

List of Cricket World Cup finals



Cricket World Cup is an international cricket competition established in 1975. It is contested by the men's national teams of the members of the International Cricket Council (ICC), the sport's global governing body. The tournament generally takes place every four years. Most recently, the 2023 Cricket World Cup, hosted by India, was won by Australia, who beat India. The current trophy was instituted in 1999. It always remains with the ICC, and a replica is awarded to the winning team. [3][4]

For the 2019 and 2023 World Cups, the host nation and the seven other highest-ranked nations automatically qualify for the World Cup, while other nations including associate and affiliate ICC members play in a qualification tournament, the World Cup Qualifier. Though an associate member is yet to reach the final, Kenya did reach the semi-finals in 2003. [5] Australia is the most successful team in the competition's history, winning six tournaments and finishing as runner-up twice. [6] Twice, teams have won successive tournaments: the West Indies won the first two editions (1975 and 1979) and Australia won three in a row (1999, 2003, and 2007). Australia has played in the most finals (eight out of thirteen: 1975, 1987, 1996, 1999, 2003, 2007, 2015, and 2023).



Cricket World Cup
Trophy

England has lost the most World Cup finals, ending as runner-up in all three final appearances before their victory in the 2019 tournament. [7][8]

Of the twenty teams that have qualified for at least one Cricket World Cup, seven have contested a tournament final. Seven venues have hosted the final; only two of those – Lord's, in London, and the Melbourne Cricket Ground – have hosted multiple finals. India is the only country that has hosted a World Cup final at more than one venue, with Eden Gardens, Kolkata, hosting in 1987, Mumbai's Wankhede Stadium hosting in 2011 and Narendra Modi Stadium in Ahmedabad hosting in 2023.

History

The inaugural ICC Cricket World Cup final was held on 21 June 1975 at Lord's, contested by Australia and the West Indies. A man of the match performance, [11] including a century, from West Indian captain Clive Lloyd, coming in to bat at number five with his team at 50/3, [12] formed the basis of a 149-run fourth-wicket partnership with Rohan Kanhai, [13] Keith Boyce added a quick 34 and the Australians were set a target of 292 to win in 60 overs. In reply, Alan Turner hit 40 from 54 deliveries and Australian captain Ian Chappell scored 62 from 93 balls. Australia "contributed to their own destruction" in an innings with five run outs, and the West Indies were crowned the first cricket world champions, winning by 17 runs. [14]



Lord's has hosted the final five times.

Four years later, the West Indies qualified for the final, this time facing <u>England</u>, hosted at Lord's for the second consecutive tournament. An unbeaten 138 from <u>Viv Richards</u>, and support from <u>Collis</u> King in a 139-run partnership for the fifth wicket, [15] saw the West Indies set England a target of 287

runs to win in 60 overs. [16] A profitable but slow opening partnership between Mike Brearley and Geoffrey Boycott (the latter taking 17 overs to reach double figures) [17] saw England to 129. However, following Brearley's dismissal, only Graham Gooch and Derek Randall made a "brief assault" on the West Indian bowling, [17] before a batting collapse, Joel Garner taking five wickets in eleven balls. [18] England ended 194 all out, and presented the West Indies with their second consecutive title, winning by 92 runs. [17]

Lord's hosted the third World Cup final in June 1983; this was West Indies' third consecutive final. This time they faced India in front of 24,609 spectators. [19] Sunil Gavaskar was dismissed early in the innings for two runs, and only Kris Srikkanth scored more than thirty; [20] Andy Roberts took three wickets for the West Indies, leaving India all out for 183. [20] After the dismissals of Viv Richards, Desmond Haynes and Larry Gomes by Madan Lal for six runs between them, the West Indies collapsed to 140 all out, handing the title to India by 43 runs. [19] India and Pakistan co-hosted the 1987 tournament; the final was held at Eden Gardens in Kolkata between Australia and England, both appearing for the second time and vying for their first title. Australia won the toss and elected to bat first; David Boon scored 75 runs from 125 deliveries, while Mike Veletta made a rapid 45 from 31 deliveries, taking Australia to a total of 253/5 by the close of play, this time after 50 overs. [21] In front of around 70,000 spectators, England's middle order of Bill Athey, Mike Gatting and Allan Lamb provided some resistance, but with 17 runs required in the final over to win, England fell short and lost by 7 runs. [22]

