Group members & Contributions:

Carlie Vargas: Worked on the logic and structuring of the code, also made sure that calling conventions were being followed. Verified codes correctness alongside Karina and Maddie

Karina Lee: Helped with formatting and getting the proof of our working code and worked with Carlie on the starter code and layout.

Maddie Masiello: Wrote a few test cases, helped verify correctness

Source Code:

```
#-----
# Lab 1 Code
#-----
.data
A: .word 1,2,3,4
B: .word 4,3,2,1
size: .word 2
C: .space 16
#-----
.text
Main:
# Initializing
li sp ,0x10000 # stack pointer
la s8, A # A Matrix
la s9, B # B Matrix
la s6, C # Mult C Matrix
la s5, size # Size of Matrix
li s1,0 # j counter
li s2,0
        # i counter
li s3,0 # k counter
lw s4,0(s5) # Loads the value of size
mv s0,ra  # moves return address into saved reg
I Loop: beg s2, s4, I After # branch if i equals the value of size
   li s1,0  # reset j to 0
J_Loop: beq s1,s4, J_After # branch if j equals the value of size
    li s7,0 # clearing accumulator fo next iteration
    li s3,0
             # reset k to 0
K Loop: beg s3,s4,K After # branch if k equals the value of size
      # getting the value in A matrix
    mv a1, s4  # moving save size reg to arg reg
```

```
mv a0, s2 #moving save i reg to arg reg
# stack saving for a or t
 addi sp,sp ,-8 # loading stack :(
 sw a0 ,0(sp) # saving argumnet 0
 sw a1, 4(sp) # saving argument 1
 call Multiply # i * size
          # (i*size)
 mv t5,a0
 lw a0 , 0(sp) # restoring argument 0
 lw a1, 4(sp) # restoring argumnet 1
 addi sp,sp ,8 # restore the stack
 add t5,t5,s3 # (i*size)+k
 slli t5,t5,2 # ((i*size)+k) * 4
 add t2,s8,t5 # indexing A[((i*size)+k) * 4]
 lw s11,0(t2) # value at A[((i*size)+k) * 4]
# getting the value in the B matrix
mv a0,s3  # k into arg reg
mv a1,s4 # size into arg reg
  #caller stack saving a0 and a1
 addi sp,sp ,-8 # loading stack :(
 sw a0 , \theta(sp) #saving arg \theta
 sw a1, 4(sp) #saving arg 1
 call Multiply # (k*size)
 mv t6,a0
            # k *size
 lw a0 , 0(sp) #restoring arg 0
 lw a1, 4(sp) #restoring arg 1
 addi sp,sp ,8 #restore the stack
  add t6,t6,s1 # (k*size)+j --- k is t6
  slli t6,t6,2 # ((k*size)+j)*4
  add t4 ,s9,t6 # indexing B[(k*size)+j)*4]
  lw s10,0(t4) # value at B[(k*size)+j)*4]
  #Multiplying Matrices values into the C matrices
 mv a1,s10  # value in B matrix
 mv a0,s11 # value in A matrix
  addi sp,sp,-8 # loading stack :(
 sw a0, \theta(sp) # saving arg \theta
 sw a1, 4(sp) # saving arg 1
```

```
call Multiply # Multiplying matrices values
       add s7,s7,a0 # accumualting products for each index in C
     lw a0 , 0(sp) # restoring arg 0
     lw a1, 4(sp) # restoring arg1
     addi sp,sp,8 # restore the stack
     # should now have multiplied value
     addi s3,s3,1 # increment k by 1
     j K Loop
K After:
      addi s1,s1,1 # increment j by 1
       sw s7,0(s6) # store value into C matrix
       addi s6,s6,4 # incrementing the address of C for the new
value
      j J Loop
J After:
      addi s2,s2,1 # incrementing the i value
      j I Loop
I After:
      j Done
                         # The Multiply Function for Matrices
Multiply:
       li t6,0
M Loop:
       begz a0, Return # branch to return if a0 = 0
       andi t5,a0,1 # get the LSB
       begz t5, Shifting # when LSB of B is 0 skip the adding
Adding:
       add t6,t6,a1 # adding to the multiply accumulator
Shifting:
       slli a1,a1,1 # shift A left once
       srli a0,a0,1 # shift B right once
       j M Loop
Return:
       mv a0,t6 # put the return value in a0
Done:
      mv ra,s0
     #ret # comment out so it doesn't keep looping
```

Proof of working implementation:

