# Imports

# Packages

```
In [1]: import os
        import cvxpy as cp
        import numpy as np
        import statsmodels.api as sm
        from statsmodels.tsa.api import VAR
        from numpy import linalg
        import pandas as pd
        import astropy
        import datetime as dt
        from astropy.coordinates import EarthLocation
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import matplotlib as mpl
        from matplotlib import animation
        import seaborn as sns
        import scipy.stats as stats
        import random
        import cartopy.crs as ccrs
        import cartopy
        import cartopy.feature as cfeature
        from matplotlib import animation, rc
        import plotly.graph_objects as go
        from IPython.display import HTML
        from sklearn import linear_model
        import plotly.graph_objects as go
        import networkx as nx
        import plotly.express as px
        plt.rcParams.update({'font.size': 13})
        executed in 3.62s, finished 10:47:07 2020-04-08
```

#### Global Variables

#### Classes

```
In [962]: class clean raw data:
               # reading from data accessories
               ap_info = data_accessories.ap_info
               def __init__(self, airports, routes, fares, delays):
                   # reading/cleaning data
                   self.airports = airports
                   self.routes = routes
                   self.fares = fares
                   self.delays = self.process delays(delays)
                   self.make_airport_coords()
              def make airport coords(self):
                  Merging additional information with given airport
                  info. Adding airport name as well as lat/lon data.
                  airport_name = []; lat = []; lon = []
                  x = []; y = []; z = []
                  for AP in self.airports['Airport'].unique():
                       ap_i = self.ap_info[self.ap_info['AIRPORT'] == AP].iloc[-1]
                       airport_name.append(ap_i['DISPLAY_AIRPORT_NAME'])
                       # gettinbg airport latitude and longitude
                       lon_i = ap_i['LONGITUDE']
                       lat_i = ap_i['LATITUDE']
                       # converts to geocentric coordinates meters
                       geo_centr = EarthLocation(lon_i, lat_i).value
                       lat.append(lat_i)
                       lon.append(lon_i)
                       x.append(geo_centr[0])
                       y.append(geo centr[1])
                       z.append(geo_centr[2])
                   # Lat / Long data
                   self.airports['airport name'] = airport name
                   self.airports['lon'] = lon
                   self.airports['lat'] = lat
                   # geocentric cartesian coordinates (meters)
                   self.airports['x'] = x
                   self.airports['y'] = y
                   self.airports['z'] = z
               def process_delays(self, data):
                   # getting rid of nan
                   self.delays = data.dropna(subset=['ARR DELAY','DEP DELAY'])
                  data['datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(data['FL_DATE'])
                  data = data[data['CANCELED'] != 1]
                  return data.fillna(0)
          class prep_delay_data:
               def __init__(self, data, carrier, N_airports):
                  self.carrier = carrier
                  self.N_airports = N_airports
                   self.top_airports = self.find_top_aps(data)
                  self.delay_matr = self.clean_and_format(data)
               def summarize(self):
                  nass
               def find_top_aps(self, data):
                  top_airports = {}
                   for i in range(len(CODES)):
                       carr = CODES[i]
                       sub = AIRLINE_DATA.delays[AIRLINE_DATA.delays['CARRIER'] == carr]
                       ap_counts = sub['ORIGIN'].value_counts()
```

```
top_airports[carr] = ap_counts.index[:self.N_airports]
   return list(top_airports[self.carrier])
def clean and format(self, data):
   data['datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(data['datetime'])
    subset 0 = data[((data['airport']).isin(self.top airports)) &
                    (data['carrier'] == self.carrier)]
    '''~ dropping bad dates ~'''
    # if a given airport has 0 flights on some,
   # remove all flights on that day
   bad_index = []
   for ap in subset_0['airport'].unique():
       sub = subset_0[subset_0['airport'] == ap]['avg_dep']
       nan rows = pd.isna(sub)
       nan_inds = nan_rows[nan_rows == True].index
       bad_index.extend(list(nan_inds))
   bad_dates = subset_0['datetime'].loc[bad_index]
   inds_to_drop = subset_0[subset_0['datetime'].isin(bad_dates)].index
    subset_1 = subset_0.drop(inds_to_drop)
   #print('Number of rows dropped:',len(subset_0)-len(subset_1))
    '''~ log transforming ~ & ~ making delay matrix ~'''
   trans_rows = []
   delay_matr = pd.DataFrame()
   diff_matr = pd.DataFrame()
   matr = []
   for ap in self.top_airports:
       sub = subset 1[subset 1['airport'] == ap]
       # airport wise transformation, each airport X_i \sim N(0, sigma**2)
       delays = sub['avg_dep'].values
       shift = abs(delays.min())+1
       delays += shift
       delays = np.log(delays)
       mu_log = np.mean(delays)
       delays -= mu_log
       # making matr object (cleaned and transformed version of original input)
       # note that delay_matr is just a table of delays with no info about time etc
       sub['avg_dep'] = np.log(sub['avg_dep']+shift)-mu_log
       # making matrs
       delay_matr[ap] = delays
       diff_matr[ap] = pd.Series(delays).diff(1)[1:]
       # appending data
       matr.append(sub)
       trans_rows.append({'airport': ap,
                           'shift': shift,
                           'mu_log': mu_log})
    self.trans_df = pd.DataFrame(trans_rows)
   self.matr = pd.concat(matr)
   self.matr['raw_avg_dep'] = subset_1['avg_dep']
    self.diff_matr = diff_matr
    '''~ sorting based on distances ~'''
   unsorted aps = delay matr.columns
   rltv_dists = []
   rfrnce_ap = unsorted_aps[0]
   for ap i in unsorted aps:
       if ap_i != rfrnce_ap:
            # trying to see if there is an actual flight, if not, set 1e6 distance
            try:
                subset = AIRLINE_DATA.routes[
                    (AIRLINE_DATA.routes['ORIGIN'] == rfrnce_ap) &
                    (AIRLINE_DATA.routes['DEST'] == ap_i)
               d = subset['DISTANCE'].values[0]
               rltv_dists.append({'airport': ap_i, 'distance': d})
            except:
                rltv_dists.append({'airport': ap_i, 'distance': 1e6})
       else:
            rltv_dists.append({'airport': rfrnce_ap, 'distance': 0})
   dist_df = pd.DataFrame(rltv_dists).sort_values(by = ['distance'])
```

```
delay_matr = delay_matr[dist_df['airport']]
        return delay matr
class visual:
    Note that this class takes multiple different kinds of
    data. It will not execute if you call a plotting method
    that doesnt math the data type (dataframe with correct columns)
    def __init__(self, data, carrier):
        self.data = data
        self.carrier = carrier
        self.index = CODES.index(carrier)
    def flight_frequency(self):
        dates = self.data['FL_DATE'].unique()
        counts = self.data['ORIGIN'].value_counts()/len(dates)
        aps = counts.index
        fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Bar(
                x=aps, y=counts,
                marker_color=['rgb{}'.format(CLRS[self.index]) for i in range(len(aps))])
                         1)
        fig.update_layout(
            title="{} - Flights Per Day ({}, {})".format(NAMES[self.index], dates[0], dates[-1]),
            plot_bgcolor="white",
            width = 950, height = 500)
        color = 'rgb(209, 209, 209)'
        fig.update_xaxes(showgrid=True, gridwidth=1, gridcolor=color)
        fig.update_yaxes(showgrid=True, gridwidth=1, gridcolor=color)
        fig.show()
    def time_series(self):
        fig = go.Figure()
        for c in self.data['airport'].unique():
            sub = self.data[self.data['airport'] == c]
            fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(
                            x = sub['datetime'],
                            y = sub['avg_dep'],
                            name = c,
