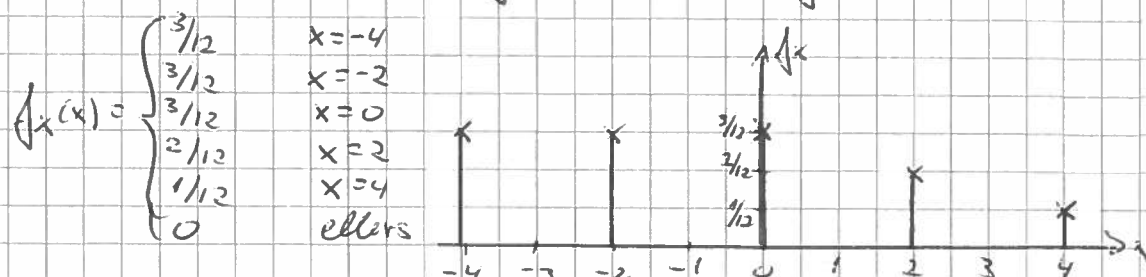


Opq 1 S17

$$a) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} F_X(x) = 12a = 1 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{a = \frac{1}{12}}}$$

b) pmf $f_X(x)$ er størrelsen af trinene i cdf $F_X(x)$:



$$\sum_i f_X(x_i) = \frac{3+3+3+2+1}{12} = \frac{12}{12} = 1 \quad \text{O.K.}$$

$$c) \underline{\underline{E(X) = \sum_i x_i \cdot f_X(x_i) = -4 \cdot \frac{3}{12} - 2 \cdot \frac{3}{12} + 0 \cdot \frac{3}{12} + 2 \cdot \frac{2}{12} + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{12} = \frac{-12-6+0+4+4}{12} = \frac{-10}{12} = -\frac{5}{6} = -0.833}}$$

$$d) \underline{\underline{E(X^2) = \sum_i x_i^2 \cdot f_X(x_i) = (-4)^2 \cdot \frac{3}{12} + (-2)^2 \cdot \frac{3}{12} + 0^2 \cdot \frac{3}{12} + 2^2 \cdot \frac{2}{12} + 4^2 \cdot \frac{1}{12} = \frac{48+12+0+8+16}{12} = \frac{84}{12} = 7}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\text{Var}(X) = E(X^2) - E(X)^2 = 7 - \left(-\frac{5}{6}\right)^2 = 7 - \frac{25}{36} = \frac{252-25}{36} = \frac{227}{36} = 6.31}}$$

Opg. 2 S17

A : Regn , \bar{A} : Ikke regn

B : 1-15/6 , \bar{B} : 16-30/6 , $N_{\text{Juni}} = 30$

$$P(A|B) = 0.20 , P(A|\bar{B}) = 0.30 , P(B) = P(\bar{B}) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a) P(A) &= P(A|B) \cdot P(B) + P(A|\bar{B}) \cdot P(\bar{B}) = 0.2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 0.3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 0.25 \\ &= \frac{N_{\text{Regn}}}{N_{\text{Juni}}} \end{aligned}$$

↓

$$\underline{N_{\text{Regn}}} = 0.25 \cdot N_{\text{Juni}} = 0.25 \cdot 30 = \underline{7.5 \text{ dage}}$$

$$b) \underline{P(\bar{B}|A)} = \frac{P(A|\bar{B}) \cdot P(\bar{B})}{P(A)} = \frac{0.30 \cdot 0.5}{0.25} = \underline{0.60}$$

$$c) \underline{P(\leq 1 \text{ dag med regn} | B)} = P(0 \text{ dage med regn} | B) + P(1 \text{ dag med regn} | B)$$

$$\begin{aligned} p &= P(A|B) = 0.2 \\ 1-p &= P(\bar{A}|B) = 0.8 \\ &= \binom{15}{0} \cdot p^0 \cdot (1-p)^{15} + \binom{15}{1} \cdot p^1 \cdot (1-p)^{14} \\ &= 1 \cdot 0.2^0 \cdot 0.8^{15} + 15 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.8^{14} \\ &= 0.8^{14} \cdot (0.8 + 3) \\ &= 3.8 \cdot 0.8^{14} = \underline{0.167 = 16.7\%} \end{aligned}$$

Opg. 3 S17

$$X(t) = (-1)^n + w = \begin{cases} 1+w & (n=0) \\ -1+w & (n=1) \end{cases} \quad \Pr(n=0) = \Pr(n=1) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$w \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \frac{1}{4}) \quad (\mu=0, \sigma^2=\frac{1}{4} \text{ (} \sigma=\frac{1}{2} \text{)})$$

