

Lab 5

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## Loading required package: knitr
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## Warning: package 'knitr' was built under R version 4.5.2
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Lab 5

Due Tuesday Feb4th - Recommended to complete this before starting the midterm

This lab we will look at some data from the plastic trash piced up during clean-up events around the world. I took this dataset from the Tidy Tuesday website. You can read the documentation here, including the references and description of the different column names.

I have done some pre-processing of the data for you for this lab, to create two more easy-to-use dataframes.

First read in the countrytotals.csv data frame

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## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.5.2
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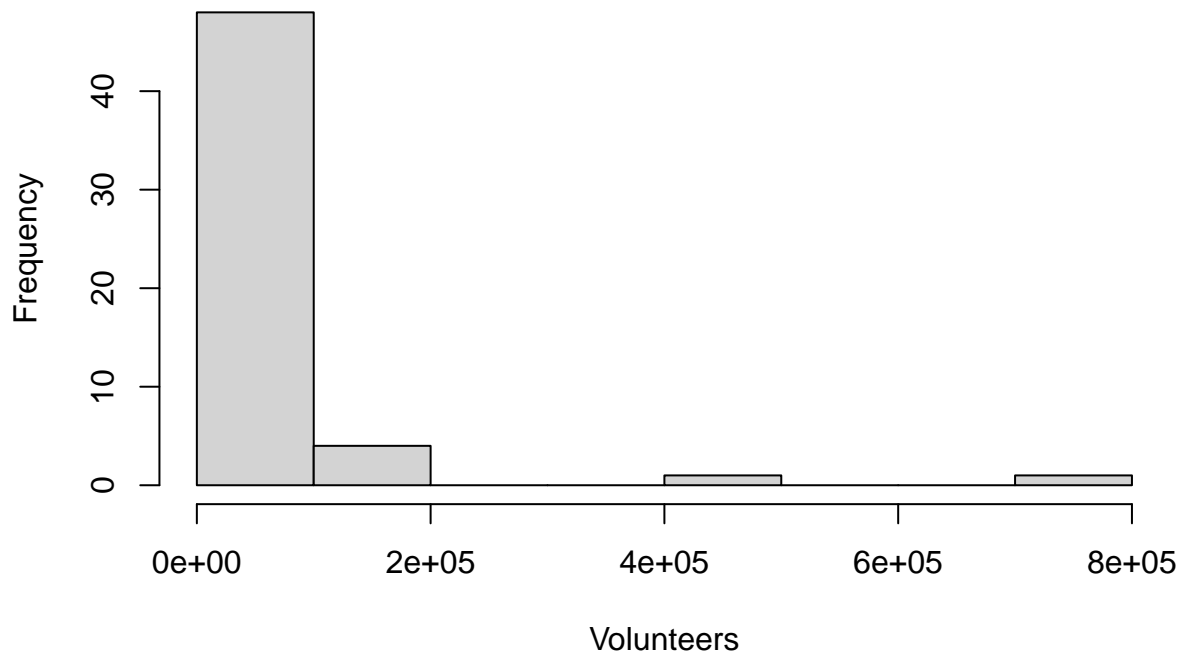
Have a look at the data frame. Then column “total” gives the total number of pieces of plastic picked up in that country in 2020. The columns “num_events” and “volunteers” give the number of trash pick-up events and the number of volunteers in that country. We are going to use this to investigate where the plastic trash problem is worst.

1. What 5 countries had the worst plastic problem as measured by the number of pieces of trash picked up?

Answer:

2. Make a plot showing the distribution of volunteers across countries

Distribution of Volunteers Across Countries



3. Notice that there is a lot of variation across countries in the number of volunteers involved in trash pickup. What problem might that cause for the interpretation of your answer to question 1?

