



Performance

Metrics			=
First Contentful Paint	0.7 s	Time to Interactive	0.7 s
Speed Index	0.7 s	Total Blocking Time	0 ms
Largest Contentful Paint	0.8 s	Cumulative Layout Shift	0.004

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

View Original Trace





















Opportunities - These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.45 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd party resources (2)

Transfer Size	Potential Savings
1.5 KiB	250 ms
0.8 KiB	240 ms
	Size 1.5 KiB

Diagnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

A	Ensure text remains visible during webfont load	^
	Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts a	are loading. <u>Learn more</u> .
		Show 3rd-party resources (1)
	URL	Potentia Savings
	30/l?primer=7cdcb44&fvd=n4&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	110 ms
A	Image elements do not have explicit width and height	^
	Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and impr	ove CLS. <u>Learn more</u>
		Show 3rd-party resources (0)
	URL	Failing Elements
	logo/logo_rund.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	img
	icons/pen_icon_2.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	img
	so_me_logo/insta_logo_green.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	img
	so_me_logo/insta_logo_green.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	img
	icons/mail_icon_1.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	img
	icons/top_button_black.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	img
	icons/mail_icon_2.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	img
	icons/telefon_icon_2.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	img

URL

...so me logo/fb logo_green.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)



Failing Elements



...so_me_logo/fb_logo_green.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)

img



...icons/profil_icon_1.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)

img

Avoid chaining critical requests - 7 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>.

Maximum critical path latency: 380 ms

Initial Navigation

https://elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app

/css/style.css (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app) - 70 ms, 3.98 KiB

/css2?family=... (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v13/BngMUXZYT....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 110 ms, 31.88 KiB

...v12/iJWKBXyIf....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 150 ms, 35.64 KiB

/oye8zkr.css (use.typekit.net)

/p.css?s=1&k=oye8zkr&ht=tk&f=28164&a=66757161&app=typekit&e=css (p.typekit.net) - 40 ms, 0.18 KiB

...30/l?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n4&v=3 (use.typekit.net) - 110 ms, 23.30 KiB

/js/hambrugermenu.js (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app) - 60 ms, 0.65 KiB

/js/animation.js (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app) - 60 ms, 0.49 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small - 30 requests • 309 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	30	308.8 KiB
Image	19	207.9 KiB
Font	3	90.8 KiB
Stylesheet	4	6.4 KiB
Document	1	2.0 KiB
Script	2	1.1 KiB
Other	1	0.5 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Third-party	6	93.3 KiB
Largest Contentful Paint element - 1 elem	nent found	^
This is the largest contentful element painted	within the viewport. <u>Learn More</u>	
Element		
section#first_section		
Avoid large layout shifts — 2 elements fou	nd	^
These DOM elements contribute most to the	CLS of the page.	
Element		CLS Contribution
h1		
		0.004
ul#menu.hide	den	
		0.001
Passed audits (30)		^
Properly size images		^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to	save cellular data and improve load time. Learn mor	<u>·e</u> .
Defer offscreen images		^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .	mages after all critical resources have finished loadii	ng to lower time to
Minify CSS		^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network paylo	oad sizes. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Minify JavaScript		^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload	I sizes and script parse time. Learn more.	
Remove unused CSS		^

Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-fold content to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. Remove unused JavaScript Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. Efficiently encode images Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more. Serve images in next-gen formats Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more. **Enable text compression** Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more. Preconnect to required origins - Potential savings of 80 ms Consider adding 'preconnect' or 'dns-prefetch' resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn more. **URL** Potential Savings https://use.typekit.net 80 ms Initial server response time was short - Root document took 60 ms Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (0) **URL** Time Spent https://elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app 60 ms Avoid multiple page redirects Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. Preload key requests Consider using `<link rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn more. Use HTTP/2 HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more. Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity.

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers.

Learn More

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more.

Avoids enormous network payloads - Total size was 309 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (3)

URL	Transfer Size
splash_img/splash_img_head.webp (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	96.1 KiB
splash_img/splash_img_body.webp (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	57.9 KiB
v12/iJWKBXyIfwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	35.6 KiB
v13/BngMUXZYTwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	31.9 KiB
30/I?primer=7cdcb44&fvd=n4&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	23.3 KiB
portfolio_icons/web1.png (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	12.7 KiB
portfolio_icons/web2.png (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	9.7 KiB
portfolio_icons/indhold1.webp (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	9.4 KiB
portfolio_icons/animation1.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	4.9 KiB
portfolio_icons/ux1.svg (elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app)	4.7 KiB

Uses efficient cache policy on static assets - 1 resource found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL Cache TTL Transfer Size

/p.css?s=1&k=oye8zkr&ht=tk&f=28164&a=66757161&app=typekit&e=css (p.typekit.net)

7 d 0 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size - 102 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more.

