

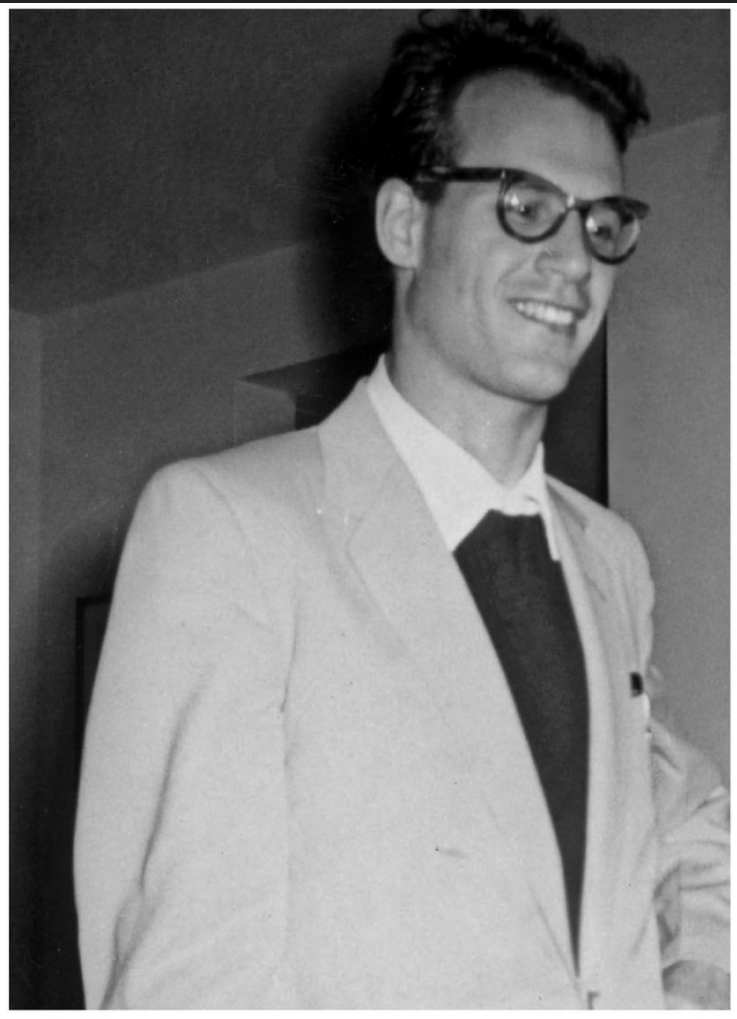
# The Rising Sea

Matt Drury, March 2023

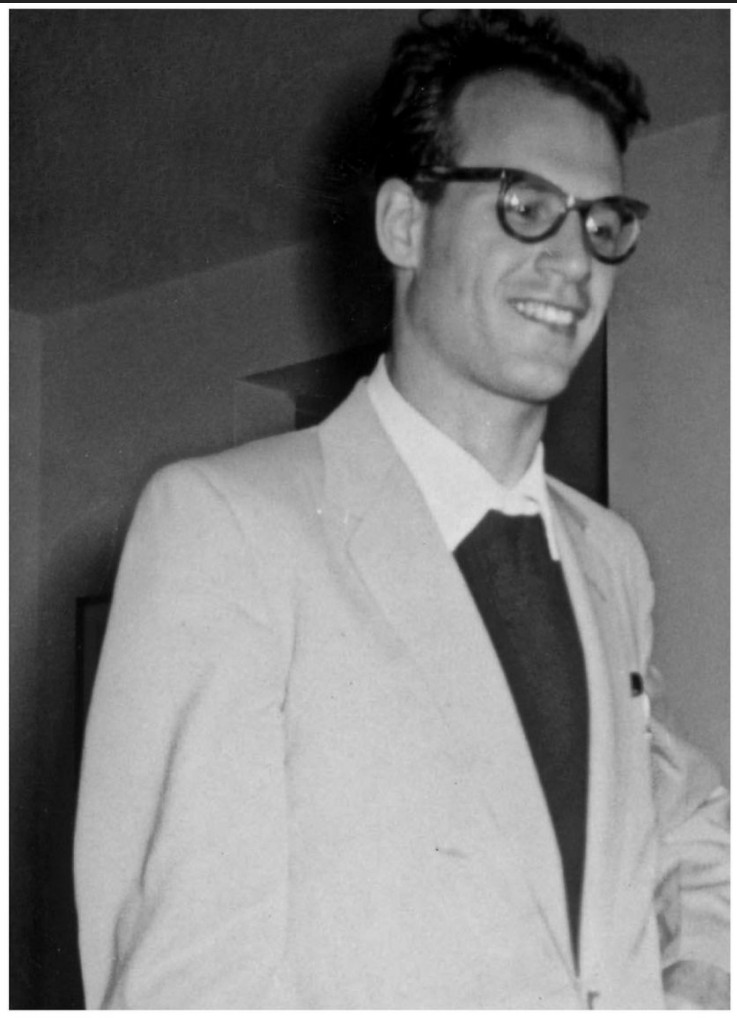
<https://github.com/madrury/the-rising-sea>

