

## Output Format

Print a single line containing 'Yes' or 'No'.

## Input Constraint

$$1 < N < 10$$

Strength of vaccines and midichlorians count of patients fit in integer.

## SAMPLE INPUT

5

123 146 454 542 456

100 328 248 689 200

## SAMPLE OUTPUT

No

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 void bubblesort(int arr[],int n){
3     int temp,i,j;
4     for(i=0;i<n;i++){
5         for(j=0;j<n-1-i;j++){
6             if(arr[j]>arr[j+1]){
7                 temp=arr[j];
8                 arr[j]=arr[j+1];
9                 arr[j+1]=temp;
10            }
11        }
12    }
13 }
14 int main(){
15     int N;
16     scanf("%d",&N);
17     int vaccines[N];
18     int patients[N];
19     for(int i=0;i<N;i++){
20         scanf("%d",&vaccines[i]);
21     }
22     for(int i=0;i<N;i++){
23         scanf("%d",&patients[i]);
24     }
25     bubblesort(vaccines,N);
26     bubblesort(patients,N);
27     for(int i=0;i<N;i++){
28         if(vaccines[i]<=patients[i]){
29             printf("No\n");
30         }
31     }
32     return 0;
33 }
```

Strength of vaccines and midichlorians count of patients fit in integer.

#### SAMPLE INPUT

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15     int N;
16     scanf("%d",&N);
17     int vaccines[N];
18     int patients[N];
19     for(int i=0;i<N;i++){
20         scanf("%d",&vaccines[i]);
21     }
22     for(int i=0;i<N;i++){
23         scanf("%d",&patients[i]);
24     }
25     bubblesort(vaccines,N);
26     bubblesort(patients,N);
27     for(int i=0;i<N;i++){
28         if(vaccines[i]<=patients[i]){
29             printf("No\n");
30             return 0;
31         }
32     }
33     printf("Yes\n");
34     return 0;
35 }
36
```

|   | Input   | Expected | Got |   |
|---|---|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | 5<br>123 146 454 542 456<br>100 328 248 689 200 | No       | No  | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

You are given an array of  $n$  integer numbers  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$ .  
Calculate the number of pair of indices  $(i, j)$  such that  $1 \leq i < j \leq n$  and  $a_i \text{ xor } a_j = 0$ .

#### Input format

- First line:  $n$  denoting the number of array elements
- Second line:  $n$  space separated integers  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$ .

#### Output format

Output the required number of pairs.

#### Constraints

$$1 \leq n \leq 10^6$$

$$1 \leq a_i \leq 10^9$$

#### SAMPLE INPUT

5  
1 3 1 4 3

#### SAMPLE OUTPUT

2

#### Explanation

The 2 pair of indices are (1, 3) and (2,5).

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int n;
4     scanf("%d",&n);
5     int arr[n];
6     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
7         scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
8     }
9     int count =0;
10    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
11        for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++){
12            if((arr[i]^arr[j])==0) count
13        }
14    }
15    printf("%d",count);
16    return 0;
17 }
```

$$1 \leq n \leq 10^6$$

$$1 \leq a_i \leq 10^9$$

#### SAMPLE INPUT

5

1 3 1 4 3

#### SAMPLE OUTPUT

2

Explanation

The 2 pair of indices are (1, 3) and (2,5).

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int n;
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9     int count =0;
10    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
11        for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++){
12            if((arr[i]^arr[j])==0) count
13        }
14    }
15    printf("%d",count);
16    return 0;
17 }
```

|   | Input          | Expected | Got |   |
|---|----------------|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | 5<br>1 3 1 4 3 | 2        | 2   | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

You are given an array **A** of non-negative integers of size **m**.  
Your task is to sort the array in non-decreasing order and  
print out the original indices of the new sorted array.

Example:

Passed all tests: ✓

You are given an array **A** of non-negative integers of size **m**.  
Your task is to sort the array in non-decreasing order and  
print out the original indices of the new sorted array.

**Example:**

$A=\{4,5,3,7,1\}$

After sorting the new array becomes  $A=\{1,3,4,5,7\}$ .

The required output should be "4 2 0 1 3"

**INPUT :**

The first line of input consists of the size of the array

The next line consists of the array of size m

**OUTPUT :**

Output consists of a single line of integers

**CONSTRAINTS:**

$1 \leq m \leq 106$

$0 \leq A[i] \leq 106$

NOTE: The indexing of the array starts with 0.

**SAMPLE INPUT**

5

4 5 3 7 1

**SAMPLE OUTPUT**

4 2 0 1 3

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int n;
4     scanf("%d",&n);
5     int arr[n];
6     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
7         scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
8     }
9     int max=arr[0];
10    for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
11        if(arr[i]>max) max=arr[i];
```

## OUTPUT :

Output consists of a single line of integers

## CONSTRAINTS:

$$1 \leq m \leq 106$$

$$0 \leq A[i] \leq 106$$

NOTE: The indexing of the array starts with 0.

## SAMPLE INPUT

5

4 5 3 7 1

## SAMPLE OUTPUT

4 2 0 1 3

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int n;
4     scanf("%d",&n);
5     int arr[n];
6     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
7         scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
8     }
9     int max=arr[0];
10    for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
11        if(arr[i]>max) max=arr[i];
12    }
13    max++;
14    int min=0;
15    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
16        for(int j=0;j<n;j++){
17            if(arr[j]<arr[min]) min=j;
18        }
19        printf("%d ",min);
20        arr[min]=max;
21    }
22    return 0;
23 }
```

|   | Input          | Expected  | Got       |   |
|---|----------------|-----------|-----------|---|
| ✓ | 5<br>4 5 3 7 1 | 4 2 0 1 3 | 4 2 0 1 3 | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Finish review