## 1 Inference rules

# 1.1 Formation of contexts, types, and their elements

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash B(x) \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \ \vdash A \equiv B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \ \vdash A \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a \colon\! A}{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a \equiv b : A}{\Gamma \vdash a : A}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a \equiv b : A}{\Gamma \vdash b : A}$$

# 1.2 Judgemental equality is an equivalence relation

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv A \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \ \vdash A \equiv B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \ \vdash B \equiv A \text{ type}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv B \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \equiv C \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv C \text{ type}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a : A}{\Gamma \vdash a \equiv a : A}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a \equiv b : A}{\Gamma \vdash b \equiv a : A}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a \equiv b : A \qquad \Gamma \vdash b \equiv c : A}{\Gamma \vdash a \equiv c : A}$$

#### 1.3 Variable conversion

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv A' \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma, \ x : A, \ \Delta \vdash B(x) \text{ type}}{\Gamma, \ x : A', \ \Delta \vdash B(x) \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv A' \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma, x : A, \Delta \vdash \mathcal{J}}{\Gamma, x : A', \Delta \vdash \mathcal{J}}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv A' \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash a : A}{\Gamma \vdash a : A'}$$

#### 1.4 Substitution

Metasyntactic notation (used in many places):

t[a/x] := t with all occurences of x replaced by a

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a : A \qquad \Gamma, x : A, \Delta \vdash \mathcal{J}}{\Gamma, \Delta[a/x] \vdash \mathcal{J}[a/x]} S$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a \equiv a' \colon A \qquad \Gamma, \ x \colon A, \ \Delta \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma, \ \Delta[a/x] \ \vdash B[a/x] \equiv B[a'/x] \text{ type}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \ \vdash a \equiv a' \colon\! A \qquad \Gamma, \ x \colon\! A, \ \Delta \ \vdash b \colon\! B}{\Gamma, \ \Delta[a/x] \ \vdash b[a/x] \equiv b[a'/x] \colon\! B[a/x]}$$

### 1.5 Weakening

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma, \Delta \vdash \mathcal{J}}{\Gamma, x : A, \Delta \vdash \mathcal{J}} W$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma, x : A \vdash B \text{ type}} W$$

### 1.6 Generic elements

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma, x : A \vdash x : A} \delta$$

## 1.7 Manipulating variables

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A, \Delta \vdash \mathcal{J}}{\Gamma, x' : A, \Delta[x'/x] \vdash \mathcal{J}[x'/x]} x'/x$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma, x : A, y : B, \Delta \vdash \mathcal{J}}{\Gamma, y : B, x : A, \Delta \vdash \mathcal{J}}$$

# $\mathbf{2}$ $\Pi$ types

# 2.1 Dependent functions

#### 2.1.1 $\Pi$ formation

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, x: A \vdash B(x) \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi_{(x:A)}B(x) \text{ type}} \Pi$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv A' \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma, \ x \colon A \vdash B(x) \equiv B'(x) \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi_{(x \colon A)} B(x) \equiv \Pi_{(x \colon A')} B'(x) \text{ type}} \ \Pi\text{-eq}$$

#### 2.1.2 $\Pi$ introduction

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, \ x \colon\! A \ \vdash \ b(x) \colon\! B(x)}{\Gamma \ \vdash \ \lambda x . b(x) \colon\! \Pi_{(x \colon\! A)} B(x)} \ \lambda$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash b(x) \equiv b'(x) : B(x)}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x . b(x) \equiv \lambda x . b'(x) : \Pi_{(x : A)} B(x)} \lambda - \text{eq}$$

#### 2.1.3 $\Pi$ elimination

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash f : \Pi_{(x:A)}B(x)}{\Gamma, x:A \vdash f(x) : B(x)} \text{ ev}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash f \equiv f' : \Pi_{(x:A)}B(x)}{\Gamma, x:A \vdash f(x) \equiv f'(x) : B(x)} \text{ ev-eq}$$