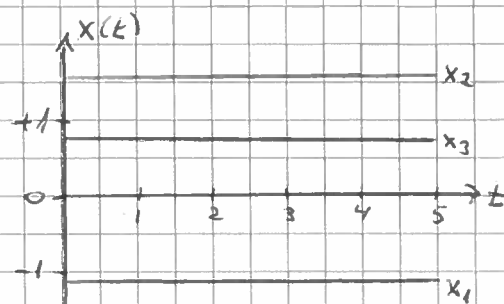
a) 3 realisationer

Matlab: $n = \text{randi}([0,1], 1, 3);$
 $w = 0.5 \cdot \text{randn}(1, 3)$

$$x_1 = (-1)^{n(1)} + w(1) = -1.103$$

$$x_2 = (-1)^{n(2)} + w(2) = 1.508$$

$$x_3 = (-1)^{n(3)} + w(3) = 0.756$$



b) $\hat{\mu}_{x_1} = x_1 = -1 - 0.103 = \underline{\underline{-1.103}}$

$\hat{\sigma}_{x_1}^2 = 0$ (X_1 konstant)

c) $\underline{\underline{E(X) = E((-1)^n + w) = E((-1)^n) + E(w) = (-1)^0 \cdot \Pr(n=0) + (-1)^1 \cdot \Pr(n=1) + E(w)}}$
 $= 1 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + (-1) \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 0 = 1 - 1 + 0 = \underline{\underline{0}}$

$\underline{\underline{\text{Var}(X) = \text{Var}((-1)^n + w) = \text{Var}((-1)^n) + \text{Var}(w)}}$
 $= E(((-1)^n)^2) - E((-1)^n)^2 + \text{Var}(w)$
 $= E(1) - 0^2 + \frac{1}{4} = 1 + \frac{1}{4} = \underline{\underline{\frac{5}{4} = 1.25}}$

d) $E(X)$ og $\text{Var}(X)$ uafh. af $t \rightarrow \underline{\underline{WSS}}$

$E(X) \neq \hat{\mu}_{x_1}$ og $\text{Var}(X) \neq \hat{\sigma}_{x_1}^2 \rightarrow \underline{\underline{\text{Ikke ergodisk}}}$

Opg 4 S17

$$\text{Type 1: } n_1 = 10, \hat{\mu}_1 = 5.21 \text{ m}, S_1^2 = 1.33 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Type 2: } n_2 = 12, \hat{\mu}_2 = 4.18 \text{ m}, S_2^2 = 0.89 \text{ m}^2$$

$$a) H_0: \delta = \hat{\mu}_1 - \mu_2 = 0$$

$$H_1: \delta = \mu_1 - \mu_2 \neq 0$$

$$b) \underline{\hat{\delta}} = \hat{\mu}_1 - \hat{\mu}_2 = 5.21 - 4.18 \text{ m} = \underline{1.03 \text{ m}}$$

$$c) \underline{\hat{S}^2} = \frac{1}{n_1 + n_2 - 2} \left((n_1 - 1) \hat{S}_1^2 + (n_2 - 1) \hat{S}_2^2 \right) = \frac{1}{20} \cdot (9 \cdot 1.33 + 11 \cdot 0.89) \text{ m}^2 = \underline{1.088 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$d) \underline{t} = \frac{\hat{\delta} - 0}{\sqrt{\hat{S}^2 \left(\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} \right)}} = \frac{1.03}{\sqrt{1.088 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{12} \right)}} = 2.306 \sim t(20)$$

$$t_{\text{eff}}(2.306, 20) = 0.9840$$

$$p\text{-værdi} = 2 \cdot (1 - 0.9840) = 2 \cdot 0.0160 = 0.032 < 0.05$$

⇓

H_0 afvises. Des. de 2 typer gps'er er forskellige.

$$e) \underline{t}_0 = t_{\text{inv}}(0.975, 20) = 2.086$$

$$\Delta \delta = \underline{t}_0 \cdot \sqrt{\hat{S}^2 \left(\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} \right)} = 2.086 \cdot \sqrt{1.088 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{12} \right)} = 0.932$$

$$\delta_- = \hat{\delta} - \Delta \delta = 1.03 - 0.93 = 0.10$$

$$\delta_+ = \hat{\delta} + \Delta \delta = 1.03 + 0.93 = 1.96$$

95% konfidensinterval for $\delta = \underline{[0.10, 1.96]}$

$\delta = 0 \notin [0.10, 1.96] \Rightarrow H_0$ afvises.