

# Computer Science Track Core Course

## Linear programming — part 1

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# Linear program

## Definitions

We are given an input  $A \in \mathbb{Q}^{m \times n}$ ,  $b \in \mathbb{Q}^m$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{Q}^n$  and we search for  $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{Q}^n$  that optimizes...

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & c' \mathbf{x} \\ \text{s.t.} & A\mathbf{x} \geq b \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{maximize} & c' \mathbf{x} \\ \text{s.t.} & A\mathbf{x} \leq b \end{array}$$

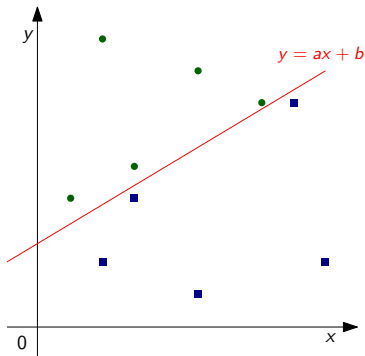
$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & c' \mathbf{x} \\ \text{s.t.} & A\mathbf{x} = b \\ \text{where} & \mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0} \end{array}$$

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# Examples of LP

## Separating points

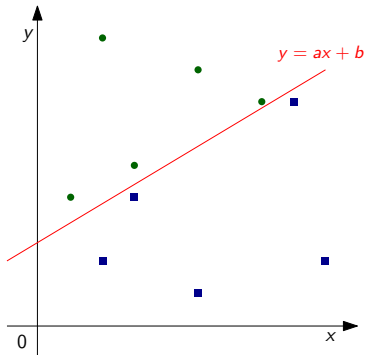
We are searching for a line  $y = ax + b$  that separates “disks” (top) from “squares” (bottom).



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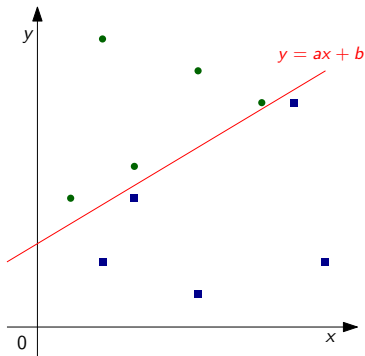


Variables:

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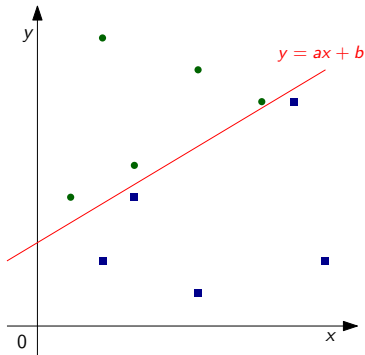


Variables:  $a \leq 0$ ,  $b \leq 0$

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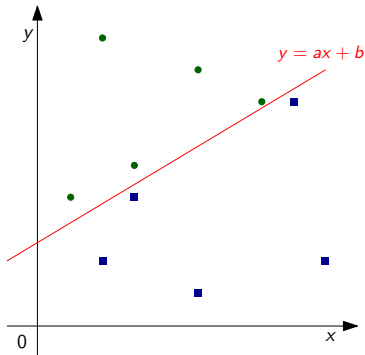
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Point  $(x_1, y_1)$  above the line:

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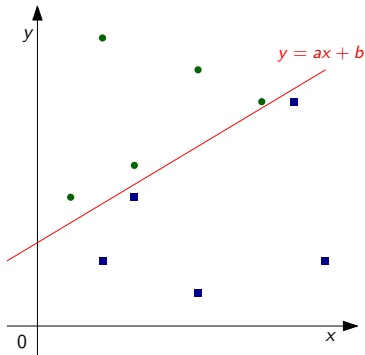
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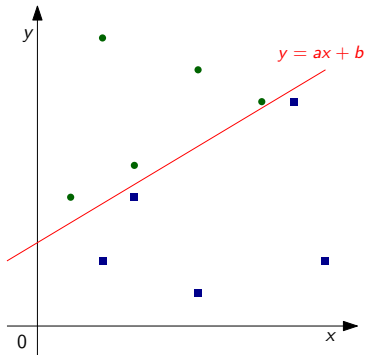
Point  $(x_2, y_2)$  below the line:



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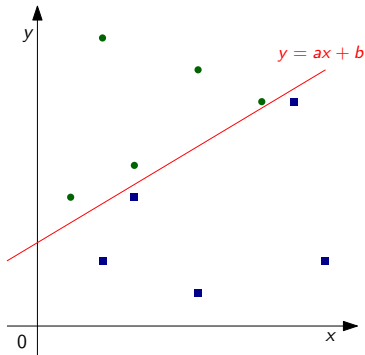
Point  $(x_2, y_2)$  below the line:  $x_2 \cdot a + b \geq y_2$

“square”