The 1992 tournament was co-hosted by Australia and New Zealand, with the first ever day/night final being held at the Melbourne Cricket Ground in Australia between England and Pakistan. In their first final appearance, Pakistan won the toss and elected to bat first. Despite two early wickets from Derek Pringle, Pakistan ibatsmen Imran Khan and Javed Miandad shared a third-wicket partnership of 139. Both Inranman-ul-Haq and Wasim Akram added over thirty runs each at more than a run-a-ball, leading Pakistan to a total of 249/6 in 50 overs. [23] A crowd of over 87,000 saw man-of-the-match Wasim Akram take three of England's wickets, including that of all-rounder Ian Botham for a duck, after Graeme Hick was "baffled by the <a href="mailto:googly". [24] England were bowled out for 227, and Pakistan won by 22 runs. [23]

India, Pakistan and Sri Lanka hosted the tournament in 1996. It was Sri Lanka's first appearance in the final, and they faced 1987 champions Australia in another day/night contest. After winning the toss, Arjuna Ranatunga sent Australia in to bat at the Gaddafi Stadium in Lahore. Captain Mark Taylor and Ricky Ponting added 101 in their second-wicket partnership as Australia completed their 50 overs with 241/7. [25] Man of the match Aravinda de Silva's century, assisted by partnerships with Asanka Gurusinha and Ranatunga, led Sri Lanka to the target with 22 balls and 7 wickets to spare, and their first win in the final. This was the first time a host won the title, though the final was played in Pakistan. It was also the first time that the team batting second emerged victorious. [25]

Australia's "12-year era of World Cup dominance" began with the 1999 tournament, [26] hosted for the fourth time by England. In a "one-sided" final at Lord's, [27] Shane Warne's four wickets helped to restrict Pakistan to 132 runs, all out with 11 overs yet to bat. A rapid fifty from Adam Gilchrist, and support from Mark Waugh, Ponting and Darren Lehmann, saw Australia reach the total in just over 20 overs, winning by eight wickets.

The 2003 tournament had three co-hosts: South Africa, Kenya and Zimbabwe, the final being a day/night match contested between Australia and India at the <u>Wanderers Stadium</u> in Johannesburg. Gilchrist and <u>Matthew Hayden</u> opened the batting, making a century partnership, before Ponting and <u>Damien Martin</u> went on to score the highest partnership in any World Cup final with an unbeaten 234. [29] Australia batted out their fifty overs, and ended on the highest score in World Cup final history: 359/2. [30] Player of the tournament <u>Sachin Tendulkar</u> was dismissed in the first over of India's reply but <u>Virender Sehwag</u> and <u>Rahul Dravid</u> combined to score 88 in their fourth wicket partnership. However, following Dravid's dismissal, India's batting collapsed, and they finished on 234 all out with nearly eleven overs remaining, handing Australia a 125-run victory. [30]

The 2007 final, held at the Kensington Oval in Barbados, was reduced to 38 overs a side following a two-hour rain delay. [31] Australia's Gilchrist hit the fastest century in a World Cup final at a strike rate of over 143 and his opening stand with Hayden became the largest first-wicket partnership in World Cup history. [29] Australia ended on 281/4, an average of 7.39 runs per over. [32] In reply, Sanath Jayasuriya and Kumar Sangakkara accumulated 116 runs for the second wicket, but with Chamara Silva the only other batsman to score over 20, Sri Lanka capitulated. Despite a revised target, due to a further rain break, calculated using the Duckworth-Lewis method, Sri Lanka scored 215–8 from their allotted overs. With a 53-run victory, Australia won their third consecutive World Cup. [32]

Bangladesh, India and Sri Lanka co-hosted the 2011 tournament, [33] with the latter pair meeting in the final in the Wankhede Stadium in Mumbai. Scoring 91 runs in their final 10 overs, [34] Sri Lanka's innings ended on 274/6, Mahela Jayawardene top-scoring with an unbeaten 103. [35]



Australia's Adam Gilchrist made sizeable contributions with the bat in three consecutive finals.