Statistic Element Value

Total DOM Elements 102

Statistic	Element		Value
Maximum DOM Depth		img	8
Maximum Child Elements	body		6
User Timing marks and measures Consider instrumenting your app with the Usexperiences. Learn more.	Jser Timing API to measure your a	app's real-world performance du	ring key user
JavaScript execution time - 0.0 s			^
Consider reducing the time spent parsing, with this. <u>Learn more</u> .	compiling, and executing JS. You	may find delivering smaller JS p	payloads helps
		Show 3rd-pa	arty resources (0)
URL	Total CF Tin	Script EValuation	Script Parse
https://elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app	71 n	ms 4 ms	5 ms
Unattributable	58 n	ms 2 ms	0 ms
Minimizes main-thread work - 0.1 s			^
Consider reducing the time spent parsing, with this. Learn more	compiling and executing JS. You r	may find delivering smaller JS p	ayloads helps
Category			Time Spent
Other			68 ms
Style & Layout			36 ms
Script Evaluation			13 ms
Parse HTML & CSS			11 ms
Rendering			10 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation			9 ms
Minimize third-party usage — Third-party	y code blocked the main thread f	for 0 ms	^
Third-party code can significantly impact lo	•		ders and try to

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Google Fonts	69 KiB	0 ms
v12/iJWKBXylfwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	36 KiB	0 ms
v13/BngMUXZYTwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	32 KiB	0 ms
Adobe TypeKit	24 KiB	0 ms
30/l?primer=7cdcb44&fvd=n4&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	23 KiB	0 ms
Lazy load third-party resources with facades		^
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing the	m with a facade until the	y are required. <u>Learn more</u> .
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance		^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to	o improve your page's so	roll performance. <u>Learn more</u> .
Avoids document.write()		^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected seconds. <u>Learn more</u> .	via `document.write()` car	n delay page load by tens of
Avoid long main-thread tasks		^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst	t contributors to input de	lay. <u>Learn more</u>
Avoid non-composited animations		^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS	S. <u>Learn more</u>	



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Со	Contrast — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.			
A	Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.	-		
	Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. <u>Learn more</u> .			
	Failing Elements			
	a a			

Failing Elements a span a Additional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cov Learn more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review. The page has a logical tab order Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more. Interactive controls are keyboard focusable Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more. Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn more. The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page					
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Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn more.	Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	Interactive controls are keyboard focusable			
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elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state			
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page		Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .			
	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page				

If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more. User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more. Custom controls have associated labels Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more. Custom controls have ARIA roles Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn more. Visual order on the page follows DOM order DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more. Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology

Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.

HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation

Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more.

Passed audits (14)

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document `<body>`. Learn more.

The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.

[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique

All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more.

ARIA IDs are unique

The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Learn</u> more.

Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u>.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

Form elements have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more.

Links have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Lists contain only <1i> elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more</u>.

List items (<1i>) are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items (') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. <u>Learn more</u>.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

Not applicable (29)

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn</u> more.

[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA 'role' supports a specific subset of 'aria-*' attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the 'aria-*' attributes. <u>Learn more</u>.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA meter elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more.

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

[role]s are contained by their required parent element

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u>.

[role] values are valid

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

ARIA toggle fields have accessible names

When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[aria-*] attributes have valid values

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more.

[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more.

Buttons have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.

When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more.

Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements

Definition list items ('<dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more.

No form fields have multiple labels

Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more.

<frame> or <iframe> elements have a title

Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more.

<input type="image"> elements have [alt] text

When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. <u>Learn more</u>.

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.

<object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

> elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

General

Browser errors were logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more</u>

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

Source Description

animation TypeError: Cannot read property 'addEventListener' of null at sidenVises (https://elastic-swartz-.js:14 9f514f.netlify.app/js/animation.js:14:11)

Detected JavaScript libraries

Uses HTTPS All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding mixed content, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more. Links to cross-origin destinations are safe Add 'rel="noopener" or 'rel="noreferrer" to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. Learn more. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids unload event listeners The 'unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the 'pagehide' or 'visibilitychange' events instead. Learn more **Avoids Application Cache** Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more.

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more</u>.

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the 'Issues' panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Not applicable (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload 'optional' fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

Crawling and Indexing — To appear in search results, crawlers need access to your app.

Links are not crawlable

Search engines may use 'href' attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the 'href' attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. <u>Learn More</u>

Uncrawlable Link

а

Additional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Structured data is valid

Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more.

Pas	ssed audits (9)	^
	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
	Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Document has a meta description</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Page isn't blocked from indexing</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Image elements have [alt] attributes</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><th>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th></th><td>Document has a valid hreflang</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more.</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Document avoids plugins</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th>No</th><td>t applicable (4)</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>robots.txt is valid</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><th>If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th></th><td>Document has a valid rel=canonical</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Document uses legible font sizes</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Tan targets are sized appropriately</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.

Runtime Settings

URL https://elastic-swartz-9f514f.netlify.app/

Fetch Time Jun 14, 2021, 11:50 PM GMT+2

Device Emulated Desktop

Network throttling 40 ms TCP RTT, 10,240 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 1x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_15_7) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.77 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_14_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/90.0.4420.0 Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 2591

Axe version 4.1.2

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