# Class 11

## Mady Welch

#### **Section 4: Population Scale Analysis**

Q13. Read the file into R and determine the sample size for each genotype and their corresponding median expression levels for each of these genotypes.

```
txtfile <- "https://bioboot.github.io/bggn213_W19/class-material/rs8067378_ENSG00000172057
datatable <- read.table(txtfile)
head(datatable)</pre>
```

```
sample geno exp

1 HG00367 A/G 28.96038

2 NA20768 A/G 20.24449

3 HG00361 A/A 31.32628

4 HG00135 A/A 34.11169

5 NA18870 G/G 18.25141

6 NA11993 A/A 32.89721
```

#### summary(datatable)

```
sample
                       geno
                                            exp
Length:462
                   Length:462
                                             : 6.675
                                      Min.
Class : character
                   Class : character
                                       1st Qu.:20.004
                                      Median :25.116
Mode :character
                   Mode :character
                                              :25.640
                                      Mean
                                       3rd Qu.:30.779
                                      Max.
                                              :51.518
```

table(datatable\$geno)

```
A/A A/G G/G
108 233 121
```

## Genome Sample Sizes:

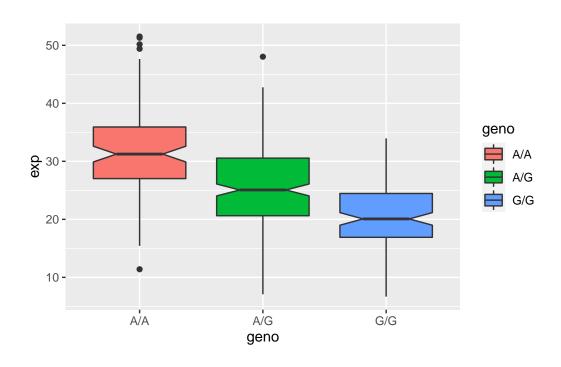
```
A/A = 108
```

$$A/G = 233$$
$$G/G = 121$$

dataplot

```
library(ggplot2)

dataplot <- ggplot(datatable) +
  aes(x=geno, y=exp, fill=geno) +
  geom_boxplot(notch=TRUE)</pre>
```



### Median Expression Levels:

$$A/A \sim 32$$

$$A/G \sim 25$$

$$G/G \sim 20$$

Q14. Generate a boxplot with a box per genotype, what could you infer from the relative expression value between A/A and G/G displayed in this plot? Does the SNP effect the expression of ORMDL3?

The median expression level for A/A is much higher than G/G, but the ranges for A/A and G/G overlap. We can most likely assume that the SNP does slightly affect the expression of ORMDL3.