Sehwag was out leg before wicket to Lasith Malinga in the second ball of the Indian innings; Tendulkar soon followed him, but 97 from Gautam Gambhir and an unbeaten 91 from MS Dhoni saw India home with 10 balls to spare. By winning the match, India became the first team to win the finals on home soil. [35]

The 2015 final, held at the Melbourne Cricket Ground, was won by hosts Australia. Their fast bowlers ripped through the New Zealand team, with Mitchell Starc bowling Brendon McCullum out for a duck and Mitchell Johnson taking three wickets. Despite the efforts of Grant Elliot, New Zealand were bowled out for 183. Steven Smith and Michael Clarke registered half-centuries as Australia won their fifth World Cup.

Four years later, the 2019 final, held at <u>Lord's</u>, was won by hosts England. England, playing in their first final in 27 years, defeated New Zealand to take the trophy. The Final was decided on a countback of boundaries scored in the match after both teams finished tied after normal play and again in a one over 'Super Over' designed to separate the teams.

This method of separating the Finalists was changed by the <u>ICC</u> after the match in favour of continuing with Super Overs until the teams can be separated.

The 2023 final, held at Narendra Modi Stadium, Australia won the match by 6 wickets with 42 balls left. Australia won the toss and chose to bowl first. India scored 240 runs in 50 overs and Australia scored 241 runs with 4 wickets.

ICC World Cup

Key to list of finals

- † The final was played as a day/night game.
 ‡ The final was decided by the Duckworth–Lewis method.
 - The 'Year' column refers to the year the World Cup was held, and links to the article about that tournament.
 - The links in the 'Result' column point to the article about that tournament's final game.
 - Links in the 'Winners' and 'Runners-up' columns point to the articles for the national cricket teams of the countries, not the articles for the countries.

ICC World Cup

Year	Winner	Winner's score	Winning margin	Runner- up	R/Up's score	Final venue	Host nation(s) ^[2]	Crowd
1975	West	291/8 (60 overs)	17 runs ^[11]	Australia	274 all out (58.4 overs)	Lord's, London	England	24,000
1979	Indies	286/9 (60 overs)	92 runs ^[16]	+ England	194 all out (51 overs)			32,000
<u>1983</u>	India	183 all out (55th over)	43 runs ^[20]	West Indies	140 all out (52 overs)			30,000
1987	Australia	253/5 (50 overs)	7 runs ^[21]	+	246/8 (50 overs)	Eden Gardens, Kolkata	India, Pakistan	95,000
1992	C Pakistan	249/6 (50 overs)	22 runs ^[23]	England	227 all out (49.2 overs)	MCG, Melbourne †	Australia, New Zealand	87,182
1996	Sri Lanka	245/3 (46.2 overs)	7 wickets ^[25]	Australia	241/7 (50 overs)	Gaddafi Stadium, Lahore †	Pakistan, India, Sri Lanka	62,645
1999		133/2 (20.1 overs)	8 wickets ^[28]	C Pakistan	132 all out (39 overs)	Lord's, London	England	30,000
2003	Australia	359/2 (50 overs)	125 runs ^[30]	India	234 all out (39.2 overs)	Wanderers, Johannesburg	South Africa	32,827
2007		281/4 (38 overs)	53 runs ‡ ^[32]	Sri Lanka	215/8 (36 overs)	Kensington Oval, Barbados	West Indies	28,108
2011	India	277/4 (48.2 overs)	6 wickets ^[35]		274/6 (50 overs)	Wankhede Stadium, Mumbai †	India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh	42,000
2015	*** Australia	186/3 (33.1 overs)	7 wickets ^[36]	≋ ∴ New	183 all out (45 overs)	MCG, Melbourne †	Australia, New Zealand	93,013
2019	+ England	241 all out (50 overs)	Tiebreak: 9 boundaries	Zealand	241/8 (50 overs)	Lord's, London	England, Wales	30,000
2023	Australia	241/4 (43 overs)	6 wickets	India	240 all out (50 overs)	Narendra Modi Stadium, Ahmedabad †	India	92,453 ^[37]

Note: the World Cups hosted by England (1983, 1999, 2019) and South Africa (2003) also had some matches played in Wales, Scotland, Ireland, Netherlands, Zimbabwe and Kenya