                            opacity=.9))
        fig.update_layout(title = '{} - Mean Delay'.format(NAMES[self.index]),
                          xaxis_range=[
                              self.data['datetime'].min(),
                              self.data['datetime'].max()
                         xaxis_rangeslider_visible=True,
                         width = 950, height = 600,
                         plot_bgcolor = "white")
        color = 'rgb(209, 209, 209)'
        fig.update_xaxes(showgrid=True, gridwidth=1, gridcolor=color)
        fig.update_yaxes(showgrid=True, gridwidth=1, gridcolor=color)
        fig.show()
    def cov_matr(self):
        # airpots, covariance & precision matrix
        aps = self.data.columns
        cov_matr = np.corrcoef(self.data.T)
        prec_matr = linalg.inv(cov_matr)
        fig, (ax0, ax1) = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize = (18,7))
        sns.heatmap(cov_matr, ax = ax0, center=0,
                    xticklabels = aps, yticklabels = aps)
        sns.heatmap(prec_matr, ax = ax1, center=0,
                    xticklabels = aps, yticklabels = aps)
        plt.show()
    def dist_corr(self):
        aps = list(self.data.columns)
        cov_matr = np.corrcoef(self.data.T)
        prec_matr = linalg.inv(cov_matr)
        pairs = []
```

```
for i in aps:
                for j in aps:
                     if i!=j and (j, i) not in pairs:
                           pairs.append((i,j))
          values = []
          for p in pairs:
                subset = AIRLINE_DATA.routes[
                     (AIRLINE_DATA.routes['ORIGIN'] == p[0]) & (AIRLINE_DATA.routes['DEST'] == p[1])]
                d = subset['DISTANCE'].values
                if len(d) > 0:
                     values.append({'distance': d[0],
                                        'corr': cov_matr[aps.index(p[0])][aps.index(p[1])],
                                       'origin': p[0],
                                       'dest': p[1]})
          dist_corr = pd.DataFrame(values)
          plt.figure(figsize = (10,6))
          plt.rigdre('lgs12e = (10,0))
plt.grid(b=True, which='major', color='grey', linewidth=0.3)
plt.grid(b=True, which='minor', color='grey', linewidth=0.3)
plt.scatter(dist_corr['distance'], dist_corr['corr'], s = 40, color = 'k')
          plt.xlabel('Distance', fontsize = 17)
          plt.ylabel('Correlation', fontsize = 17)
          plt.show()
executed in 32ms, finished 23:19:29 2020-04-08
```

```
In [980]: class meinhausen bulman:
              def __init__(self, delay_matr, carrier, lambd):
                   self.delay matr = delay matr
                   self.carrier = carrier
                   self.lambd = lambd
                   self.nodes = list(delay_matr.columns)
                   self.params = self.estimate_parmeters()
                   self.edges = self.stitch_edges()
              def estimate_parmeters(self):
                  params = \{\}
                   for node i in self.nodes:
                       data_i = self.delay_matr[node_i]
                       data_rest = self.delay_matr[[i for i in self.nodes if i != node_i]]
                       lassoreg i = linear model.Lasso(self.lambd)
                       lassoreg_i.fit(data_rest, data_i)
                       params[node_i] = lassoreg_i.set_params()
                   return params
              def stitch_edges(self):
                  delta = 0.01
                   edges = pd.DataFrame()
                   for node_i, model_i in self.params.items():
                       ind = list(self.params.keys()).index(node i)
                       coeffs = [i if abs(i) >= delta else 0 for i in model_i.coef_]
                       coeffs.insert(ind, 1)
                       edges[node i] = coeffs
                  for node_i in self.nodes:
                       for node j in range(len(self.nodes)):
                           edge_pair = [edges[node_i].iloc[node_j],
                                        edges[self.nodes[node_j]].iloc[self.nodes.index(node_i)]]
                           max_edge = max(edge_pair)
                           edges[node_i].iloc[node_j] = max_edge
                           edges[self.nodes[node_j]].iloc[self.nodes.index(node_i)] = max_edge
                   return edges
              def view_graph(self, g_type):
                  N = self.nodes
                  G=nx.Graph()
                   G.add nodes from(N)
                   routes = MY_DATA[['airport', 'lat', 'lon']].drop_duplicates()
                   plotly_rows = []
                   for n i in N:
                      for n_j in N:
                           if n_i != n_j:
                               weight = self.edges[n_i].iloc[N.index(n_j)]
                               if weight != 0:
                                   edge = (n_i, n_j)
                                   G.add_edge(n_i, n_j, weight = weight)
                               org = routes[routes['airport'] == n_i]
                               dest = routes[routes['airport'] == n j]
                               plotly_rows.append({
                                   'weight': weight,
                                   'start_lon': org['lon'].values[0],
                                   'end_lon': dest['lon'].values[0],
                                   'start_lat': org['lat'].values[0],
                                   'end_lat': dest['lat'].values[0],
                                   'start_airport': n_i,
                                   'end_airport': n_j
                               })
                   plotly_df = pd.DataFrame(plotly_rows).drop_duplicates()
                   if g_type == 'circular':
                       plt.figure(figsize = (2.5,2.5))
                       nx.draw circular(G, node size = 125,
                                        node_color = [CLRS[CODES.index(self.carrier)]],
                                        with_labels=False)
                       plt.show(G)
                  elif g_type == 'geographic':
                       sub = plotly_df[['start_airport','start_lat','start_lon']].drop_duplicates()
```

```
inds = plotly_df[[i for i in plotly_df.columns if 'end' not in i]].drop_duplicates().index
            plotly_df = plotly_df.loc[inds]
            fig = go.Figure()
            for ap in sub['start_airport'].unique():
                ap_i = sub[sub['start_airport'] == ap]
                fig.add_trace(
                     go.Scattergeo(
                         locationmode = 'USA-states',
                         lon = ap_i['start_lon'],
                         lat = ap_i['start_lat'],
                         hoverinfo = 'text',
                         name = ap,
                         mode = 'markers',
                         marker = dict(
                             size = 2,
                             color = 'rgb(0,0,0)',
                             line = dict(width = 3,color = 'rgb(0,0,0)'))
                )
            line_colors = ['red', 'green']
            def sign_color(weight):
                if weight >= 0:
                     return 'green'
                 else:
                     return 'red'
            flight_paths = []
            for i in range(len(plotly_df)):
                fig.add trace(
                     go.Scattergeo(
                         locationmode = 'USA-states',
lon = [plotly_df['start_lon'].iloc[i], plotly_df['end_lon'].iloc[i]],
                         lat = [plotly_df['start_lat'].iloc[i], plotly_df['end_lat'].iloc[i]],
                         mode = 'lines';
                         name = plotly_df['end_airport'].iloc[i],
                         opacity = 1,
                         line = dict(
                             width = abs(plotly_df['weight'].iloc[i])*5,
                             color = sign_color(plotly_df['weight'].iloc[i]))
                     )
                )
            fig.update_layout(
                 title = 'Carrier - {}'.format(NAMES[self.index]),
                 showlegend = False,
                 geo = dict(
                     scope = 'north america',
                     projection_type = 'azimuthal equal area',
                     showland = True,
                     landcolor = 'rgb(230,230,230)',
                     countrycolor = 'rgb(204, 204, 204)'),
                 width = 960, height = 700)
            fig.show()
executed in 19ms, finished 23:31:55 2020-04-08
```

