
             t1.start();
             t1.join();
             t2.start();
             t2.join();
             t3.start();
             t3.join();
             t4.start();
     }catch(Exception e){
                System.out.println(e);
              }
             }
}
```



	 <u> </u>	