Results by country

National team	Winners	Years won	Runners-up	Years runners-up
Australia Australia	6	<u>1987, 1999, 2003, 2007, 2015, 2023</u>	2	<u>1975, 1996</u>
India	2	1983, 2011	2	2003, 2023
West Indies	2	1975, 1979	1	1983
+ England	1	2019	3	<u>1979, 1987, 1992</u>
Sri Lanka	1	1996	2	2007, 2011
<u>C</u> Pakistan	1	1992	1	1999
New Zealand	0	-	2	2015, 2019

References

- "ICC CWC History" (https://web.archive.org/web/20111121195448/http://icc-cricket.yahoo.net/even ts_and_awards/CWC/cwc_history.php). International Cricket Council. Archived from the original (h ttp://icc-cricket.yahoo.net/events_and_awards/CWC/cwc_history.php) on 21 November 2011. Retrieved 30 November 2011.
- "ICC Cricket World Cup" (http://espn.go.com/extra/cricket/topics/_/page/icc-cricket-world-cup). ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20120209203339/http://espn.go.com/extra/cricket/topics/_/page/icc-cricket-world-cup) from the original on 9 February 2012. Retrieved 10 January 2012.
- 3. Rodrigopulle, Elmo (11 April 2007). "Big money for winner of World Cup 2007" (https://web.archive.org/web/20121019054344/http://www.dailynews.lk/2007/04/11/spo01.asp). *Daily News (Sri Lanka)*. Cabinet of Sri Lanka. Archived from the original (http://www.dailynews.lk/2007/04/11/spo01.asp) on 19 October 2012. Retrieved 12 January 2012.
- 4. Wijesiri, Lionel (28 April 2011). "Battle for World cricket supremacy" (https://web.archive.org/web/2 0121019054522/http://www.dailynews.lk/2007/04/28/fea53.asp). Daily News (Sri Lanka). Cabinet of Sri Lanka. Archived from the original (http://www.dailynews.lk/2007/04/28/fea53.asp) on 19 October 2012. Retrieved 12 January 2012.
- 5. "Outsiders seek to prove their worth" (https://web.archive.org/web/20110919134406/http://www.hindu.com/2007/03/04/stories/2007030401711700.htm). *The Hindu*. Chennai: The Hindu Group. 4 March 2007. Archived from the original (http://www.hindu.com/2007/03/04/stories/2007030401711700.htm) on 19 September 2011. Retrieved 12 January 2012.
- "World Cup / Records / Series results" (https://web.archive.org/web/20110227112333/http://stats.e spncricinfo.com/icc_cricket_worldcup2011/engine/records/team/series_results.html?id=12%3Btyp e%3Dtrophy). ESPNcricinfo. ESPN. Archived from the original (http://stats.espncricinfo.com/icc_cricket_worldcup2011/engine/records/team/series_results.html?id=12;type=trophy) on 27 February 2011. Retrieved 4 April 2011.
- 7. Williamson, Martin. "The World Cup A brief history" (http://content-aus.cricinfo.com/wc2007/content/story/264535.html). *ESPNcricinfo*. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20080328095 116/http://content-aus.cricinfo.com/wc2007/content/story/264535.html) from the original on 28 March 2008. Retrieved 4 April 2011.
- 8. Vatsyayana, Manoj (14 February 2011). "A history of the Cricket World Cup from 1975 to 2007" (ht tp://www.foxsports.com.au/cricket/cricket-world-cup-2011/a-history-of-the-cricket-world-cup-from-1 975-to-2007/story-e6frf3ju-1226004599394). Fox Sports. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20 121006065716/http://www.foxsports.com.au/cricket/cricket-world-cup-2011/a-history-of-the-cricket -world-cup-from-1975-to-2007/story-e6frf3ju-1226004599394) from the original on 2012-10-06. Retrieved 4 April 2011.

- 9. "Records / World Cup / Result summary" (https://web.archive.org/web/20110227115818/http://stats.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/records/team/results_summary.html?id=12%3Btype%3Dtrophy). <u>ESPNcricinfo</u>. <u>ESPN</u>. Archived from the original (http://stats.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/records/team/results summary.html?id=12;type=trophy) on 27 February 2011. Retrieved 4 April 2011.
- 10. "Mumbai now also becomes cricket capital" (https://web.archive.org/web/20110829002847/http://www.hindustantimes.com/Mumbai-now-also-becomes-cricket-capital/Article1-680397.aspx).