#### 2.1.4 $\Pi$ computation

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, \ x \colon\! A \ \vdash \ b(x) \colon\! B(x)}{\Gamma, \ x \colon\! A \ \vdash \ (\lambda y . b(y))(x) \equiv b(x) \colon\! B(x)} \ \beta$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash f : \Pi_{(x:A)}B(x)}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. f(x) \equiv f : \Pi_{(x:A)}B(x)} \eta$$

# 2.2 Ordinary functions

#### 2.2.1 Basic

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \, \vdash A \; \mathrm{type} \quad \Gamma \, \vdash B \; \mathrm{type}}{\Gamma \, \vdash A \, {\rightarrow} B \; \mathrm{type}} \, \rightarrow \,$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash A \to B \equiv \Pi_{(x:A)} B \text{ type}}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \ \vdash \ B \ \text{type} \qquad \Gamma, \ x \colon\! A \ \vdash \ b(x) \colon\! B}{\Gamma \ \vdash \ \lambda x \ldotp b(x) \colon\! A \!\to\! B} \ \lambda$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash f : A \to B}{\Gamma, x : A \vdash f(x) : B} \text{ ev}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma, x : A \vdash b(x) : B}{\Gamma, x : A \vdash (\lambda y . b(y))(x) \equiv b(x) : B} \beta$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash f : A \to B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x . f(x) \equiv f : A \to B} \eta$$

The symbol  $\rightarrow$  is right-associative:

$$X \to Y \to Z := X \to (Y \to Z)$$

#### 2.2.2 Identity function

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{id}_{A} : A \to A}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{id}_A \equiv \lambda x. x : A \to A}$$

#### 2.2.3 Function composition

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash C \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{comp} : (B \mathbin{\rightarrow} C) \mathbin{\rightarrow} (A \mathbin{\rightarrow} B) \mathbin{\rightarrow} (A \mathbin{\rightarrow} C)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash C \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{comp} \equiv \lambda g. \lambda f. \lambda x. g(f(x)) : (B \to C) \to (A \to B) \to (A \to C)}$$

Convention:

$$g \circ f := \operatorname{comp}(g, f) \equiv \lambda x. g(f(x))$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \ \vdash \ f : A \mathop{\rightarrow} B \qquad \Gamma \ \vdash \ g : B \mathop{\rightarrow} C \qquad \Gamma \ \vdash \ h : C \mathop{\rightarrow} D}{\Gamma \ \vdash \ (h \circ g) \circ f \ \equiv \ h \circ (g \circ f) : A \mathop{\rightarrow} D}$$

## 3 The natural numbers

### 3.1 Basic

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{1}{1+1}$$
 N-form

MLTT rule:

$$\overline{\vdash 0_{\mathbb{N}} : \mathbb{N}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\vdash \operatorname{succ}_{\mathbb{N}} : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}$$

# 3.2 Induction principle

Convention (used in many places):

$$f(x,y) := f(x)(y) \equiv (f(x))(y)$$

Metasyntactic shortcut (only for this document):

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\textcircled{P} \qquad \Gamma \vdash p_0: P(0_{\mathbb{N}}) \qquad \Gamma \vdash p_S: \Pi_{(n:\mathbb{N})}\left(P(n) \rightarrow P(\operatorname{succ}_{\mathbb{N}}(n))\right)}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{ind}_{\mathbb{N}}(p_0, p_S): \Pi_{(n:\mathbb{N})}P(n)} \ \mathbb{N}\text{-ind}$$

$$\frac{ \textcircled{P} \qquad \Gamma \, \vdash \, p_0 : P(0_{\mathbb{N}}) \qquad \Gamma \, \vdash \, p_S : \Pi_{(n:\mathbb{N})} \left( P(n) \mathop{\rightarrow} P(\operatorname{succ}_{\mathbb{N}}(n)) \right) }{ \Gamma \, \vdash \, \operatorname{ind}_{\mathbb{N}}(p_0, p_S, 0_{\mathbb{N}}) \equiv p_0 : P(0_{\mathbb{N}}) }$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\bigcirc \quad \Gamma \vdash p_0 : P(0_{\mathbb{N}}) \quad \Gamma \vdash p_S : \Pi_{(n:\mathbb{N})} \left( P(n) \to P(\operatorname{succ}_{\mathbb{N}}(n)) \right)}{\Gamma, \ n : \mathbb{N} \vdash \operatorname{ind}_{\mathbb{N}}(p_0, p_S, \operatorname{succ}_{\mathbb{N}}(n)) \equiv p_S(n, \operatorname{ind}_{\mathbb{N}}(p_0, p_S, n)) : P(\operatorname{succ}_{\mathbb{N}}(n))}$$

