

$$a) f_1 \leq f_2 \leq f_4 \leq f_3$$

$$f_1(n) = n^{0.999999} \ln n = n^{1-10^{-6}} \ln n$$

$$f_3(n) = (1+10^{-6})^n$$

$$f_2(n) = 10^7 n$$

$$f_4(n) = n^2$$

$$\textcircled{1} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^{1-10^{-6}} \ln n}{10^7 n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\cancel{n} \cdot n^{-10^{-6}} \ln n}{10^7 \cancel{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{10^7} \cdot \frac{\ln n}{n^{10^{-6}}}$$

$$\stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{10^7} \cdot \frac{1}{n \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot n^{10^{-6}-1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{10^7} \cdot \frac{\cancel{10^6} \cdot n^{1-10^{-6}}}{n}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^{-10^{-6}}}{10} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{10 \cdot n^{10^{-6}}} = 0 < +\infty$$

wolno rosnące  
funkcja pierwiastkowa

$$\textcircled{2} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{10^7 \cancel{n}}{n^2} = 0$$

$$\textcircled{3} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2}{(1+10^{-6})^n} \stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 \cdot n}{\ln(1+10^{-6}) \cdot (1+10^{-6})^n}$$

$$\stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{(\ln(1+10^{-6}))^2 \cdot (1+10^{-6})^n} = 0$$

b)

$$f_1(n) = 2^{100n}$$

$$f_2(n) = \binom{n}{2}$$

$$f_3(n) = n\sqrt{n}$$

$$f_3(n) \stackrel{①}{\leq} f_2(n) \stackrel{②}{\leq} f_1(n)$$

$$① \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{\binom{n}{2}}{2^{100n}} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n(n-1)}{2 \cdot 2^{100n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 - n}{2^{100n+1}}$$

$$\stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n-1}{2^{100n+1} \cdot \ln 2} \stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{2^{100n+1} \cdot (\ln 2)^2} = 0$$

$\downarrow \infty$

$$② \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{n^{3/2}}{2^{100n}} \right| \stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{3}{2} n^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2^{100n} \cdot \ln 2} \stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{3}{4} n^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2^{100n} \cdot (\ln 2)^2}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3}{2^{102n} \cdot (\ln 2)^2 \cdot \sqrt{n}} = 0$$

$\downarrow \infty$

$$c) f_1(n) = n^{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$f_2(n) = 2^n$$

$$f_3(n) = n^{10} \cdot 2^{\frac{n}{2}} = \frac{n^{10} \cdot 2^n}{2^{\frac{n}{2}}}$$

$$f_4(n) = \sum_{i=1}^n (i+1)$$

$f_4(n)$  - suma ciągu arytmetycznego

$$f_4(n) = \frac{2 + n+1}{2} \cdot n = \frac{(3+n)}{2} \cdot n = \frac{n^2 + 3n}{2}$$

$$f_4(n) \stackrel{①}{\leq} f_1(n) \stackrel{②}{\leq} f_3(n) \stackrel{③}{\leq} f_2(n)$$

$$① \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{n^2 + 3n}{2n^{\sqrt{n}}} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(n^2 + 3n) \cdot n^{-\sqrt{n}}}{2} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{n^{2-\sqrt{n}} + 3n^{1-\sqrt{n}}}{2} \right|$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2}{n^{\sqrt{n}}} + \frac{3}{2} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n^{\sqrt{n}}} = 0 + 0 = 0$$

$$② \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{n^{\sqrt{n}}}{n^{10} \cdot 2^{\frac{n}{2}}} \right| \quad \text{Równocześnie możemy sprawdzić} \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{n^{\sqrt{n}}}{2^n} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{n}{2^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}}} \right)^{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{n}{2^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}}} \right| \stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{1}{2^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}} \cdot \ln 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}}}} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{n}}{2^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}-1} \ln 2} \stackrel{H}{=}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{\frac{1}{2^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}}}}{2^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}-1} \cdot (\ln 2)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{2^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}}}} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{(\ln 2)^2 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}-1}} = 0$$

$$③ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{n^{10} \cdot 2^{\frac{n}{2}}}{2^n} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| n^{10} \cdot 2^{\frac{n}{2} - n} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{n^{10}}{2^{\frac{n}{2}}} \right| \stackrel{\text{rosnące wolniej}}{=} 0$$