# The Rising Sea

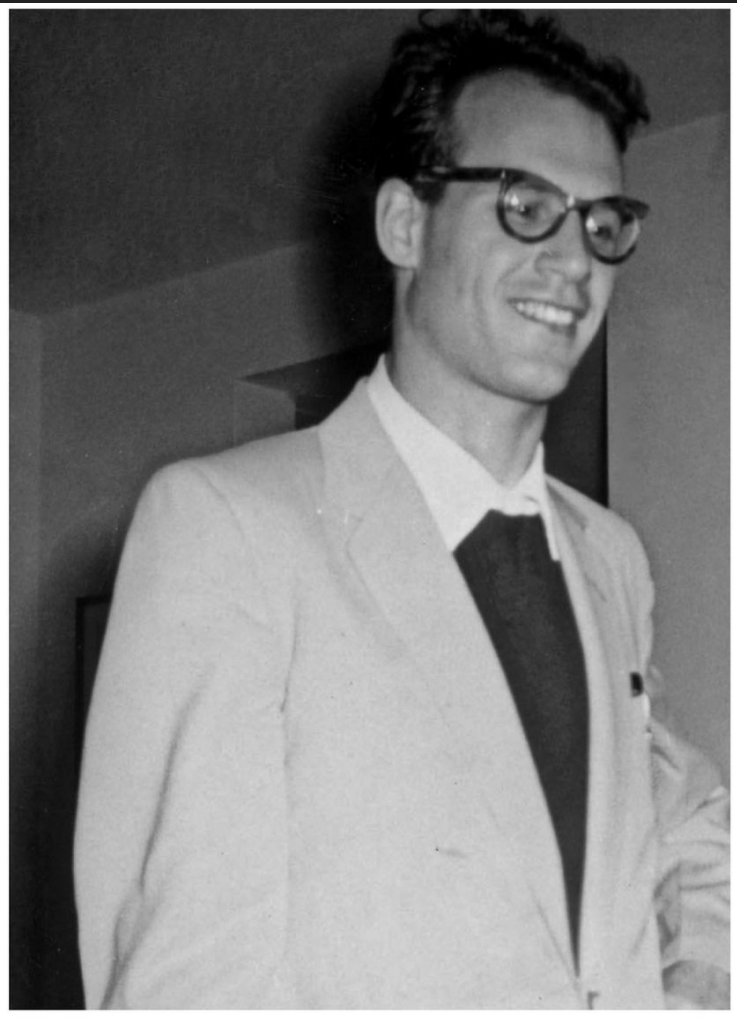
A talk about **one** method for composing  
computer programs.



???