#### 3.3 Addition

MLTT rule:

$$\overline{m: \mathbb{N} \vdash \operatorname{add-zero}_{\mathbb{N}}(m): \mathbb{N}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\overline{m: \mathbb{N} \vdash \text{add-zero}_{\mathbb{N}}(m) \equiv m: \mathbb{N}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\overline{m: \mathbb{N} \vdash \text{add-succ}_{\mathbb{N}}(m): \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\overline{m: \mathbb{N} \vdash \text{add-succ}_{\mathbb{N}}(m) \equiv \lambda n. \text{succ}_{\mathbb{N}}: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\overline{m: \mathbb{N} \vdash \operatorname{add}_{\mathbb{N}}(m): \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\overline{m: \mathbb{N} \vdash \operatorname{add}_{\mathbb{N}}(m) \equiv \operatorname{ind}_{\mathbb{N}}(\operatorname{add-zero}_{\mathbb{N}}(m), \operatorname{add-succ}_{\mathbb{N}}(m)) : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}}$$

Remark:

$$m + 0_{\mathbb{N}} \equiv \operatorname{add}_{\mathbb{N}}(m, 0_{\mathbb{N}}) \equiv m$$

Remark:

$$m + \operatorname{succ}_{\mathbb{N}}(n) \equiv \operatorname{add}_{\mathbb{N}}(m, \operatorname{succ}_{\mathbb{N}}(n)) \equiv \operatorname{succ}_{\mathbb{N}}(m+n)$$

# 4 More inductive types

### 4.1 The unit type

MLTT rule:

$$\vdash$$
 1 type

MLTT rule:

$$\overline{\vdash \bigstar : 1}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, x \colon \mathbf{1} \vdash P(x) \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{ind}_{\mathbf{1}} \colon P(\bigstar) \to \Pi_{(x \colon \mathbf{1})} P(x)}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, x \colon \mathbf{1} \vdash P(x) \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash p \colon P(\bigstar)}{\Gamma \vdash \text{ind}_{\mathbf{1}}(p, \bigstar) \equiv p \colon P(\bigstar)}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{ind}_{\mathbf{1}} : A \to (\mathbf{1} \to A)}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{ind}_{\mathbf{1}} \equiv \lambda a. \lambda x. a: A \to (\mathbf{1} \to A)}$$

# 4.2 The empty type

MLTT rule:

$$\vdash \emptyset \text{ type}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, \, x \colon \emptyset \, \vdash \, P(x) \, \text{type}}{\Gamma \, \vdash \, \text{ind}_{\emptyset} \colon \Pi_{(x \colon \emptyset)} P(x)}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{ex-falso} : \emptyset \to A}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{ex-falso} \equiv \text{ind}_{\emptyset} : \emptyset \to A}$$

### 4.3 Negation

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \neg A \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \neg A \equiv (A \to \emptyset) \text{ type}}$$

