1a V is a binomial distribution

N=15, p=0.25

Y=# of correct guesses

16. E[Y] = n-p - (15-0.25) = (3.75 = E[Y] V[Y] = npq = (15-0.25-0.75) = 2.8125=V[Y]

1c. P(Y=5) = pbinom(5, 15, 0-25)

( = 0.8516)

1d. 1-P(Y=7) phinom(7,15,0.25)

1-0.9827

~ (0.0173)

2.  $n \cdot p = M = 84$  $n \cdot p \cdot q = V = 36$ 

n.p.q=36 substitute

84. Q = 36 Q = = = 0.42857 P = = 0.57143

n=84.7 n=147

P(Y250)=1-phinom (49, 147, 4/7)

21

3a. Y= # of trials until first error geo  $P(Y=y)=q^{V-1}$   $P(Y=y)=q^{V-1}$  Q=0.96

 $P(Y==5) = 0.96^{\circ}0.04$ 

36.  $P(Y = 5) = 1 - 9^{k}$ = 1-(0.96)<sup>5</sup>

~ 0.18463

Matt

$$= \left(\frac{4999}{5000}\right)^{1999} = \frac{1}{5000}$$

Mott Wilder

5a bot of 7 (-115+ 104) P= prob(A wins a game) = 0.54 P(A wins in 6) = (3) (0.54) 4 (0.46) ~ 0.17992466496 5b. P(Awins) = P(4)+P(5)+P(6)+P(7)  $P(4) = (\frac{3}{3})(0.54)^{4}(0.46)^{6} \approx 0.08503$ P(5) = (4) (0.54) 4(0.46) 2 0.156456 P(7)=(3)(0.54)4(0.46)3 20.16553069 E P(i) 2 0.5869 4214712

Moth