 Hindustan Times. New Delhi: HT Media Ltd. 2 April 2011. Archived from the original (http://www.hindustantimes.com/Mumbai-now-also-becomes-cricket-capital/Article1-680397.aspx) on 29 August 2011. Retrieved 12 January 2012.
- 11. "Prudential World Cup –1975" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/current/match/65049.html). *ESPNcricinfo*. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20120112103612/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/current/match/65049.html) from the original on 12 January 2012. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 12. "Clive Lloyd 1975" (http://news.bbc.co.uk/sport3/cwc2003/hi/newsid_2590000/newsid_2596900/2596985.stm). BBC Sport. British Broadcasting Corporation. 3 January 2003. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20110220180104/http://news.bbc.co.uk/sport3/cwc2003/hi/newsid_2590000/newsid_2596900/2596985.stm) from the original on 20 February 2011. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 13. "Prudential World Cup, 1975 Fall of wickets and partnerships" (https://web.archive.org/web/2011 0204195837/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65049.html?innings=1%3Bview%3Dfow). ESPNcricinfo. ESPN. Archived from the original (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65049.html?innings=1;view=fow) on 4 February 2011. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 14. Preston, Norman (12 January 2006). "The Prudential World Cup Final, 1975" (http://www.espncrici nfo.com/ci/content/story/150279.html). *Wisden Cricketers' Almanack*. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20140714153333/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/content/story/150279.html) from the original on 14 July 2014. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 15. "Prudential World Cup, 1979 Fall of wickets and partnerships" (https://web.archive.org/web/2011 0204195842/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65063.html?innings=1%3Bview%3Dfow). ESPNcricinfo. ESPN. Archived from the original (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65063.html?innings=1;view=fow) on 4 February 2011. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 16. "Prudential World Cup 1979" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/current/match/65063.html). ESPNcricinfo. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20111210105052/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/current/match/65063.html) from the original on 10 December 2011. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 17. Preston, Norman. "Prudential World Cup final, 1979" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/content/story/150321.html). *Wisden Cricketers' Almanack*. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2014_0717120141/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/content/story/150321.html) from the original on 17 July 2014. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 18. "Clive Lloyd –1979" (http://news.bbc.co.uk/sport3/cwc2003/hi/newsid_2590000/newsid_2597300/2597337.stm). BBC Sport. British Broadcasting Corporation. 3 January 2003. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20121008105135/http://news.bbc.co.uk/sport3/cwc2003/hi/newsid_2590000/newsid_2597300/2597337.stm) from the original on 8 October 2012. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 19. "India defy the odds" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/content/story/150434.html). Wisden Cricketers' Almanack. ESPN. 2 June 2008. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2012010502444 3/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/content/story/150434.html) from the original on 5 January 2012. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 20. "Prudential World Cup 1983" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/wc1983/engine/match/65090.html). ESPNcricinfo. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20120105014250/http://www.espncric info.com/wc1983/engine/match/65090.html) from the original on 5 January 2012. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 21. "Reliance World Cup 1987/88" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65117.html). ESPNcricinfo. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20120107061647/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65117.html) from the original on 7 January 2012. Retrieved 9 January 2012.

