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CSC 333
HW6
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1. (Reading) Done.
2. (Three Pass Protocol Break, 10pt)
<u> </u>
$A \rightarrow B$: $C_1 = m^a(\rho)$
± 28815377349986238948
$B \rightarrow A$: $C_2 = C_1^b(p) \Rightarrow (M^q)^b (P)$
= 32022638409929718780
$A \rightarrow B: C_3 = C_2^{a-1(P-1)}(p) \Rightarrow (M^{ab})^{a-1}(P)$
: 14438564975518228697 Β: C3 ^{6-1(P-1)} (P)
Β΄ (2) (ρ)
P= 91246234312872996521
a*b (P) = 52989123124449803069
Find m;
- Knowing at b (p) helps find the inverse of a and b to respect to P-1
From Cz = (Mab) a-1
$3 C_2 = m^5 (p)$
= 14438564975518228697
we know
$\circ M = b^{-1} \operatorname{mod}(p-1)$
From $\binom{2}{m^a}^5 = \binom{m^5}{a}^a$
= 32022638409929718780
Using Extended Euclidean;
Viving Charles Contract /
2 = ab mod (p-1) = 52989123124449803069

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We know
    Y = p-1
         912462343128729965217
Ne use, ab. 5 = 1 (p-1)
    5 (p-1) = 40930636579703223349
 Then m= (mb) b' mod p
       m = 67199345027544938973
3. Chinese Renainder Theorem, 10pt)
(\alpha)
    x = 2 | 1 (2438)
    x = 3304(4247)
 x: atn + bsm
 we know
          tn = 1 (m)
          SM = I(n)
· t (4247) = 1 (2438)
   = 4247 x 1469 = 1 [2438)
  t = 1469
\cdot 5(2438) = 1(4247)
  = 2438 × 1688 = 1 (4247)
  S = 1688
 \times = 211 \times 1464 \times 4247 + 3304 \times 1688 \times 2438
   - 149/3492449
Reduced modulo
   mn = 2438 \times 4247
       = 10354186
This implies,
              X = 1491342449 mod 10354186
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= 3464609 (2438 . 4247)

Implies;

4. (RSA, IDpt)

(P,9) = (556069583727568975173209, 871978615936386081846139)

(a)

(p,q) = (556069583727568975173209, 8719786159636386081846139)

 $n = p^*q$

n

4848807859982422520055363619087557256788012890051

phi = (p-1)*(q-1)

phi

4848807859982422520055354343231813892832955870704

e = 65537

gcd(e, phi)

1

d = invm(e, phi)

d

4019352973151122050513865145649198491570306248865

(b)

m=122333221 private Key: (5,n)

= (4019352973151122050513865145649198491570306248865,

4848807859982422520055363619087557256788012890051)

Public Key: (e,n)

(65537, 4848807859982422520055363619087557256788012890051)

Bob > Alice:

= 122333221^65537 mod4848807859982422520055363619087557256788012890051 = 220922577707289073220281121173254002900191972769

$$(n) = m$$

=220922577707289073220281121173254002900191972769^4019352973151122050513865145649 198491570306248865 mod4848807859982422520055363619087557256788012890051

It equals to the same initial key

(c)

Private Key: (d, n)

(4019352973151122050513865145649198491570306248865, 4848807859982422520055363619087557256788012890051)

Alice:

$$m = 12233321$$

 $C = M^{d}(n)$

=122333221^4019352973151122050513865145649198491570306248865

mod4848807859982422520055363619087557256788012890051

= 4406658234538529208177598293845607936264044227295

Bob:

=4406658234538529208177598293845607936264044227295^65537

mod4848807859982422520055363619087557256788012890051

5. (RSA, 10pt)

Alice public key (e,n):

(e,n) = (394058113086737919967103259422666606189656289102784347215, 7901107608096742141879264256080447840284062885233414253141)

D. L. M. C. Handeller M. Man
Bob -> Alice: ct (Encypted with Alice Key)
ct = 1888257822447033573882271583151633190707799727592736107956
Alice ϕ (n):
nhi(n) - 7001107609006742141970264255549290501429924262102040094294
phi(n) = 7901107608096742141879264255548389501438834362193040084384 .
1. Find m;
h). L
Ne Know
C= me(n)
Λ_{1}
$c^{d}(n) = m$
Implies (Me)d (n) = Med (n)
1
= M(N)
$= I_{W} (U)$
$e \varphi = (\phi(n))$
π
Therefore
$d = e^{-1} \mod \Phi(n)$
Q · · · C · M() Q · C · · · ·
d = invm(e,phiA)
d
5208431303890053374159037666212862196827913167366525614191
$m = C^{\dagger}(n)$

=1888257822447033573882271583151633190707799727592736107956^790110760809674214187 9264256080447840284062885233414253141

 $\bmod 5208431303890053374159037666212862196827913167366525614191$

m = 889572428773514750203798870141236539835633308007507381732

2.

$$x^2 - (n - \phi(n) + 1)x + n = 0$$

We know n and Och)

 $\begin{array}{l} n = 7901107608096742141879264256080447840284062885233414253141 \\ phi(n) = 7901107608096742141879264255548389501438834362193040084384 \end{array}$

Using the formular

$$X = \frac{n - \phi(n) + 1}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{n - \phi(n) + 1}{2}^2 - n}$$

(n - phi(n) + 1 / 2):

7901107608096742141879264256080447840284062885233414253141 -

7901107608096742141879264255548389501438834362193040084384 + 1/2

=532058338845228523040374168758/2

n - phi(n) + 1/2 = 266029169422614261520187084379

 $(n - phi(n) + 1 / 2))^2$

(266029169422614261520187084379)^2

=70771518983686002778130907604009583865746060592724865815641

 $(n - phi(n) + 1 / 2))^2 - n$

70771518983686002778130907604009583865746060592724865815641 -

7901107608096742141879264256080447840284062885233414253141

n = 62870411375589260636251643347929136025461997707491451562500

 $Sqrt[(n - phi(n) + 1 / 2))^2 - n]$

=Sqrt[62870411375589260636251643347929136025461997707491451562500]

=250739728355099843831201221250

Values of Pand of

x = 266029169422614261520187084379 + 250739728355099843831201221250

x = 516768897777714105351388305629

x = 266029169422614261520187084379 - 250739728355099843831201221250

x = 15289441067514417688985863129

Test pxq = n
516768897777714105351388305629 x 15289441067514417688985863129 =
7901107608096742141879264256080447840284062885233414253141
7301107000030742141073204230000447040204002003230414230141