# Adding images

Web development I: Front-end engineering

# Supported image formats



| Format type | MIME type     | File extension | Comments                                     |
|-------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| JPEG        | image/jpeg    | .jpg, .jpeg    | Photography                                  |
| PNG         | image/png     | .png           | Photography, allows transparency             |
| GIF         | image/gif     | .gif           | 8 bit (256 colors), animations, transparency |
| SVG         | image/svg+xml | .svg           | Vector graphics, resolution-independent      |
| WebP        | image/webp    | .webp          | Both for photos and animations               |
| AVIF        | image/avif    | .avif          | Photos and animations, not widely supported  |

# The <img> element



Inline by default

Not affected by **CORS** policy

Attributes: src (required), alt (critical for accessibility), width, height, and

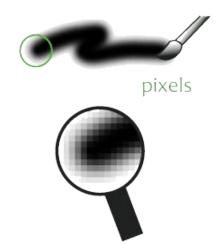
more: <a href="https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTML/Element/img">https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTML/Element/img</a>

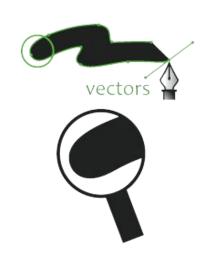
#### Raster vs Vector



**Raster graphics** are stored as a matrix of pixels

**Vector graphics** are stored as mathematical expressions





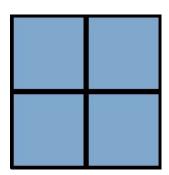
#### Pixel madness

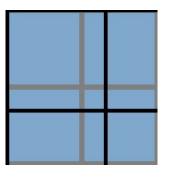


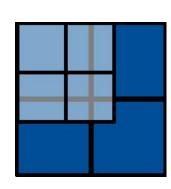
Hardware pixels are indivisible

Reference pixels are device-independent

Px density: "a pixel is a pixel is a pixel" or not?







# Interlacing



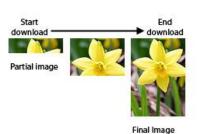
**Interlaced graphics** load in multiple passes (progressive download)



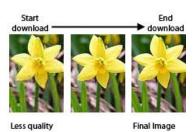








Progressive



# Compression



#### Lossless compression

Is reversible

Preserves original quality

Larger file size

#### **Lossy compression**

Irreversible

Eliminates redundancies but creates artifacts

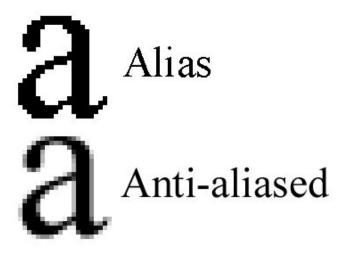
Smaller file size

# Anti-aliasing



#### **Anti-aliasing**

#### Indexed color palette







16.8 Million Colors

256 Colors

# Dithering



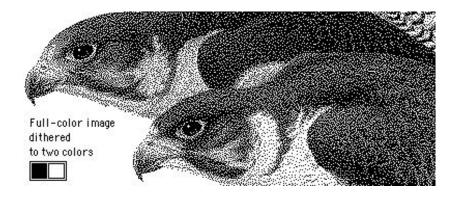
#### Reducing the color range

Original full-color photograph



Dithered to 256 colors





# Transparency



Alpha channel vs indexed color

PNG-24 (Alpha)

**GIF** (Binar







# Image optimization



#### General tips:

- Limit dimensions
- Reuse and recycle
- Design for compression
- Use web graphics tools



https://www.smashingmagazine.com/2021/04/image-optimization-pre-release/

# Optimizing GIFs



Limit the palette (number of colors)

Reduce dithering

Use flat colors, no gradients

Apply a "lossy" filter

# Optimizing JPGs



Be aggressive with compression, but not too much

Soften the image: Blur/Smoothing

Try weighted (selective) optimization

# Optimizing PNGs



Limit the number of colors

Reduce dithering

Use flat colors

Avoid details

# Further tips



Eagerly vs lazy loading

Async decoding

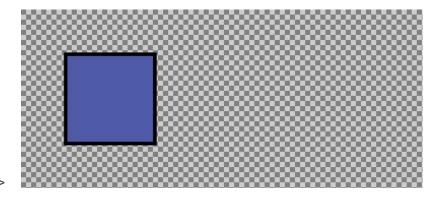
**CSS** placeholders





</svg>







```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<svg version="1.1" width="450px" height="200px"</pre>
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink">
  <rect x="50" y="50" width="100" height="100"</pre>
fill="#4F5AA8" stroke="#000000" stroke-width="4">
    <animate attributeName="width"</pre>
values="0%;50%;0%" dur="2s"
repeatCount="indefinite" />
  </rect>
</svq>
```





```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<svg version="1.1" width="450px" height="200px"</pre>
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink">
  <defs>
    <filter id="my-blur" x="0" y="0" width="200%" height="200%">
      <feOffset result="offOut" in="SourceGraphic" dx="20" dy="20" />
      <feGaussianBlur result="blurOut" in="offOut" stdDeviation="10" />
      <feBlend in="SourceGraphic" in2="blurOut" mode="normal" />
    </filter>
  </defs>
 <rect x="50" y="50" width="100" height="100" fill="#4F5AA8"</pre>
stroke="#000000" stroke-width="4" filter="url(#my-blur)" />
</sva>
```