- 22. "1987–88 World Cup Final" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/content/story/150655.html). *Wisden Cricketers' Almanack*. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20150404084846/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/content/story/150655.html) from the original on 4 April 2015. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 23. "Benson & Hedges World Cup 1991/92" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65156.html). *ESPNcricinfo*. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20111222221823/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65156.html) from the original on 22 December 2011. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 24. "Benson & Hedges World Cup 1991–92 final" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/content/story/15090 3.html). *Wisden Cricketers' Almanack*. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20111217080 645/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/content/story/150903.html) from the original on 17 December 2011. Retrieved 9 January 2012.
- 25. "Wills World Cup Final Australia v Sri Lanka" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65 192.html). *ESPNcricinfo*. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20131004132812/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65192.html) from the original on 4 October 2013. Retrieved 10 January 2012.
- 26. Coverdale, Brydon (5 January 2012). "Rollercoaster riders" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/review20 11/content/story/547872.html). ESPNcricinfo. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20120 109144332/http://www.espncricinfo.com/review2011/content/story/547872.html) from the original on 9 January 2012. Retrieved 10 January 2012.
- 27. "Paul Reiffel 1999" (http://news.bbc.co.uk/sport3/cwc2003/hi/newsid_2650000/newsid_265280 0/2652867.stm). BBC Sport. British Broadcasting Corporation. 13 January 2003. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20121113182017/http://news.bbc.co.uk/sport3/cwc2003/hi/newsid_2650000/newsid_2652800/2652867.stm) from the original on 13 November 2012. Retrieved 10 January 2012.
- 28. "ICC World Cup Final Australia v Pakistan" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/6523 4.html). *ESPNcricinfo*. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20120110171003/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65234.html) from the original on 10 January 2012. Retrieved 10 January 2012.
- 29. "Statistics / Statsguru / One-Day Internationals / Partnership records" (https://web.archive.org/web/20150912082952/http://stats.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/stats/index.html?class=2%3Bfilter%3Dadvanced%3Bfinal_type%3D1%3Btemplate%3Dresults%3Btrophy%3D12%3Btype%3Dfow%3Bview%3Dinnings). ESPNcricinfo. ESPN. Archived from the original (http://stats.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/stats/index.html?class=2;filter=advanced;final_type=1;template=results;trophy=12;type=fow;view=innings) on 12 September 2015. Retrieved 10 January 2012.
- 30. "ICC World Cup Final Australia v India" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65286.ht ml). *ESPNcricinfo*. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20150428100407/http://www.espncricinfo.com/ci/engine/match/65286.html) from the original on 28 April 2015. Retrieved 10 January 2012.
- 31. Brett, Oliver (28 April 2007). "Final: Australia v Sri Lanka" (http://news.bbc.co.uk/sport2/hi/cricket/6 599659.stm). BBC Sport. British Broadcasting Corporation. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20131002214726/http://news.bbc.co.uk/sport2/hi/cricket/6599659.stm) from the original on 2 October 2013. Retrieved 10 January 2012.
- 32. "ICC World Cup Final 2006/07" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/wc2007/engine/match/247507.html). ESPNcricinfo. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20120111151822/http://www.espncricinfo.com/wc2007/engine/match/247507.html) from the original on 11 January 2012. Retrieved 10 January 2012.
- 33. "ICC Cricket World Cup 2011" (https://web.archive.org/web/20150206130539/http://www.cricknews.net/2015/02/icc-cricket-world-cup-2011-complete.html). *Cricket News*. Archived from the original (http://www.cricknews.net/2015/02/icc-cricket-world-cup-2011-complete.html) on 2015-02-06. Retrieved 6 February 2015.
- 34. Sheringham, Sam (2 April 2011). "India power past Sri Lanka to Cricket World Cup triumph" (htt p://news.bbc.co.uk/sport2/hi/cricket/9444277.stm). BBC Sport. British Broadcasting Corporation. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20120123061530/http://news.bbc.co.uk/sport2/hi/cricket/94 44277.stm) from the original on 23 January 2012. Retrieved 10 January 2012.

- 35. "ICC World Cup Final 2010/11" (http://www.espncricinfo.com/icc_cricket_worldcup2011/engine/cur rent/match/433606.html). *ESPNcricinfo*. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/201104160 43712/http://www.espncricinfo.com/icc_cricket_worldcup2011/engine/current/match/433606.html) from the original on 16 April 2011. Retrieved 10 January 2012.
- 36. "Final (D/N), ICC Cricket World Cup at Melbourne, Mar 29 2015" (https://www.espncricinfo.com/se ries/8039/scorecard/656495/australia-vs-new-zealand-final-icc-cricket-world-cup-2014-15). ESPNCricinfo. ESPN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20190626192341/https://www.espncricinfo.com/series/8039/scorecard/656495/australia-vs-new-zealand-final-icc-cricket-world-cup-2014-15) from the original on 26 June 2019. Retrieved 18 July 2019.
- 37. Martin, Ali (19 November 2023). "Australia have reached 'pinnacle' with sixth World Cup, says Pat Cummins" (https://www.theguardian.com/sport/2023/nov/19/australia-reach-pinnacle-with-sixth-wo rld-cup-win-says-pat-cummins). *The Guardian*. Retrieved 20 November 2023.

External links

Official ICC website (http://www.icc-cricket.com/)

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=List of Cricket World Cup finals&oldid=1194182224"