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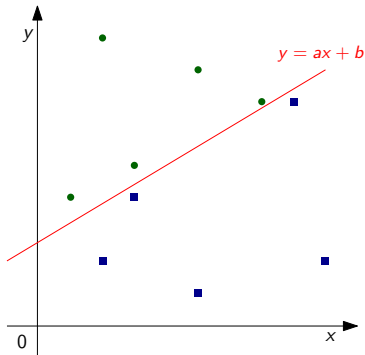
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Objective:

# Examples of LP

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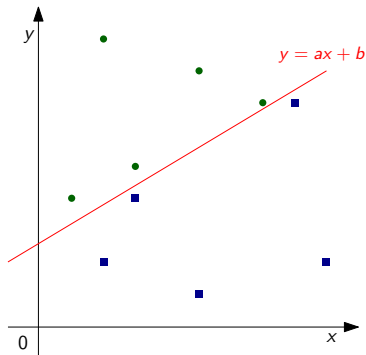
“square”

Objective: minimize 0

# Examples of LP

## Separating points strictly

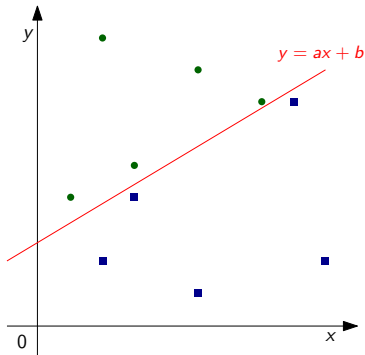
Now, we are searching for a line  $y = ax + b$  that separates them strictly.



# Examples of LP

## Separating points strictly

Now, we are searching for a line  $y = ax + b$  that separates them strictly.



Variables:  $a \leq 0$ ,  $b \leq 0$ ,  $d \geq 0$

Point  $(x_1, y_1)$  above the line:  $x_1 \cdot a + b + d \leq y_1$

Point  $(x_2, y_2)$  below the line:  $x_2 \cdot a + b - d \geq y_2$

Objective: maximize  $d$

# Example of duality

From minimization to maximization

Primal problem:

$$\begin{array}{llllll} \text{minimize} & 6x_1 & + & 6x_2 & & \\ \text{s.t.} & 2x_1 & + & x_2 & \geq & 4 \\ & x_1 & + & 2x_2 & \geq & 5 \\ \text{where} & x_1, x_2 & \geq & 0 & & \end{array}$$

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Dual problem:

$$\begin{array}{llllll} \text{maximize} & 4y_1 & + & 5y_2 & & \\ \text{s.t.} & 2y_1 & + & y_2 & \leq & 6 \\ & y_1 & + & 2y_2 & \leq & 6 \\ \text{where} & y_1, y_2 & \geq & 0 & & \end{array}$$

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Dual of the dual problem:

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# Example of duality

## Comparison

Primal problem:

$$\begin{array}{llllll} \text{minimize} & 6x_1 & + & 6x_2 & & \\ \text{s.t.} & 2x_1 & + & x_2 & \geq & 4 \\ & x_1 & + & 2x_2 & \geq & 5 \\ \text{where} & x_1, x_2 & \geq & 0 & & \end{array}$$

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# LP duality

In general (I)

We are given  $A \in \mathbb{Q}^{m \times n}$ ,  $b \in \mathbb{Q}^m$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{Q}^n$  on the input.  
We search for either  $x \in \mathbb{Q}^n$  or  $y \in \mathbb{Q}^m$ .

Primal problem:

$$\begin{array}{ll}\text{minimize} & c'x \\ \text{s.t.} & Ax \geq b \\ \text{where} & x \leq 0\end{array}$$

Dual problem:

$$\begin{array}{ll}\text{maximize} & b'y \\ \text{s.t.} & A^T y = c \\ \text{where} & y \geq 0\end{array}$$

# LP duality

In general (II)

We are given  $A \in \mathbb{Q}^{m \times n}$ ,  $b \in \mathbb{Q}^m$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{Q}^n$  on the input.  
We search for either  $x \in \mathbb{Q}^n$  or  $y \in \mathbb{Q}^m$ .

Primal problem:

$$\begin{array}{ll}\text{minimize} & c'x \\ \text{s.t.} & Ax = b \\ \text{where} & x \geq 0\end{array}$$

Dual problem:

$$\begin{array}{ll}\text{maximize} & b'y \\ \text{s.t.} & A^T y \leq c \\ \text{where} & y \leq 0\end{array}$$

# LP duality

In general (III)

We are given  $A \in \mathbb{Q}^{m \times n}$ ,  $b \in \mathbb{Q}^m$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{Q}^n$  on the input.  
We search for either  $x \in \mathbb{Q}^n$  or  $y \in \mathbb{Q}^m$ .

Primal problem:

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Dual problem:

$$\begin{array}{ll}\text{maximize} & b'y \\ \text{s.t.} & A^T y \leq c \\ \text{where} & y \geq 0\end{array}$$

# Dual linear programs

## Exercise

Write an *infeasible* LP such that its dual is *not unbounded*.

Thanks for your attention!

Questions?