

# LINEAR SYSTEMS THEORY

João P. Hespanha

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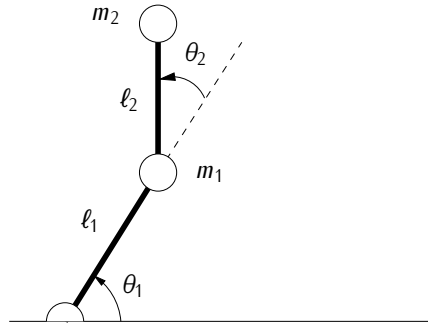
Comments and information about typos are very welcome.  
Please contact the author at [hspanha@ece.ucsb.edu](mailto:hspanha@ece.ucsb.edu).

## Errata

1) In page 7, the MATLAB<sup>®</sup> command should read

```
sys_ss=ss(A,B,C,D,...  
    'InputName', {'input1', 'input2',...},...  
    'OutputName',{'output1','output2',...},...  
    'StateName', {'state1', 'state2',...});
```

2) In page 15 in Figure 2.3, the angle  $\theta_2$  is incorrectly drawn, it should be drawn as follows:



Moreover, the matrix  $M(q)$  and the vector  $G(q)$  in Example 2.2 should be as follows:

$$M(q) := \begin{bmatrix} m_2 \ell_2^2 + 2m_2 \ell_1 \ell_2 \cos \theta_2 + (m_1 + m_2) \ell_1^2 & m_2 \ell_2^2 + m_2 \ell_1 \ell_2 \cos \theta_2 \\ m_2 \ell_1 \ell_2 \cos \theta_2 + m_2 \ell_2^2 & m_2 \ell_2^2 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$G(q) := \begin{bmatrix} m_2 g \ell_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) + (m_1 + m_2) g \ell_1 \cos \theta_1 \\ m_2 g \ell_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) \end{bmatrix}.$$

3) In page 17, equation (2.8) should read as follows:

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ I \end{bmatrix} v, \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \end{bmatrix} x, \quad x := \begin{bmatrix} q \\ \dot{q} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{2k}.$$

4) In page 18, the first equation in Section 2.4.4 should read as follows:

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2$$
$$\dot{x}_2 = M^{-1}(x_1) \left( -B(x_1, x_2) x_2 - G(x_1) + u \right).$$

5) In page 17 in Figure 2.5, the label  $y$  at the right should be replaced by  $\begin{bmatrix} q \\ \dot{q} \end{bmatrix}$ .

6) In page 28, the equation just above definition 3.2 should read

$$\hat{y}(z) = \mathcal{Z}[y(t)] := \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} z^{-t} y(t), \quad z \in \mathbb{C}.$$

7) In page 30 in the last equation in Note 4,  $d\tau$  should be replaced by  $d\bar{\tau}$ , as in:

$$\mathcal{L}[(x \star y)(t)] = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-s\tau} x(\tau) \left( \int_0^{\infty} e^{-s\bar{\tau}} y(\bar{\tau}) d\bar{\tau} \right) d\tau = \hat{x}(s) \hat{y}(s). \quad \square$$

8) In page 34 in the sidebar example in Section 4.3.2, the matrix  $N_3$  should be

$$N_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -24 & 3 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}.$$

9) In page 35 in the proof of Proposition 4.1, the second equation should read as follows:

$$Z_n = \frac{1}{s} Z_{n-1}, \quad Z_{n-1} = \frac{1}{s} Z_{n-2}, \quad \dots, \quad Z_2 = \frac{1}{s} Z_1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad Z_k = \frac{1}{s^{k-1}} Z_1.$$

10) In page 38, the first command in MATLAB<sup>®</sup> Hint 17 should read

$$z=0;p=[-1,-3];k=2;$$

11) In page 48, the last equation should read

$$\begin{aligned} A^{n+1} &= -a_1 A^n - a_2 A^{n-1} - \dots - a_{n-1} A^2 - a_n A \\ &= a_1 (a_1 A^{n-1} + a_2 A^{n-2} + \dots + a_{n-1} A + a_n I) - a_2 A^{n-1} - \dots - a_{n-1} A^2 - a_n A \\ &= (a_1^2 - a_2) A^{n-1} + (a_1 a_2 - a_3) A^{n-2} + \dots + (a_1 a_{n-1} - a_n) A + a_1 a_n I. \end{aligned}$$

12) In page 50, the forth equation should read

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[ \frac{\alpha_1 s^{n-1} + \alpha_2 s^{n-2} + \dots + \alpha_{n-1} s + \alpha_n}{(s - \lambda_1)^{m_1} (s - \lambda_2)^{m_2} \dots (s - \lambda_k)^{m_k}} \right] &= a_{11} e^{\lambda_1 t} + a_{12} t e^{\lambda_1 t} + \dots + \frac{a_{1m_1} t^{m_1-1} e^{\lambda_1 t}}{(m_1 - 1)!} \\ &\quad + \dots + a_{k1} e^{\lambda_k t} + a_{k2} t e^{\lambda_k t} + \dots + \frac{a_{km_k} t^{m_k-1} e^{\lambda_k t}}{(m_k - 1)!}. \end{aligned}$$

13) In page 56, the condition 3. in Theorem 7.2 is incorrect. It should read as follows:

**Theorem 7.2.** For an  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$ , the following three conditions are equivalent:

1.  $A$  is semisimple.
2.  $A$  has  $n$  linearly independent eigenvectors.
3. There is a nonzero polynomial without repeated roots that annihilates  $A$ ; i.e., there is a nonzero polynomial  $p(s)$  without repeated roots for which  $p(A) = 0$ .  $\square$

Note that condition 3 provides a simple procedure to check for diagonalizability. Since every polynomial that annihilates  $A$  must have each eigenvalue of  $A$  as a root (perhaps with different multiplicities), one simply needs to compute all the distinct eigenvalues  $\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_k$  ( $k \leq n$ ) of  $A$  and then check if the polynomial  $p(s) = (s - \lambda_1) \dots (s - \lambda_k)$  annihilates  $A$ .

14) In page 57, equation (7.1) should read

$$A^t = \underbrace{P^{-1}JP P^{-1}JP \dots P^{-1}JP}_{t \text{ times}} = P^{-1}J^tP = P^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} J_1^t & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & J_2^t & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & J_\ell^t \end{bmatrix} P,$$

15) In page 57, the following clarifying sentence should be added after the expression for  $J_i^t$ : “The formula above presumes that  $0! = 1$  and that any entries in  $J_i^t$  that would contain factorials of negative numbers should be set to zero.”

16) In page 58, the first equation should read

$$e^{At} := \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{t^k}{k!} A^k.$$

17) In page 65 in Definition 8.1, the condition for exponential stability should read

$$\|x(t)\| \leq c e^{-\lambda(t-t_0)} \|x(t_0)\|, \quad \forall t \geq 0.$$

18) In page 66, the second inequality in the **Attention!** box below Theorem 8.1 should read

$$\|x(t)\| = \|e^{A(t-t_0)} x_0\| \leq \|e^{A(t-t_0)}\| \|x_0\| \leq c e^{-\lambda(t-t_0)} \|x_0\|, \quad \forall t \in \mathbb{R}.$$

19) In page 69 in the proof of Theorem 8.2, the argument regarding how condition 4 implies condition 5, should consider selecting  $Q = I$  (instead of  $Q = -I$  as stated).

20) In page 70 at the end of the proof of Theorem 8.2, the definition of  $\lambda$  should read

$$\lambda := \frac{\lambda_{\min}[Q]}{\lambda_{\max}[P]}.$$

21) In page 72, the third equation should read

$$v(t+1) = x'(t+1)Px(t+1) = x(t)'A'PAx(t).$$

22) In page 72, in the last equation in Section 8.6 should read

$$v(t+1) = x'(t)(P-Q)x(t) = v(t) - x'(t)Qx(t), \quad \forall t \geq 0.$$

23) In page 72, equation (8.15) should read

$$\|x(t) - x^{\text{eq}}\| \leq c e^{-\lambda(t-t_0)} \|x(t_0) - x^{\text{eq}}\|, \quad \forall t \geq t_0.$$

24) In page 75, Theorem 8.6 should read “If the matrix  $A$  in the linearized system (8.13) has one or more eigenvalues with strictly positive real part, then ...”

25) In page 76, the first note should read “This equilibrium point is  $x^{\text{eq}} = [\pi \ 0]'$ ,  $u^{\text{eq}} = 0$ ,  $y^{\text{eq}} = \pi$ , and therefore  $\delta x := x - x^{\text{eq}} = x - [\pi \ 0]'$ ,  $\delta u := u - u^{\text{eq}} = u$ ,  $\delta y := y - y^{\text{eq}} = y - \pi$ .”

26) In page 76 and 77, squares are missing in the expression for the eigenvalues of  $A$ . Specifically, in page 76, it should read as follows: “The eigenvalues of  $A$  are given by

$$\det(\lambda I - A) = \lambda \left( \lambda + \frac{b}{m\ell^2} \right) + \frac{g}{\ell} = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \lambda = -\frac{b}{2m\ell^2} \pm \sqrt{\left( \frac{b}{2m\ell^2} \right)^2 - \frac{g}{\ell}},$$

and therefore the linearized system is exponentially stable, because

$$-\frac{b}{2m\ell^2} \pm \sqrt{\left( \frac{b}{2m\ell^2} \right)^2 - \frac{g}{\ell}}$$

has a negative real part”; and in page 77, it should read as follows: “The eigenvalues of  $A$  are given by

$$\det(\lambda I - A) = \lambda \left( \lambda + \frac{b}{m\ell^2} \right) - \frac{g}{\ell} = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \lambda = -\frac{b}{2m\ell^2} \pm \sqrt{\left( \frac{b}{2m\ell^2} \right)^2 + \frac{g}{\ell}},$$

and therefore the linearized system is unstable, because

$$-\frac{b}{2m\ell^2} + \sqrt{\left( \frac{b}{2m\ell^2} \right)^2 + \frac{g}{\ell}} > 0.”$$

27) In page 82, the first equation should read

$$u_T(\tau) := \begin{cases} 0 & 0 \leq \tau < T \\ e_j & \tau \geq T \end{cases} \quad \forall \tau \geq 0.$$

28) In page 83, the last equation before Theorem 9.2 should read

$$\sup_{t \geq 0} \int_0^t |\bar{g}_{ij}(t - \tau)| d\tau = \sup_{t \geq 0} \int_0^t |\bar{g}_{ij}(\rho)| d\rho = \int_0^\infty |\bar{g}_{ij}(\rho)| d\rho.$$

29) In page 84, the last equation should read

$$g_{ij}(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}[\hat{g}_{ij}(s)] = a_{11} e^{\lambda_1 t} + a_{12} t e^{\lambda_1 t} + \dots + \frac{a_{1m_1} t^{m_1-1} e^{\lambda_1 t}}{(m_1 - 1)!} \\ + \dots + a_{k1} e^{\lambda_k t} + a_{k2} t e^{\lambda_k t} + \dots + \frac{a_{km_k} t^{m_k-1} e^{\lambda_k t}}{(m_k - 1)!}.$$

30) In page 86, the equation in Exercise 9.1 should read

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} u, \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x + u.$$

31) In page 89, the two equations for  $J_{\text{LQR}}$  should read

$$J_{\text{LQR}} := \int_0^\infty x' C' Q C x + u' R u \, dt \\ = H(x(\cdot); u(\cdot)) + \int_0^\infty x' C' Q C x + u' R u + (Ax + Bu)' P x + x' P (Ax + Bu) \, dt \\ = H(x(\cdot); u(\cdot)) + \int_0^\infty x' (A' P + P A + C' Q C) x + u' R u + 2u' B' P x \, dt,$$

and

$$J_{\text{LQR}} = H(x(\cdot); u(\cdot)) + \int_0^\infty x' (A' P + P A + C' Q C - P B R^{-1} B' P) x + (u' + x' K') R (u + K x) \, dt.$$

32) In page 90, the closed-loop equation below (10.3) should read

$$\dot{x} = Ax - BKx = (A - BR^{-1}B'P)x.$$

33) In page 96, the sentence just above equation (11.2) should read *“Similarly, determining the controllable subspace amounts to finding for which vectors  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$  the equation ...”*

34) In page 99, the last equation should read

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \dim \ker W' + \dim(\ker W')^\perp = m \\ \dim \ker W' + \dim \operatorname{Im} W' = m \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \dim(\ker W')^\perp = \dim \operatorname{Im} W' = \operatorname{rank} W = \dim \operatorname{Im} W$$

35) In page 102, the equation after (11.9) should read

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \|\bar{u}(\tau)\|^2 d\tau &= \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \overbrace{\|B(\tau)' \Phi(t_1, \tau)' \eta_1 + v(\tau)\|^2}^{u(\tau)} d\tau \\ &= \eta_1' W_R(t_0, t_1) \eta_1 + \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \|v(\tau)\|^2 d\tau + 2\eta_1' \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \Phi(t_1, \tau) B(\tau) v(\tau) d\tau. \end{aligned}$$

36) In page 112, the second to last equation should read

$$B'x, B'A'x, \dots, B'(A')^{n-1}x,$$

37) In page 114, equation (12.8) should read

$$(A'x)^* Wx + x^* W A'x = \lambda^* x^* Wx + \lambda x^* Wx = 2\Re[\lambda] x^* Wx.$$

38) In page 114, the last sentence of the paragraph that includes equation (12.8) should read *“We conclude that every eigenvector of  $A'$  is not in the kernel of  $B'$ , which implies controllability by the eigenvector test.”*

39) In page 115, the last equation should read

$$(A'x)^* Px + x^* P A'x = \lambda^* x^* Px + \lambda x^* Px = 2\Re[\lambda] x^* Px = -\|B'x\|^2.$$

40) In page 120, the third sentence in the proof of Theorem 13.2 should read *“Since the number of nonzero rows of  $\tilde{C}$  is exactly  $\bar{n}$ , all these rows must be linearly independent.”*

41) In page 121, the last equation should read

$$T(s) = \begin{bmatrix} C_c & C_u \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} (sI - A_c)^{-1} & \times \\ 0 & (sI - A_u)^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} B_c \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = C_c(sI - A_c)^{-1} B_c + D.$$

42) In page 123, equation (14.1) should read

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_c/x_c^+ \\ \dot{x}_u/x_u^+ \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} A_c & A_{12} \\ 0 & A_u \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_c \\ x_u \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} B_c \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u, & x_c \in \mathbb{R}^{\bar{n}}, x_u \in \mathbb{R}^{n-\bar{n}}, \\ y &= \begin{bmatrix} C_c & C_u \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_c \\ x_u \end{bmatrix} + Du, & u \in \mathbb{R}^k, y \in \mathbb{R}^m, \end{aligned}$$

where  $\bar{n}$  denotes the dimension of the controllable subspace  $\mathcal{C}$  of the original system.

43) In page 126, the second equation in the proof of Theorem 14.3 should read

$$(A'x)^* Px + x^* P A'x = \lambda^* x^* Px + \lambda x^* Px = 2\Re[\lambda] x^* Px.$$

44) In page 127, the three-line equation in the middle of the page should read

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{A}\bar{P} + \bar{P}\bar{A}' - \bar{B}\bar{B}' \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} A_c & A_{12} \\ 0 & A_u \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} P_c & 0 \\ 0 & \rho P_u \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} P_c & 0 \\ 0 & \rho P_u \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A'_c & 0 \\ A'_{12} & A'_u \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} B_c \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} B'_c & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= - \begin{bmatrix} Q_c & -\rho A_{12} P_u \\ -\rho P_u A'_{12} & \rho Q_u \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

45) In page 128, Theorem 14.6 should read as follows:

**Theorem 14.6** (Eigenvalue assignment). *Assume that the system*

$$\dot{x}/x^+ = Ax + Bu, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n, \quad u \in \mathbb{R}^k \quad (\text{AB-CLTI})$$

*is controllable. Given any set of  $n$  complex numbers  $\{\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n\}$  in which complex values appear on conjugate pairs, there exists a state feedback matrix  $K \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times n}$  such that the closed-loop system  $\dot{x}/x^+ = (A - BK)x$  has eigenvalues equal to the  $\lambda_i$ .*  $\square$

Note the requirement that the eigenvalues must appear in complex conjugate pairs to get a real-valued matrix  $K$ .

46) In page 141, the second equation should read

$$y(t) = C(t)\Phi(t, t_0)x_0 + \sum_{\tau=t_0}^{t-1} C(t)\Phi(t, \tau+1)B(\tau)u(\tau) + D(t)u(t), \quad \forall t_0 \leq t < t_1.$$

47) In page 142, the two equations for the state given in Theorem 15.4 should read

$$x(t_0) = W_O(t_0, t_1)^{-1} \sum_{t=t_0}^{t_1-1} \Phi(t, t_0)' C(t)' \tilde{y}(t),$$

and

$$x(t_1) = W_{Cn}(t_0, t_1)^{-1} \sum_{t=t_0}^{t_1-1} \Phi(t, t_1)' C(t)' \tilde{y}(t).$$

48) In pages 142–143, Section 15.8, the word “controllable” should be throughout replaced by “reachable” and vice-versa. Additionally, the controllability gramians  $W_C$  and  $\bar{W}_C$  should be replaced by the reachability gramians  $W_R$  and  $\bar{W}_R$ .