### 4.4 Coproducts

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash A + B \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{inl} : A \to A + B}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{inr} : B \to A + B}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma, z : A + B \vdash P(z) \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{ind}_{+} : \left(\Pi_{(x:A)}P(\text{inl}(x))\right) \rightarrow \left(\Pi_{(y:B)}P(\text{inr}(y))\right) \rightarrow \left(\Pi_{(z:A+B)}P(z)\right)}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma, \, z : A + B \vdash P(z) \text{ type}}{\Gamma, \, f : \Pi_{(x:A)}P(\text{inl}(x)), \, g : \Pi_{(y:B)}P(\text{inr}(y)), \, a : A \vdash \text{ind}_+(f,g,\text{inl}(a)) \equiv f(a) : P(\text{inl}(a))}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma, \, z : A + B \vdash P(z) \text{ type}}{\Gamma, \, f : \Pi_{(x:A)}P(\text{inl}(x)), \, g : \Pi_{(y:B)}P(\text{inr}(y)), \, b : B \vdash \text{ind}_+(f,g,\text{inr}(b)) \equiv g(b) : P(\text{inr}(b))}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash X \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{ind}_+ : (A \to X) \to (B \to X) \to (A + B \to X)}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash A' \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B' \text{ type}}{\Gamma, \ f: A \to A', \ g: B \to B' \ \vdash \ f + g: A + B \to A' + B'}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash A' \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B' \text{ type}}{\Gamma, \ f: A \to A', \ g: B \to B', \ x: A \ \vdash \ (f+g)(\operatorname{inl}(x)) \ \equiv \ \operatorname{inl}(f(x)) : A' + B'}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash A' \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B' \text{ type}}{\Gamma, \ f : A \to A', \ g : B \to B', \ y : B \ \vdash \ (f+g)(\operatorname{inr}(y)) \equiv \operatorname{inr}(g(y)) : A' + B'}$$

### 4.5 $\Sigma$ types

#### 4.5.1 Dependent pairs

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash B(x) \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_{(x:A)}B(x) \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash B(x) \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{pr}_1 : (\Sigma_{(x:A)}B(x)) \to A}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, \, x \colon\! A \, \vdash \, B(x) \, \text{type}}{\Gamma, \, x \colon\! A, \, y \colon\! B(x) \, \vdash \, \text{pr}_1((x,y)) \, \equiv \, x \colon\! A}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash B(x) \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{pr}_2 : \Pi_{\left(p : \Sigma_{(x : A)} B(x)\right)} B(\text{pr}_1(p))}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash B(x) \text{ type}}{\Gamma, x : A, y : B(x) \vdash \text{pr}_2((x, y)) \equiv y : B(x)}$$

Disclaimer: Many rules about dependent pairs are missing (hopefully, none of them is needed for the homework.

#### 4.5.2 Ordinary pairs

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash A \times B \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash A \times B \equiv \Sigma_{(x:A)} B \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma, x : A, y : B \vdash P(x, y) \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{ind}_{\times} : \left(\Pi_{(x : A)}\Pi_{(y : B)}P(x, y)\right) \rightarrow \left(\Pi_{(z : A \times B)}P(z)\right)}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma, \, x \colon A, \, y \colon B \vdash P(x,y) \text{ type}}{\Gamma, \, g \colon \Pi_{(x \colon A)} \Pi_{(y \colon B)} P(x,y), \, x \colon A, \, y \colon B \vdash \operatorname{ind}_{\times}(g,(x,y)) \, \equiv \, g(x,y) \colon P(x,y)}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{pr}_1 : A \times B \to A}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma, \ x \colon A, \ y \colon B \ \vdash \ \operatorname{pr}_1((x, y)) \ \equiv \ x \colon A}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \ \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \ \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \ \vdash \text{ pr}_2 : A {\times} B \to B}$$

Derived rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma, \ x \colon\! A, \ y \colon\! B \ \vdash \ \operatorname{pr}_2((x,y)) \ \equiv \ y \colon\! B}$$

# 5 Propositional equality

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a : A \qquad \Gamma \vdash b : A}{\Gamma \vdash a =_{A} b \text{ type}}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a : A}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{refl}_a : a =_A a}$$

MLTT rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma, x: A, y: A, p: x =_{A} y \vdash P(x, y, p) \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash J: \left(\Pi_{(x:A)} P(x, x, \text{refl}_{x})\right) \rightarrow \left(\Pi_{(a:A)} \Pi_{(b:A)} \Pi_{(q:a=_{A}b)} P(a, b, q)\right)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A, y:A, p: x=_{\!\!A}y \vdash P(x,y,p) \text{ type } \Gamma \vdash d: \Pi_{(x:A)}P(x,x,\operatorname{refl}_x) \qquad \Gamma \vdash a:A}{\Gamma \vdash J(d,a,a,\operatorname{refl}_a) \equiv d(a): P(a,a,\operatorname{refl}_a)}$$