localhost:8891/notebooks/Documents/Jupyter/Airlines/Exploration/Analysis Pipeline.ipynb

```
In [964]: class fuse lasso:
              DELTA = 0.01
               def __init__(self, flight_data, M, lambd_grid, alpha_grid):
                   self.flight_data = flight_data
                   self.M = M
                  self.nodes = list(M.columns)
                  self.T = M.shape[0]
                  self.d = M.shape[1]
                   self.diff_matr = self.make_diff_matr()
                   self.lambd_grid = lambd_grid
                   self.alpha grid = alpha grid
                   self.edge_list = self.edge_estimation()
                  self.graphs = self.precision_matricies()
               def make diff matr(self):
                   D = (np.identity(self.T) + np.diag([-1]*(self.T-1),k=1))[:-1]
                   return D
               def MSE(self, X, y, beta):
                  return (.5)*sum([(y[t] - sum([beta[t][i]*X[t][i] for i in range(self.d-1)]))**2 for t in range(self.T)]
              def l1 norm(self, beta):
                  return sum([cp.norm1(beta[t]) for t in range(self.T)])
              def fusion(self, beta):
                  return sum([cp.norm1(vec) for vec in [self.diff matr@beta.T[i] for i in range(self.d-1)]])
              def obj_func(self, X, y, beta_matr, _lamda_, _alpha_):
                   return self.MSE(X, y, beta matr) + lamda *self.l1 norm(beta matr) + alpha *self.fusion(beta matr)
              def edge_estimation(self):
                   estimates = []
                   for node_i in self.nodes:
                      y = self.M[node_i].to_numpy()
                       X = self.M[[j for j in self.nodes if j != node_i]].to_numpy()
                       # node i optimization
                       _lambd_ = cp.Parameter(nonneg=True)
                       _alpha_ = cp.Parameter(nonneg=True)
                       beta_matr = cp.Variable(shape = (self.T, self.d-1))
                       optim problem = cp.Problem(
                           cp.Minimize(self.obj_func(X, y, beta_matr, _lambd_, _alpha_))
                       for 1 in self.lambd_grid:
                           _{
m lambd}.value = 1
                           for a in self.alpha_grid:
                               _alpha_.value = a
                               optim_problem.solve(solver='ECOS')
                               estimates.append({'node': node_i,
                                                 'l': l, 'a': a,
                                                 'error': optim_problem.value,
                                                 'beta matrix': beta matr.value})
                  return pd.DataFrame(estimates)
               def precision matricies(self):
                   omega list = []
                   for t in range(self.T):
                       # creaing precision_matrix(t)
                       edges_t = pd.DataFrame()
                       for i in range(len(self.edge_list['node'])):
                           node_i = self.nodes[i]
                           beta_t_i = list(
                               self.edge_list[self.edge_list['node'] == node_i]['beta_matrix'].iloc[0][t]
                           beta_t_i.insert(i,1)
                           edges t[node i] = beta t i
                       # stitching the edges for each precision_matrix(t)
                       for node i in self.nodes:
                           for node_j in self.nodes:
                               index_i = self.nodes.index(node_i)
                               index_j = self.nodes.index(node_j)
```

```
max_edge = max([edges_t[node_i].iloc[index_j],
                                     edges_t[node_j].iloc[index_i]])
                     if max edge < 0.01:</pre>
                         max edge = 0
                     edges_t[node_i].iloc[index_j] = max_edge
                    edges_t[node_j].iloc[index_i] = max_edge
            omega_list.append(edges_t)
        return omega_list
    def plot_paramaters(self, demo = False):
        dates = self.flight_data['datetime'].unique()
        num_nodes = len(self.nodes)
        if demo == True:
            num nodes = 3
        for i in range(num_nodes):
            params = []
            for omega t in self.graphs:
                indicies = [x for x in range(len(self.nodes)) if x != i]
                params.append(omega_t[self.nodes[i]].iloc[indicies])
            plt.figure(figsize = (13,4))
            plt.plot(dates, params)
            plt.title(self.nodes[i])
            plt.show()
    def generate_segments(self, threshold, plot = True):
        omega = self.graphs
        dates = self.flight_data['datetime'].unique()
        omega_delta = [omega[i+1].to_numpy()-omega[i].to_numpy() for i in range(len(omega)-1)]
        rows = []
        for i in range(len(omega_delta)):
            Sum = 0
            omega_dt = omega_delta[i]
            for j in range(len(omega_dt)):
                Sum += omega_dt[j].max()
            rows.append({'dates': dates[i], 'value': Sum})
        df = pd.DataFrame(rows)
        if plot == True:
            plt.figure(figsize = (14, 6))
            plt.plot(df['dates'], df['value'], color = 'k')
            plt.title('lambda = {}'.format(self.alpha_grid[0]))
            #plt.hlines(y = threshold,
                        xmin = dates[0], xmax= dates[-1],
                        color = 'red',
linestyles = 'dashed',
             #
              #
                         linewidth = 4)
            plt.show()
        good = df[(df['value'] >= threshold)]
        dates = good['dates']
        bad_dates = []
        for i in range(len(dates)-1):
            if (dates.iloc[i+1]-dates.iloc[i] < dt.timedelta(days = 30)):</pre>
                bad dates.append(dates.iloc[i+1])
        return good[~(good['dates']).isin(bad_dates)]
executed in 22ms, finished 23:19:30 2020-04-08
```

#### Data

C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\IPython\core\interactiveshell.py:3057: DtypeWarning:

Columns (32) have mixed types. Specify dtype option on import or set low\_memory=False.

```
In [382]: MY_DATA = pd.read_csv(path + '\correct_MATR.csv')
    MY_DATA['datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(MY_DATA['datetime'])
    executed in 359ms, finished 13:54:09 2020-04-08
```

# First look at the data

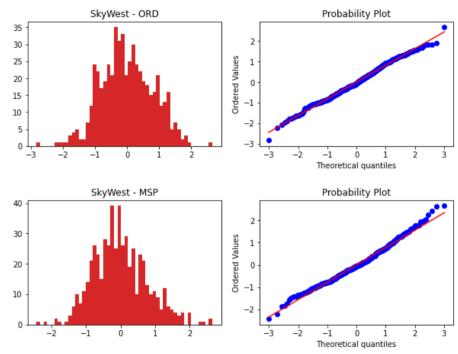
C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel\_launcher.py:117: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

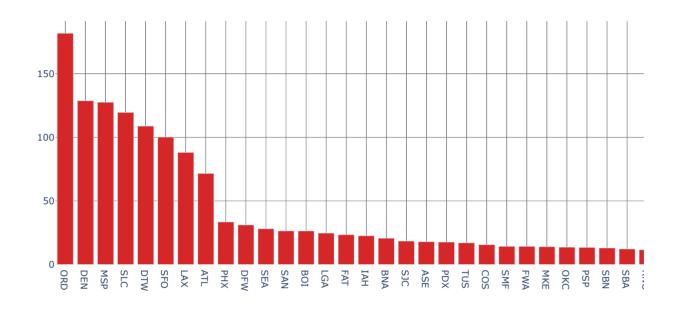
```
In [971]: top_3 = X.top_airports

y = delay_matr[top_3[0]]
fig, (ax0, ax1) = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize = (10,3))
ax0.hist(y, bins = 50, color = CLRS[CODES.index(carrier)])
ax0.set_title('{} - {}'.format(f'{NAMES[CODES.index(carrier)]}', top_3[0]))
stats.probplot(y, dist=stats.norm, plot=ax1)
plt.show()

y = delay_matr[top_3[2]]
fig, (ax0, ax1) = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize = (10,3))
ax0.hist(y, bins = 50, color = CLRS[CODES.index(carrier)])
ax0.set_title('{} - {}'.format(f'{NAMES[CODES.index(carrier)]}',top_3[2]))
stats.probplot(y, dist=stats.norm, plot=ax1)
plt.show()
executed in 399ms, finished 23:20:08 2020-04-08
```

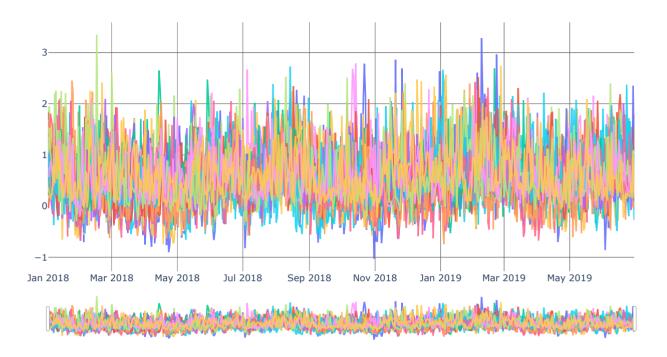


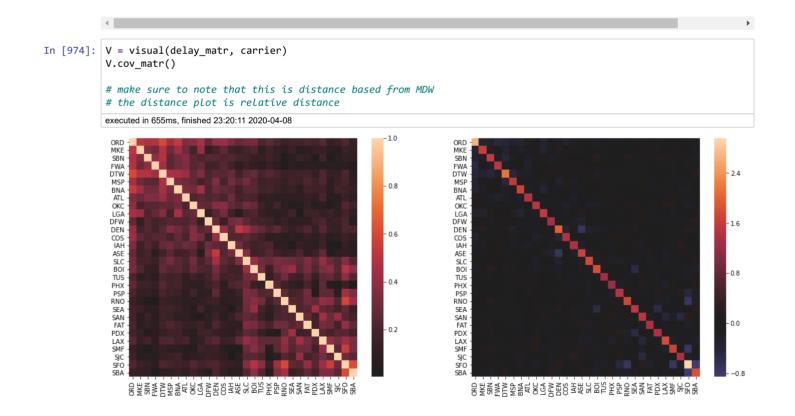
## SkyWest - Flights Per Day (2018-01-01, 2019-06-30)



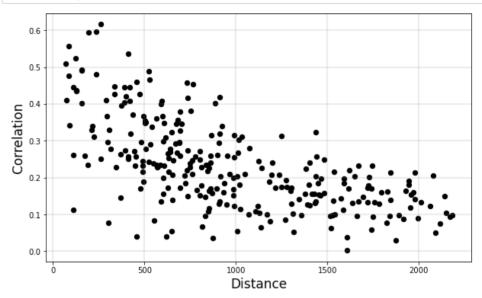
In [973]: visual(matr, carrier).time\_series() executed in 1.54s, finished 23:20:11 2020-04-08

#### SkyWest - Mean Delay





In [975]: V.dist\_corr()
executed in 686ms, finished 23:20:12 2020-04-08

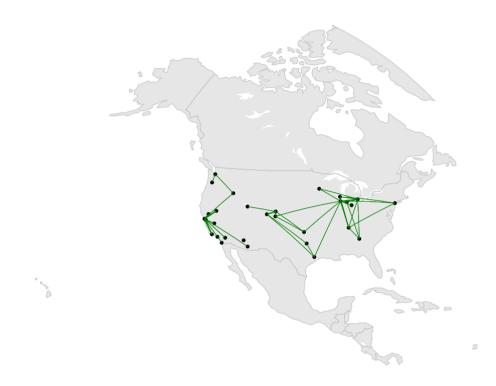


In [976]: MB = meinhausen\_bulman(delay\_matr, carrier, .2)
MB.view\_graph('geographic')

executed in 7.19s, finished 23:20:19 2020-04-08

C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\indexing.py:190: SettingWithCopyWarning:

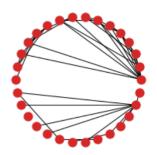
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame



```
In [977]: MB.view_graph('circular')
executed in 864ms, finished 23:20:20 2020-04-08
```

C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\networkx\drawing\nx\_pylab.py:579: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning:

The iterable function was deprecated in Matplotlib 3.1 and will be removed in 3.3. Use np.iterable instead.

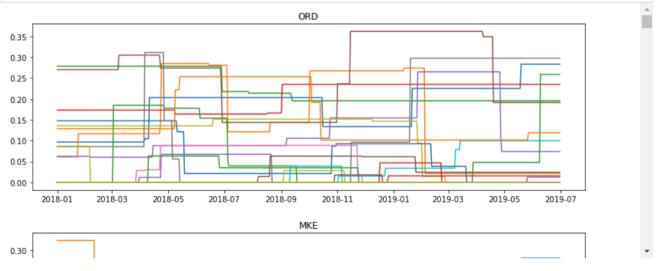


# Segmentation

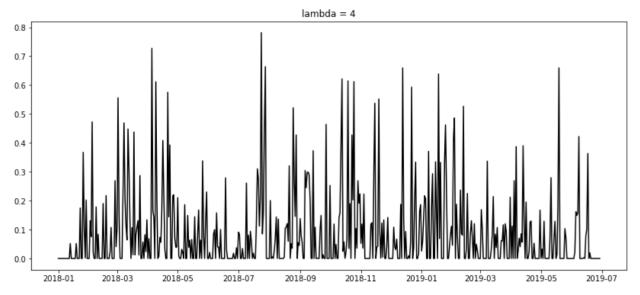
```
In [978]: lambd = [.07]
alpha = [4]

model = fuse_lasso(matr, delay_matr, lambd, alpha)
executed in 11m 29s, finished 23:31:49 2020-04-08
```





```
In [983]: segs = model.generate_segments(.5)['dates']
executed in 166ms, finished 23:34:26 2020-04-08
```



# Vector Autoregressive Modelling

# Granger Causality

executed in 7ms, finished 23:34:32 2020-04-08

Out[987]:

	caused	pval
21	cos	0.010051
27	SBN	0.014456
29	RNO	0.022276
16	BNA	0.027764

executed in 7ms, finished 23:34:37 2020-04-08

## 2019 Q3 Predictions

```
In [988]: data = pd.read_csv(path+'raw_q3.csv')
           executed in 4.84s, finished 23:34:53 2020-04-08
In [989]: Q3 raw = clean raw data(airports0, routes0, fares0, data)
           executed in 3.79s, finished 23:34:57 2020-04-08
In [992]: | 03 DATA = pd.read csv(path + 'q3 delay MATR.csv')
           Q3_DATA['datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(Q3_DATA['datetime'])
           Q3_DATA = Q3_DATA
                (Q3_DATA['datetime'] >= pd.to_datetime('2019-07-01')) &
                (Q3_DATA['datetime'] < pd.to_datetime('2019-10-01'))
           executed in 143ms, finished 23:35:21 2020-04-08
In [997]: num_airports = 10
           carrier = '00'
           executed in 3ms, finished 23:35:30 2020-04-08
In [998]: Y = prep_delay_data(Q3_DATA, carrier, num_airports)
           matr q3 = Y.matr
           delay_matr_q3 = Y.delay_matr
           executed in 11.7s, finished 23:35:42 2020-04-08
           C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:117: SettingWithCopyWarning:
           A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
```

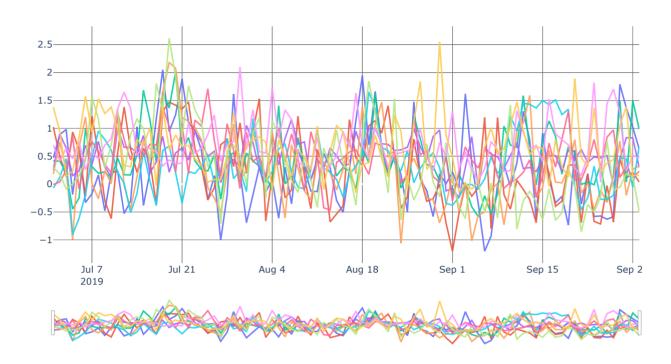
See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy (http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy)

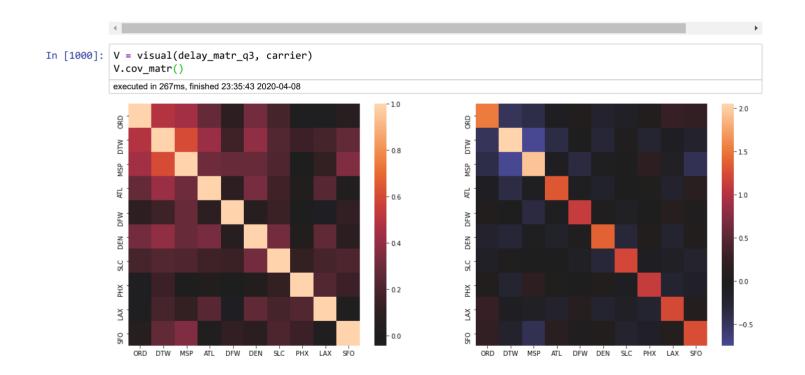
Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

In [999]: visual(matr\_q3, carrier).time\_series()

executed in 262ms, finished 23:35:43 2020-04-08

#### SkyWest - Mean Delay





```
In [1002]:
           import statsmodels.api as sm
            from statsmodels.tsa.api import VAR
            from itertools import combinations
            class VAR model:
                def __init__(self, train, test, segments, carrier, lag = 1):
                    self.trans_train = train.trans_df
                    self.train info = train.matr
                    self.train delays = train.delay matr
                    self.airports = train.delay_matr.columns
                    self.trans test = test.trans df
                    self.test_info = test.matr
                    self.test_delays = test.delay_matr
                    self.segments = segments
                    self.carrier = carrier
                    self.lag = lag
                    self.train_diff = train.diff_matr
                    self.test_diff = test.diff_matr
                    self.predicted = self.generate predictions()
                def estimate VAR(self, data):
                    return VAR(data).fit(self.lag)
                def transform(self, data, DIFF, Type, airport):
                    if Type == 'train':
                        df = self.trans_train
                        params = df[df['airport'] == airport]
                        new_data = np.exp(data+params['mu_log'].iloc[0])+params['shift'].iloc[0]
                    elif Type == 'test':
                        data = data[1:]
                        DIFF = self.test diff[airport]
                        df = self.trans_test
                        params = df[df['airport'] == airport]
                        new data = np.exp(DIFF+data+params['mu log'].iloc[0])+params['shift'].iloc[0]
                        #new_data = np.exp(DIFF+data+params['mu_log'].iloc[0])+params['shift'].iloc[0]
                    return new data
                def generate_predictions(self):
                    X = self.train_delays
                    X.index = self.train_info.datetime.unique()
                    Y = self.test_delays
                    Y.index = self.test_info.datetime.unique()
                    time_delta = dt.timedelta(days = 365)
                    diff_X = self.train_diff
                    diff_X.index = self.train_info.datetime.unique()[1:]
                    diff Y = self.test diff
                    diff_Y.index = self.test_info.datetime.unique()[1:]
                    rolling_preds = [] ; rolling_dates = []
                    rolling_granger = []
                    for i in range(len(self.segments)-1):
                        dates = []
                        t0 = self.segments[i]
                        t1 = self.segments[i+1]
                        sub_train = X[(X.index >= t0) & (X.index < t1)]</pre>
                        sub_test = Y[(Y.index >= t0+time_delta) & (Y.index < t1+time_delta)]</pre>
                        if len(sub test) >= 2:
                            predictions = pd.DataFrame()
                            model_t = VAR(sub_train)
                            results = model t.fit(self.lag)
                            for i in range(len(sub_test)-self.lag-1):
                                obs_i = sub_test.iloc[i:i+self.lag].to_numpy()
                                predictions[sub_test.index[i+self.lag]] = results.forecast(obs_i, 1)[0]
```

```
dates.extend(sub_test.index[i:i+self.lag])
                row = []
                for ap in self.airports:
                    other_aps = [i for i in self.airports if i != ap]
                    if aps[0] != aps[1]:
                        GC_test = results.test_causality(caused = ap, causing = other_aps).summary()
                        pvalue = GC_test.data[1::2][0][-2]
                        row.append({'caused': ap, 'pval': pvalue})
                GC_df = pd.DataFrame(row).sort_values(by = ['pval'])
                predictions.index = sub_test.columns
                predictions = predictions.T
                rolling_dates.extend(dates)
                rolling_preds.append(predictions)
                rolling granger.append(GC df)
        self.granger = rolling_granger
        predictions = pd.concat(rolling_preds)
        t0 new = rolling_dates[0]
        t1_new = rolling_dates[-1]
        self.observed = Y[(Y.index >= t0_new) & (Y.index < t1_new)]</pre>
        diff X = diff X[(diff X.index > t0 new-time_delta) & (diff X.index <= t1_new-time_delta)]</pre>
        diff_Y = diff_Y[(diff_Y.index > t0_new) & (diff_Y.index <= t1_new)]</pre>
        #print(self.observed.index[:3])
        #print(diff_X.index[:3])
        #print(predictions.index[:3])
        #print(diff_Y.index[:3])
        for ap in self.airports:
            self.observed[ap] = self.transform(self.observed[ap], None, 'train', ap)
            predictions[ap] = self.transform(predictions[ap], diff X[ap], 'test', ap)
        predictions.index += dt.timedelta(days = 1)
        return predictions.iloc[1:]
    def plot_results(self):
        dates0 = self.observed.index
        dates1 = self.predicted.index
        for ap in self.airports:
            print(ap)
            o = self.observed[ap]
            p = self.predicted[ap]
            plt.figure(figsize = (15,7))
            plt.plot(dates0, o, c = 'k')
            plt.plot(dates1, p, c = 'r')
            plt.savefig(f'pred+{ap}.png')
            plt.show()
executed in 20ms, finished 23:35:58 2020-04-08
```

