Week 3-2:

--Coding-C-Language Features-Optional.

ROLL NO.:240801187

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Q1) Write a program that determines the name of a shape from its number of sides. Read the number of sides from the user and then report the appropriate name as part of a meaningful message. Your program should support shapes with anywhere from 3 up to (and including) 10 sides. If a number of sides outside of this range is entered then your program should display an appropriate error message.

Sample Input 1

3

Sample Output 1

Triangle

Sample Input 2

7

Sample Output 2

Heptagon

Sample Input 3

11

Sample Output 3

The number of sides is not supported.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
1
 2 •
    int main(){
 3
        int a;
        scanf("%d",&a);
 4
 5 1
        if(a==3){
 6
            printf("Triangle");
 7
 8 ,
        else if(a==4){
            printf("Quadrilateral");
9
10
        else if (a==5){
11 1
            printf("Pentagon");
12
13
        else if (a==6){
14 •
15
            printf("Hexagon");
16
        else if (a==7){
17 •
            printf("Heptagon");
18
19
        }
20 🔻
        else if (a==8){
            printf("octagon");
21
22
        else if (a==9){
23 1
            printf("Nonagon");
24
25
26 •
        else if (a==10){
            printf("Decagon");
27
28
        }
        else{
29 •
            printf("The number of sides is not supported.");
30
31
32
        return 0;
33
   }
```

OUTPUT:

		Input	Expected	Got		
	~	3	Triangle	Triangle	~	
	~	7	Heptagon	Heptagon	~	
	~	11	The number of sides is not supported.	The number of sides is not supported.	~	
Р	Passed all tests! ✓					

Q2) The Chinese zodiac assigns animals to years in a 12-year cycle. One 12-year cycle is shown in the table below. The pattern repeats from there, with 2012 being another year of the Dragon, and 1999 being another year of the Hare.

Year Animal

2000 Dragon

2001 Snake

2002 Horse

2003 Sheep

2004 Monkey

2005 Rooster

2006 Dog

2007 Pig

2008 Rat

2009 Ox

2010 Tiger

2011 Hare

Write a program that reads a year from the user and displays the animal associated with that year. Your program should work correctly for any year greater than or equal to zero, not just the ones listed in the table.

Sample Input 1

2004

Sample Output 1

Monkey

Sample Input 2

2010

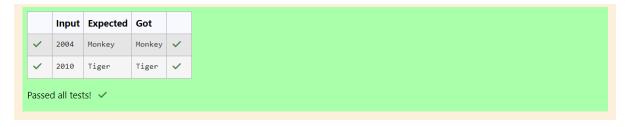
Sample Output 2

Tiger

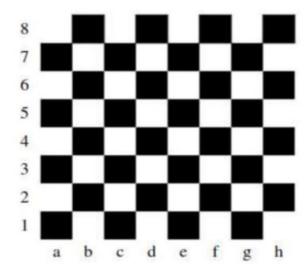
Code:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2 v int main(){
          main(){
int a;
int a;
const char*animals[]={
    "Dragon", "Snake", "Horse", "Sheep", "Monkey", "Rooster", "Dog", "Pig", "Rat", "Ox", "Tiger", "Hare"
}
 3
 4 🔻
 5
 6
           f;
scanf("%d",&a);
int index = (a-2000)%12;
if (index<0){</pre>
 7
 8
 9 🔻
10
                index+=12;
11
           printf("%s\n",animals[index]);
12
           return 0;
13
14 }
```

OUTPUT:



Q3)
Positions on a chess board are identified by a letter and a number. The letter identifies the column, while the number identifies the row, as shown below:



Write a program that reads a position from the user. Use an if statement to determine if the column begins with a black square or a white square. Then use modular arithmetic to report the color of the square in that row. For example, if the user enters all then your program should report that the square is black. If the user enters d5 then your program should report that the square is white. Your program may assume that a valid position will always be entered. It does not need to perform any error checking.

Sample Input 1

a l

Sample Output 1

The square is black.

Code:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 v int main(){
  3
         int row;
           char col;
  4
       scanf("%c %d",&col,&row);
// printf("%c",col);
if (col == 'a' || col == 'c'||col == 'e'||col == 'g'){
  5
  6
              if (row%2!=0){
   printf("The square is black.");
}
else{
  8 *
  9
 10
               printf("The square is white.");
}
 11 🔻
 12
 13
 14
              if (row%2!=0){
   printf("The square is white.");
}
 15 🔻
           else{
 16 🔻
 17
 18
              else{
 19 🔻
           printf("The square is black.");
}
 20
 21
 22
           return 0;
 23
 24 }
```

OUTPUT: