

Limits

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Large numbers and small numbers

What is a limit

Let f have domain $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{2\}$

Let f have domain \mathbb{R} and $f(2)$ is exist

Left-hand, right-hand, and two-sided limits

Limits at ∞ and $-\infty$

“vertical asymptote”

$f(x) = \sin(\frac{1}{x})$

Large numbers and small numbers

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = L$$

What is a limit

Let f have domain $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{2\}$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = 1$ or $f(x) \rightarrow 1$ as $x \rightarrow 2$

Let f have domain R and $f(2)$ is exist

Left-hand, right-hand, and two-sided limits

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} h(x) = 1 \text{ and } \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} h(x) = -2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} h(x) = ?$$

The regular 2-sided limit at $x = a$ exists **exactly when** both left-hand and right-hand limits at $x = a$ exist **and are equal to each other**

Limits at ∞ and $-\infty$

"vertical asymptote"

$$f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$