Alexander Grothendieck  
1928 - 2014



Alexander Grothendieck  
1928 - 2014  
Mathematician

## Analogies in Other Fields:

- Mathematics : Grothendieck
- Physics : Paul Dirac
- Computer Science : Alonzo Church
- Programming Languages : John McCarthy

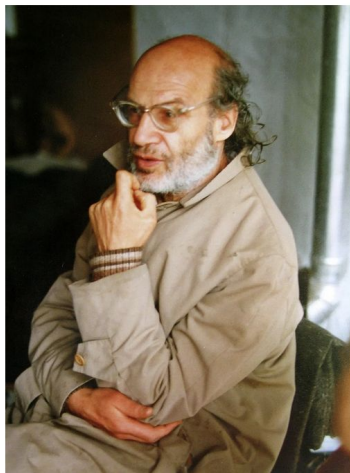
# Alexander Grothendieck, Math Enigma, Dies at 86

By [Bruce Weber](#) and Julie Rehmeyer

Nov. 14, 2014



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Alexander Grothendieck in 1988.  
Erika Ifang

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Obituary | [Published: 14 January 2015](#)

## Alexander Grothendieck (1928–2014)

[David Mumford](#) ✉ & [John Tate](#) ✉

*“The sad thing is that this was rejected as much too technical for their readership. Their editor wrote me that 'higher degree polynomials', 'infinitesimal vectors' and 'complex space' (even complex numbers) were things at least half their readership had never come across.”*

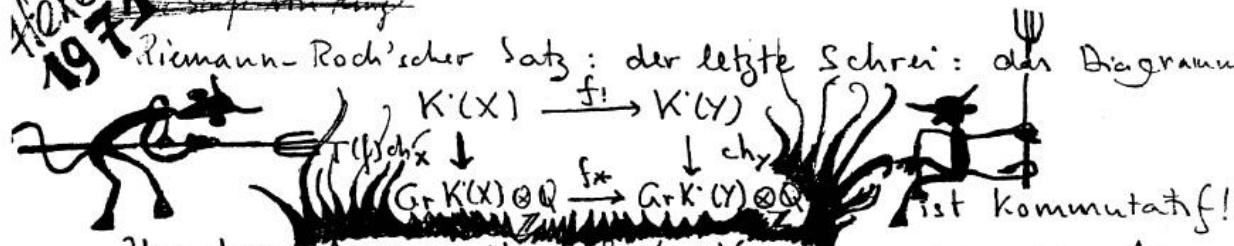
*David Mumford*



Alexander  
1974

~~Stefan Lange~~

Riemann-Roch'scher Satz: der letzte Schrei: das Diagramm



Um dieser Aussage über  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  einen approximativen Sinn zu geben, musste ich nahezu zwei Stunden lang die Geduld der Zuhörer missbrauchen. Schwartz auf Weiss (in Springer's Lecture Notes) nimmt's wohl an die 400, 500 Seiten. Ein packendes Beispiel dafür, wie unser Wissens- und Entdeckungsdrang sich immer mehr in einen lebensentrickten logischen Delirium verlebt, während das Leben selbst auf tausendfache Art zum Teufel geht - und ~~mit~~ <sup>mit</sup> endgültiger Vernichtung bedroht ist. Höchste Zeit, unsern Kurs zu ändern!

(6.12.1974)

Alexander Grothendieck

 The Rising Sea 

*“A different image came to me a few weeks ago. The unknown thing to be known appeared to me as some stretch of earth or hard marl, resisting penetration... the sea advances insensibly in silence, nothing seems to happen, nothing moves, the water is so far off you hardly hear it... yet it finally surrounds the resistant substance...”*

*Grothendieck*

*“I have also learned not to take glory in the difficulty of a proof: difficulty means we have not understood. The ideal is to be able to paint a landscape in which the proof is obvious.”*

*Grothendieck*



Nut Cracking





Jean-Paul  
Serre

*“Serre created a series of concise elegant tools which Grothendieck and coworkers simplified into thousands of pages of category theory”*

*Colin McLarty*

Which style makes for better  
computer programs?