49) In page 143, equation (15.7) should read

$$\dot{\bar{x}} = A'\bar{x} + C'\bar{u}, \quad \bar{y} = B'\bar{x} + D'\bar{u}, \quad \bar{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n, \quad \bar{u} \in \mathbb{R}^m, \quad \bar{y} \in \mathbb{R}^k.$$

50) In page 145, the last equation of Section 15.9 should read

$$W = \sum_{\tau=0}^{\infty} (A')^\tau C' C A^\tau = \lim_{t_1 - t_0 \rightarrow \infty} W_O(t_0, t_1).$$

51) In page 145, the system in Exercise 15.1 should be

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} x, \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{bmatrix} x.$$

The exercise still makes sense with a  $u$  in the output equation, but it is much less interesting.

52) In page 152, equation (16.4a) should read

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_0/x_0^+ \\ \dot{x}_u/x_u^+ \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} A_0 & 0 \\ A_{21} & A_u \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ x_u \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} B_0 \\ B_u \end{bmatrix} u, & x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^{n-\bar{n}}, \quad x_u \in \mathbb{R}^{\bar{n}}, \\ y &= \begin{bmatrix} C_0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ x_u \end{bmatrix} + Du, & u \in \mathbb{R}^k, y \in \mathbb{R}^m, \end{aligned}$$

where  $\bar{n}$  denotes the dimension of the unobservable subspace  $\mathcal{UO}$  of the original system.

53) In page 152, the definition for detectability should read

**Definition 16.1** (Detectable system). The pair  $(A, C)$  is *detectable* if it is algebraically equivalent to a system in the standard form for unobservable systems (16.4) with  $\bar{n} = 0$  (i.e.,  $A_u$  nonexistent) or with  $A_u$  a stability matrix.

54) In page 154, Theorem 16.9 should read as follows:

**Theorem 16.9.** Assume that the pair  $(A, C)$  is observable. Given any set of  $n$  complex numbers  $\{\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n\}$  in which complex values appear on conjugate pairs, there exists an output injection matrix  $L \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$  such that  $A - LC$  has eigenvalues equal to the  $\lambda_i$ .  $\square$

Note the requirement that the eigenvalues must appear in complex conjugate pairs to get a real-valued matrix  $L$ .

55) In page 155, equation (16.10) should read

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}/x^+ \\ \dot{e}/e^+ \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A - BK & -BK \\ 0 & A - LC \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ e \end{bmatrix}.$$

56) In page 156, the system in Exercise 16.9 should be

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} x, \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{bmatrix} x.$$

The exercise still makes sense with a  $u$  in the output equation, but it is much less interesting.

57) In page 160, the last sentence of Section 17.2 should read as follows: "But since  $\tilde{C}$  has only  $\bar{n} < n$  rows, its rank must be lower than  $n$ ..."

58) In page 162, the equation below (17.13) should read

$$Ax = \lambda x \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \begin{cases} -\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i x_i = \lambda x_1 \\ x_i = \lambda x_{i+1}, & i \in \{1, 2, \dots, n-1\}. \end{cases}$$

59) In page 169, the third sentence after equation (18.1) should read as follows: "We recall that the number of roots of  $d(s)$  (i.e., the number of poles) is equal to the dimension of a minimal realization for  $\hat{g}(s)$ ."

60) In page 171, the last sentence in the proof of Lemma 18.1 should read as follows: "However, at the roots of  $D_r(s)$ , all  $r \times r$  submatrices are singular and therefore have linearly dependent rows and columns."

61) In page 184, the second section of Section 19.6 should read as follows: "Since  $L(s)$  and  $R(s)$  are unimodular,  $\hat{G}(s)$  has an inverse if and only if  $SM_{\hat{C}}(s)$  is invertible, which happens only when  $m = r$ ."

62) In page 185, the last equation should read

$$\hat{c}(s) = \hat{g}(s)^{-1} \frac{\hat{q}(s)}{1 - \hat{q}(s)} = \frac{k}{s} \hat{g}(s)^{-1}.$$

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