Funding

Assistantships:

• Research Assistantship (RA), Teaching Assistantship (TA or GTA), Graduate Assistantship (GA)

• Paid positions which include tuition reduction and a stipend for living expenses may also include benefits like health care.

• Contracted to work a certain number of hours a week or to teach a set number of classes.

• Can be in an academic department, research lab/group, or any other department on campus.

• Gain career relevant skills while working and partially funding your education.

Fellowships:

• A	apply for funding through national, state or institutional organizations
• N	Tay have specifications on how funding can be used.
• F	unding may be distributed to you or directly to your institution.
• A	apply for funding through national, state or institutional organizations.

• Funding for tuition or other specified uses.

• Funding may be distributed to you or directly to your institution.

Financial Aid:

• Grants: federally awarded funding based on educational need.

• Subsidized Loans: federally subsidized loans that have a lower interest rate and which do not accrue interest until you graduate. Repayment of loans begins after graduation.

• Unsubsidized Loans: loans which begin accruing interest immediately. Repayment of loans begins after graduation.

• Private Loans: loans which begin accruing interest immediately and which you will begin making payments on immediately.

Academic Positions

Tenure Track:

• Full Professor: the destination of the "<u>tenure</u> track," upon exhausting all normally-expected promotions.

• Associate Professor: On-Track to be a "Full Professor."

• Assistant Professor: On-Track to be an "Associate Professor," typically entry-level for "tenure track" positions.

• Professor Emeritus: Other such *titles of special distinction* vary by institution. May or may not be active in campus through teaching or research.

• PI: Primary Investigator is the lead investigator on a research project and/or grant. Is often an Assistant, Associate or Full Professor.

Instructor:

• Adjunct Faculty: Titles differ by institution, but these faculty are not on the tenure track and often focus primarily on teaching.

• Lecturer: Often part-time and focused on teaching. May also be teaching at multiple campuses or also be a working practitioner in addition to teaching.

Researcher:

• Post-doc: Person conducting research after the completion of their doctoral studies as part of a temporary appointment, usually in preparation for an academic faculty position.

• Research Associate: Faculty who are focused on conducting research and who do not normally teach. Not usually on the tenure track, but this varies by institution.

Degrees

Doctorate:

• 3-6+ year degrees that require specialization in a field. Can be professional or research/academic focused.

• Requires a culminating dissertation where you generate and present *novel* scholarly research in your field along with qualifying exams.

Master's:

• 1-3 year degrees that require specialization in a field. Can be professional or research/academic focused.

• Requires the completion of qualifying exams and/or a thesis in which you present your research.

Professional:

These degrees focus on coursework and practicum (e.g. internships, group projects, residencies, etc.). Degrees include:
M.A., M.B.A., M.P.H., P.S.M., LL.M., M.Ed., M.D., D.O., Psy.D., D.V.M., J.D., Ed.D.

• Certificate and licensing programs focus on preparing you for a specific accreditation (usually an exam).

Academic:

• These degrees focus on independent scholarly work (e.g. a research-based thesis or dissertation). Degrees include: M.S., M.Sc., M.F.A., M.Phil., M.Res. Ph.D., D.Phil., D.Sci.