DD MA A
(5) a)
Demostrar que
$  A  _1 = \max_{\mathbf{X} \in \mathbb{R}^n} \frac{  A\mathbf{X}  _1}{  \mathbf{X}  _1} = \max_{i=1,\dots n} \sum_{j=1}^n  a_{ij} $
Supongamos que A es una matriz de mxn.
Entonces YXER" tal que X = (X1, X2,, Xn)
tenemos que
$Ax = \left(\begin{array}{c} \sum_{j=1}^{n} a_{1j} x_{j} \\ \sum_{j=1}^{n} a_{1j} x_{j} \end{array}\right) $ y por lo tanto
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
$  A \times   _1 = \left  \sum_{j=1}^{n} Q_{i,j} \times_j \right  + \cdots + \left  \sum_{j=1}^{n} Q_{m_j} \times_j \right $
m $n$ $n$ $n$ $n$ $n$
$= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left  \sum_{j=1}^{N} a_{ij} X_{j} \right  \leq \sum_{j=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \left  a_{ij} X_{j} \right $
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$= \sum_{i=1}^{n}  a_{ij}  x_{j}  = \sum_{i=1}^{n}  a_{ij}  x_{j}  = \sum_{i=1}^{n}  x_{ij}  \sum_{i=1}^{n}  a_{ij} $
Si definimos $\alpha = \max_{i=1}^{\infty} (\sum_{j=1}^{\infty}  a_{ij} )$ entonces
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\sum_{j=1}^{n}  x_{j}  \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n}  a_{ij} \right) \leq \sum_{j=1}^{n}  x_{j}  \cdot \alpha = \alpha \sum_{j=1}^{n}  x_{j}  = \alpha   x  _{1}$
Por encle $\max_{X \in \mathbb{R}^n} \frac{\ AX\ _1}{\ X\ _1} \leq \infty$
XEIR' IIXII1

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