

---

# Running a Git Server

on the AS/400

---

# Agenda

---

- Introduction
  - Git Basics
  - Git Server Basics
  - GitHub
  - Installing a Git Server on the AS/400
-

# Introduction

---

Wim Jongman

CTO – Remain Software  
TD/OMS and Gravity



All around techno freak  
3D printing, IoT, Programming, DevOps, Web Graphics, Git fanboy.

Sloeber Committer, an IoT IDE

Eclipse Nebula Lead,  
Committer for E4 Incubator.

In my free time I like to ..

---

# Introduction

---

Who are you

Why are you here

What is your skill level in  
Windows command line

Unix command line

Git

What are your goals

---

# Introduction

---

What are my goals.

Show you the features of a Git Server.

Deploy and use a Git server on your IBMi

Teach you how to think when facing a similar challenge.

---

# Introduction

---

- Did You:
    - Install Git?
    - Install Putty ?
    - Create a GitHub account ?
    - Get your account on the magic-ug machine ?
-

---

# Git Basics

---

# Git Basics

---

- What is Git
    - Repositories
    - The Working Directory
    - The Index
    - Commits
-



---

# What is Git

## Git Basics

---

# Git Basics – What is Git

---

- Git is a Source Version Control System (VCS)
  - What are the features of a VCS?
    - Notion of a repository
    - Check-in / Check-out
    - Keep a change history
-

# Git Basics – What is Git

---

- Git is a Distributed (VCS)

A Distributed VCS is able to have a shared state across multiple remote machines.

---

# Git Basics – What is Git

---

- Initial commands after installing

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
```

```
git config --global user.email user@example.com
```

---

# Git Basics – What is Git

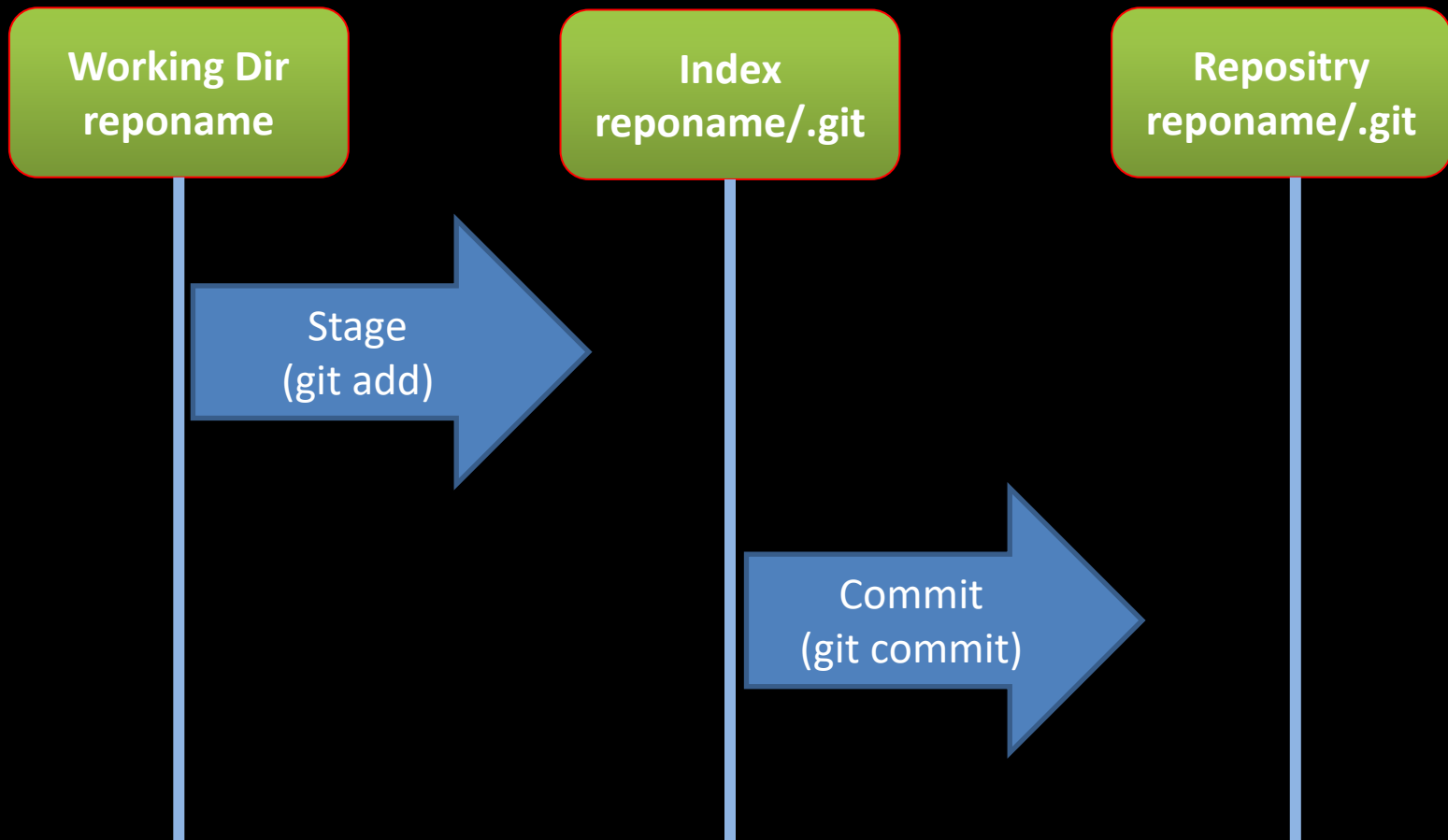
---

- The Git “Database”
    - **Working Directory:** Where your sources are
    - **Index:** Staging Area (in .git)
    - **Repository:** Final destination (in .git)
-

# Git Basics – What is Git

---

- Change/Stage/Commit workflow



# Git Basics – What is Git

---

- Create a repository
    - `git init <reponame>`
  - Go into that Directory
    - `cd <reponame>`
  - Create a file in whatever way
  - Check the status often
    - `git status`
  - Add it to the Index
    - `git add <filename|*>`
  - Commit it to the repository
    - `git commit -m "commit message"`
-

---

# Git Basics

## Exercise

---



# Git Basics – Exercise

---

- Tell Git who you are

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
```

```
git config --global user.email user@example.com
```

---

# Git Basics – Exercise

---

- Create a git directory in your home directory
    - `mkdir c:\users\yourname\git`
  - Create some repositories in this directory
    - Use: `git init <reponame>`
  - Go into this directory
    - `cd <reponame>`
  - Create a file
  - Check the status
    - `git status`
  - Add to the index
    - `git add <filename>`
  - Commit
    - `git commit -m "message"`
-

---

# Git Server Basics

---

# Git Server Basics

---

A git server:

is used to centralize commits from collaborators into a central repository;

enables users to copy (fork) the repositories to their own area on the server;

enables users to download (clone) the repositories to their laptops and upload (push) the changes back into the server;

is sometimes used for merging changes from collaborators into the master repository.

---

---

# GitHub

---

# GitHub

---

- Creating a GitHub account.
  - Creating a Repository
  - Cloning the Repository
  - Pushing changes
-

---

# GitHub

## Exercise

---

# GitHub

---

- Create a GitHub account
  - Create a Repository (initialize with README)
-



---

# Cloning

## GitHub

---

# GitHub - Cloning

---

Cloning is the act of downloading a repository from the Git Server.

Cloning is done from your git directory.

The cloning process will automatically create the repository directory.

The cloning process will associate the remote repository with the cloned (local) repository/

---

# GitHub - Cloning

---

- Open the command line
- Go to your git directory
- Use: **git clone <url>**

```
C:\Users\jongw\git>git clone https://admin@localhost:8443/r/reponame.git
Cloning into 'reponame'...
remote: Counting objects: 3, done
remote: Finding sources: 100% (3/3)
remote: Getting sizes: 100% (2/2)
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (37/37)
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)
Unpacking objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Checking connectivity... done.
```

```
C:\Users\jongw\git>cd reponame
```

```
C:\Users\jongw\git\reponame>ls
README.md
```

---

---

# Cloning

## Exercise

---

# GitHub - Cloning

---

- Find the GitHub repository URL
  - Open your command line
  - Go to your git directory
  - Use: **git clone** *<url>*
  - Change into that directory
  - Change or add a file
  - Stage and commit that change
-

---

# Pushing

## GitHub

---

# GitHub - Pushing

---

Pushing is the act of uploading committed changes into the remote repository.

---

# GitHub - Pushing

---

- Open the command line
  - Go to your git directory
  - Change, stage and commit files
-



# GitHub - Pushing

---

- **Use:** git push origin master
- **origin:** The remote repository
- **master:** The current branch

```
C:\Users\jongw\git\reponame>git add test.txt
```

```
C:\Users\jongw\git\reponame>git commit -m "my change"  
[master 540d0de] my change  
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)  
create mode 100644 test.txt
```

```
C:\Users\jongw\git\reponame>git push origin master  
Counting objects: 3, done.  
Delta compression using up to 8 threads.  
Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.  
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 296 bytes | 0 bytes/s, done.  
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)  
remote: Updating references: 100% (1/1)  
To https://admin@localhost:8443/r/reponame.git  
121b3ef..540d0de master -> master
```

---

---

# Pushing

## Exercise

---

# GitHub - Pushing

---

- Open your repository directory
  - Change, Stage and Commit one or more files
  - Push your changes: **git push origin master**
  - Check your GitHub Repository
-

---

# Installing GitBlit

---

# Installing GitBlit

---

- Logging in with **putty**
  - Download GitBlit with **wget**
  - Unpack GitBlit with **jar**
  - Changing the port properties
  - Running GitBlit
  - Working with GitBlit
-

---

# Installing GitBlit

## Exercises

---

# Installing GitBlit - Putty

---

- Download **putty**
  - Open your magic account  
`putty <user>@magic.magic-ug.org`
  - Paste and enter these lines  
`echo 1`  
`echo 2`  
`exit`
-

# Installing GitBlit - wget

---

- Open your magic account

putty <user>@magic.magic-ug.org

- Download GitBlit

wget <url>

<http://dl.bintray.com/gitblit/releases/gitblit-1.8.0.zip>

---



# Installing GitBlit - jar

---

- Enter:  
**jar -xvf gitblit-1.8.0.zip**

# Installing GitBlit - properties

---

- Go into the gitblit directory
- Find the file gitblit.properties
- Ask your teacher for free ports
- Add the following lines:

server.httpPort = <port1>

server.httpsPort = <port2>

```
include = defaults.properties
```

```
server.httpPort=9500
```

```
server.httpsPort=9501
```

---

# Installing GitBlit – Run GitBlit

---

- Make sure you are in the `gitblit-1.8.0` directory
  - Run the following line  
`java -jar gitblit.jar --dataFolder data`
  - Wait until the following lines appear:  
repositories identified with calculated...
  - Press CTRL+C
  - Run the server again
  - Wait until the following lines appear:  
repositories identified with calculated...
-

# Installing GitBlit – Working with GitBlit

---

- Open a browser  
`http://magic.magic-ug.org:<port>`
  - Login with admin/admin
  - Create a repository
-

# The GitLab Server - Cloning

---

- Open the command line
- Go to your git directory
- Use: **git clone <url>**

```
C:\Users\jongw\git>git clone https://admin@localhost:8443/r/reponame.git
Cloning into 'reponame'...
remote: Counting objects: 3, done
remote: Finding sources: 100% (3/3)
remote: Getting sizes: 100% (2/2)
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (37/37)
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)
Unpacking objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Checking connectivity... done.
```

```
C:\Users\jongw\git>cd reponame
```

```
C:\Users\jongw\git\reponame>ls
README.md
```

---

---

# Cloning

## Exercise

---

# GitHub - Cloning

---

- Find the GitBlit repository URL
  - Open your command line
  - Go to your git directory
  - Use: **git clone** *<url>*
  - Change into that directory
  - Change or add a file
  - Stage and commit that change
-

---

# Pushing

## GitHub

---



# GitHub - Pushing

---

Pushing is the act of uploading committed changes into the remote repository.

---

# GitHub - Pushing

---

- Open the command line
  - Go to your git directory
  - Change, stage and commit files
-

# The GitBlit Server - Pushing

---

- **Use:** git push origin master
- **origin:** The remote repository
- **master:** The current branch

```
C:\Users\jongw\git\reponame>git add test.txt
```

```
C:\Users\jongw\git\reponame>git commit -m "my change"  
[master 540d0de] my change  
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)  
create mode 100644 test.txt
```

```
C:\Users\jongw\git\reponame>git push origin master  
Counting objects: 3, done.  
Delta compression using up to 8 threads.  
Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.  
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 296 bytes | 0 bytes/s, done.  
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)  
remote: Updating references: 100% (1/1)  
To https://admin@localhost:8443/r/reponame.git  
121b3ef..540d0de master -> master
```

---

---

# Pushing

## Exercise

---

# GitHub - Pushing

---

- Open your repository directory
  - Change, Stage and Commit one or more files
  - Push your changes: **git push origin master**
  - Check your GitLab Repository
-

---

RECAP

---

---

Thank You!!

---