C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel launcher.py:117: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy (http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy)

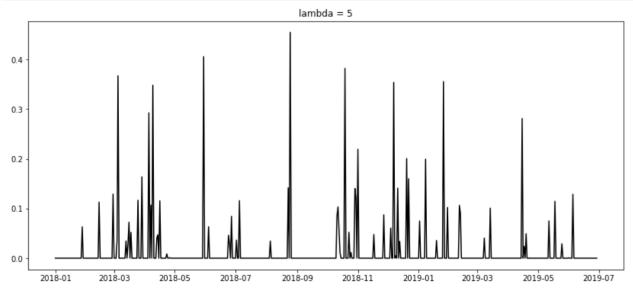
C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel launcher.py:117: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

```
In [1004]: lambd = [.05]
alpha = [5]

# for results do 00 and used the fuse lasso as previously found

model = fuse_lasso(A.matr, A.delay_matr, lambd, alpha)
segments = list(model.generate_segments(.2, True)['dates'])
executed in 1m 8.83s, finished 23:37:34 2020-04-08
```



```
In [1005]: lag = 1
    var_model = VAR_model(A, B, segments, carrier, lag)
    executed in 1.46s, finished 23:37:35 2020-04-08
```

C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\_model.py:162: ValueWarning:

No frequency information was provided, so inferred frequency D will be used.

 $\verb| C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\base\tsa\_model.py:162: ValueWarning: | C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\statsmodel.py:162: ValueWarning: | C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\statsmodels\statsmodels\statsmodel.py:162: ValueWarning: | C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels$ 

No frequency information was provided, so inferred frequency D will be used.

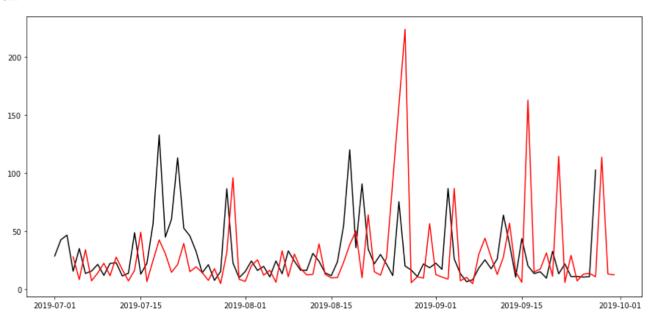
C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel\_launcher.py:104: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

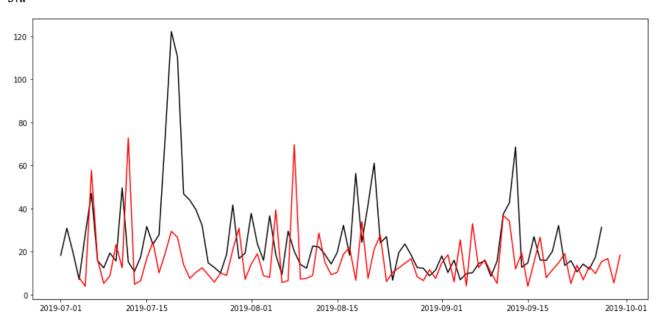
In [1006]:

var\_model.plot\_results()
executed in 1.57s, finished 23:37:37 2020-04-08

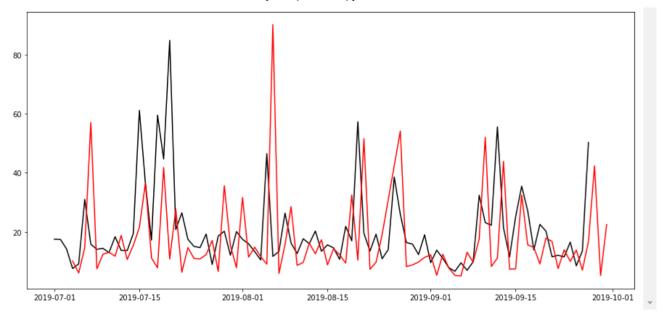
ORD



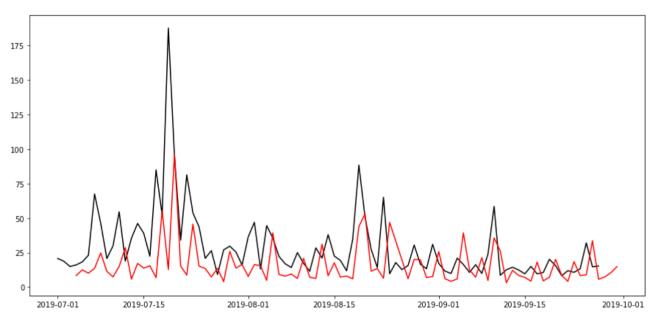
DTW



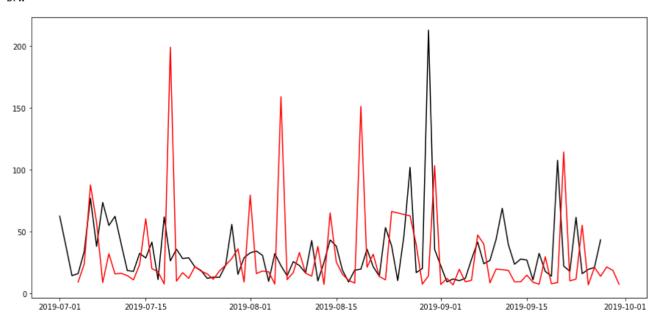
MSP

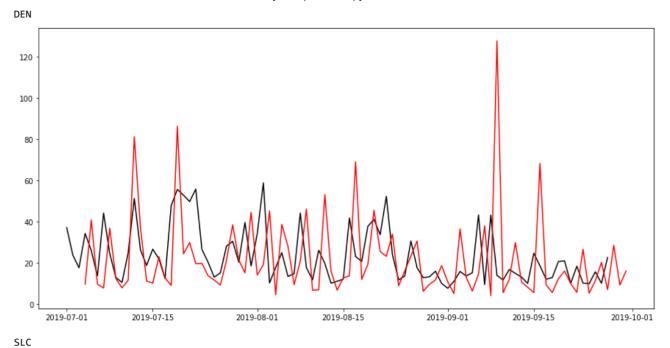


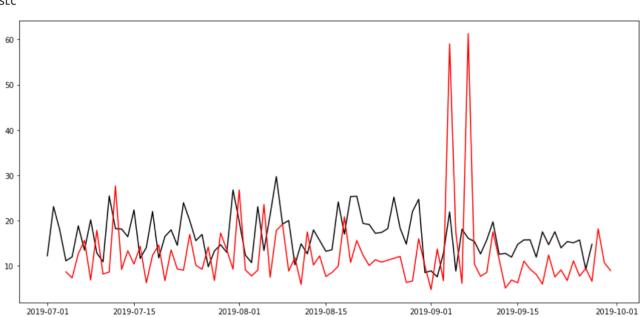




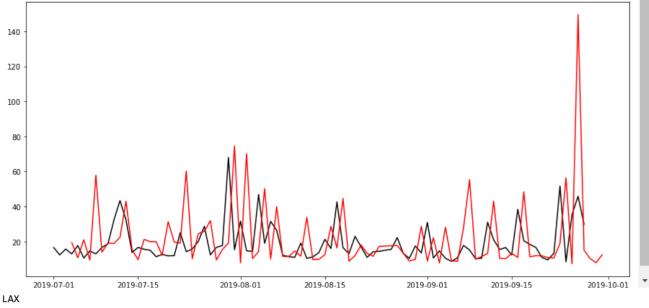
### DFW

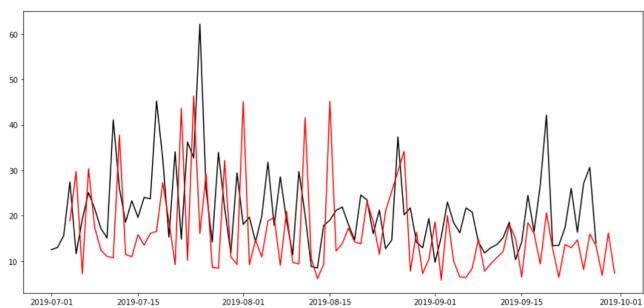


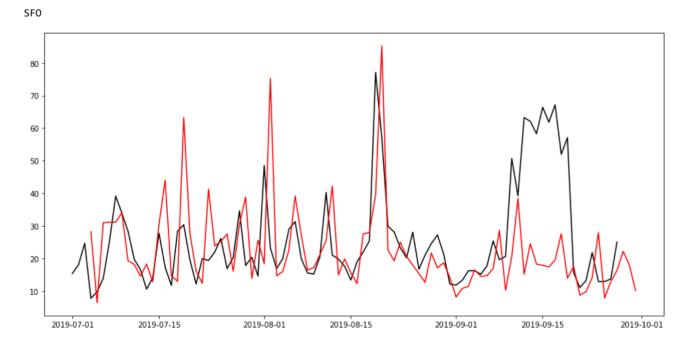




PHX







```
"""df = []
In [961]:
           for CARRIER in CODES:
               num airports = 10
               carrier = CARRIER
               # training data
              A = prep_delay_data(MY_DATA, carrier, num_airports)
               # test data
               B = prep delay data(03 DATA, carrier, num airports)
               segments = [pd.to_datetime('2018-07-01'), pd.to_datetime('2018-10-01')]
               lag = 1
               var_model = VAR_model(A, B, segments, carrier, lag)
               pred df = var model.observed.iloc[3:]
               obs_df = var_model.predicted.iloc[:-3]
               print('-'*50)
               aps = A.delay_matr.columns
               for air in aps:
                   k = pred_df[air].to_numpy()
                   o = obs_df[air].to_numpy()
                   print(air, np.square(np.subtract(k, o)).mean())
               print('-'*50)
               title = 'pred {}.csv'.format(carrier)
               pred_df.to_csv(title, encoding='utf-8', index=False)
               q = var_model.observed.iloc[3:].to_numpy().flatten()
               s = var_model.predicted.iloc[:-3].to_numpy().flatten()
              mse = np.square(np.subtract(q, s)).mean()
               df.append({'ap': CARRIER, 'mse': mse})
               print(CARRIER, mse)"""
          executed in 7m 18s, finished 23:14:41 2020-04-08
```

C:\Users\Landon\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel\_launcher.py:104: SettingWithCopyWarning:

```
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy (http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy)

MDW 203.13325244797284