Answer: ## if one countries has a large amount of volunteers they may pick up more trash, they will collect a lot of trash. Another country that has way less volunteers makes it seems like there is a lot less trash to be collected 4. Add a column to the data frame creating a variable that should be more closely related to the presence of plastic pollution in the country

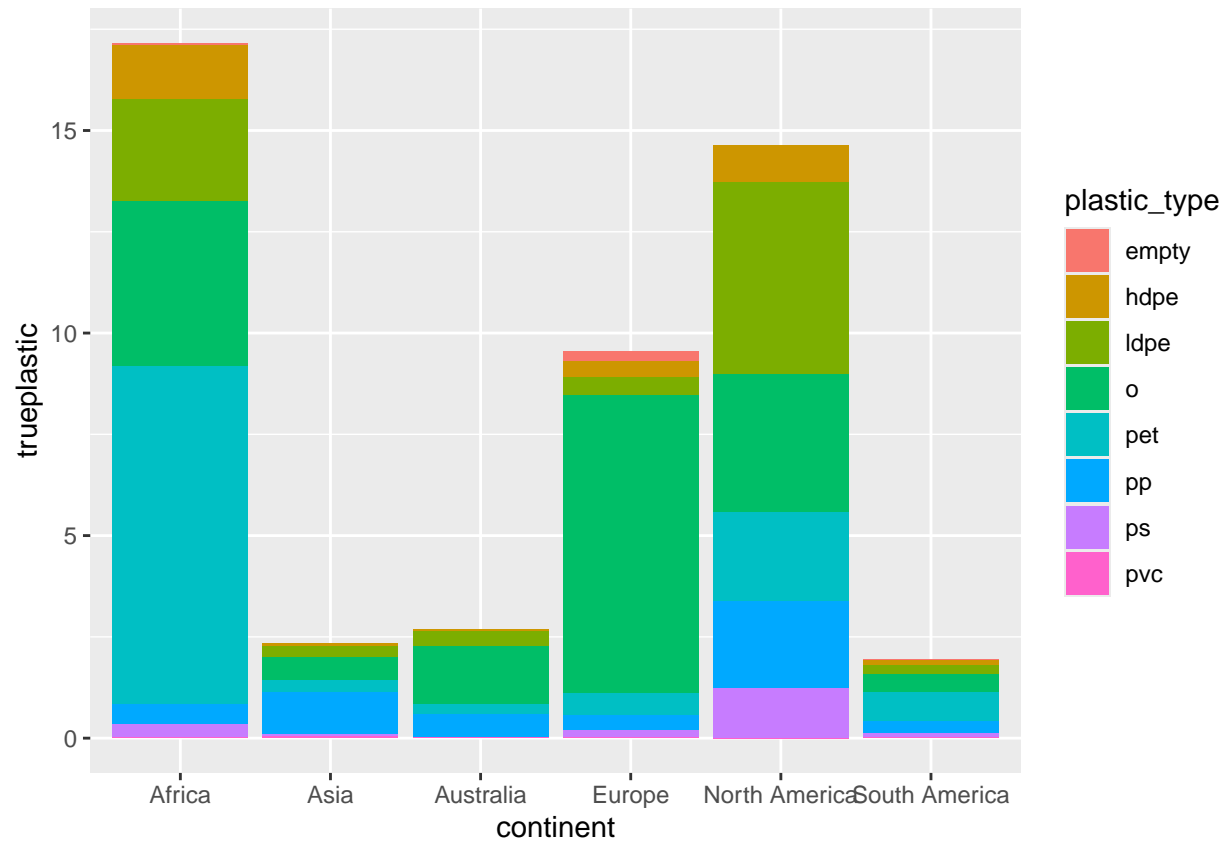
5. What 5 countries have the worst plastic pollution, as measured by this new variable?

Answer:

Now we will make a plot of the variation in the types of trash and how it differs around the world. Read in the `continenttypes.csv` data frame. This gives the breakdown of the different types of plastic collected on each continet in 2020 and the total number of pick up events.

6. Add a column to this data frame with a variable that captures the existence of different types of plastic trash, controlling for the intensity of the pick-up effort in different continent
7. Make a plot using ggplot showing both the total amount and distribution of types of plastic picked up in each continent in the average pick-up event.

Hint: Check out options in the R graph gallery



- Try uploading your R markdown file and plots to your Git Hub repository. Upload your Rmd and knitted PDF to Canvas