# Advent of Code, 2022

## Problem #5



[D]

[N] [C]

[Z] [M] [P]

-----

1

2

3



move 1 from 2 to 1

[D]

[N] [C]

[Z] [M] [P]

-----

1

2

3



move 2 from 1 to 3

		[D]
[N]	[C]	[N]
[Z]	[M]	[P]
-----		
1	2	3

[T]		[Q]				[S]		
[R]		[M]				[L]	[V]	[G]
[D]	[V]	[V]				[Q]	[N]	[C]
[H]	[T]	[S]	[C]			[V]	[D]	[Z]
[Q]	[J]	[D]	[M]		[Z]	[C]	[M]	[F]
[N]	[B]	[H]	[N]	[B]	[W]	[N]	[J]	[M]
[P]	[G]	[R]	[Z]	[Z]	[C]	[Z]	[G]	[P]
[B]	[W]	[N]	[P]	[D]	[V]	[G]	[L]	[T]
-----								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

**Serre:** “You should write code to solve the problem.”

**Grothendieck:** “You should structure your data so that the problem solves itself.”

Concepts in program space we need to model:

- Instruction
- Program
- Stack of Boxes
- Harbor (multiple stacks) of boxes.

move 2 from 1 to 3

```
@dataclass
class Instruction:
    source: int
    destination: int
    count: int
```



```
move 1 from 2 to 1  
move 2 from 1 to 3  
move 1 from 3 to 1  
...
```

Program = list[Instruction]

```
class Harbor:
```

```
    # Some representation of the data.
```

```
    def execute(self, i: Instruction):
```

```
        # Some code that moves around the stacks.
```

```
    def run(self, p: Program):
```

```
        for instruction in p:
```

```
            self.execute(instruction)
```

@dataclass

**class** Harbor:

stacks: List[**Stack**]

**def** execute(self, i: Instruction):

source = self.stacks[i.source]

destination = self.stacks[i.destination]

payload = source.**popsome**(i.count)

destination.**extend**(payload)

```
@dataclass
```

```
class Stack:
```

```
    boxes: list[Box]
```

```
    def popsome(self, count: int) -> List[Box]:
```

```
        tail = self.boxes[-count:]
```

```
        self.boxes = self.boxes[:-count]
```

```
        return self.tail
```

```
    def extend(self, some: List[Box]):
```

```
        self.boxes.extend(some)
```

All my choices were made here.

- Instruction
- Program
- Stack of Boxes
- Harbor (multiple stacks) of boxes.



The Darkness



## Harbor?

[T]		[Q]				[S]		
[R]		[M]				[L]	[V]	[G]
[D]	[V]	[V]				[Q]	[N]	[C]
[H]	[T]	[S]	[C]			[V]	[D]	[Z]
[Q]	[J]	[D]	[M]		[Z]	[C]	[M]	[F]
[N]	[B]	[H]	[N]	[B]	[W]	[N]	[J]	[M]
[P]	[G]	[R]	[Z]	[Z]	[C]	[Z]	[G]	[P]
[B]	[W]	[N]	[P]	[D]	[V]	[G]	[L]	[T]

-----

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

```

def parse_harbor(stackstr: Iterable[str]) -> Harbor:
    bottomup = list(stackitr)[: -1]
    harbor = Harbor([[[] for _ in
range(N_STACKS)]])
    for line in bottomup:
        tokens = [
            ''.join(x for _, x in g[1])
            for g in itertools.groupby(
                enumerate(line),
                lambda t: t[0] // N_CHARS_IN_BOX_TOKEN
            )
        ]
    tokens] boxes: List[Box] = [t.strip('[ ] ') for t in
harbor.iter_stack()]
    for box, stack in zip(boxes,
        if box: stack.append(box)
    return stacks

```



