NTNU

TTT4205 MICROWAVE TECHNIQUES

Waveguide assignment

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1 Rectangular waveguide

1.1 Cut-off frequencies

The cut-off frequency of a hollow waveguide is given by

$$f_{\rm c}^{\rm (mn)} = \frac{c}{2\pi\sqrt{\epsilon_{\rm r}\mu_{\rm r}}}\sqrt{\left(\frac{m\pi}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n\pi}{b}\right)^2}.$$
 (1)

For a WR75 waveguide, modes TE_{10} and TE_{20} , the cut-off frequencies are $f_c^{(10)} = 7.8740 \,\text{GHz}$ and $f_c^{(20)} = 15.748 \,\text{GHz}$.

The unimodal frequency band, ΔF , is given by

$$\Delta F = f_{\rm c}^{(20)} - f_{\rm c}^{(10)} = 7.8740 \,\text{GHz}.$$
 (2)

1.2 Normalized propagation constants

The propagation constant of a hollow waveguide is given by

$$k_{\rm z}^{\rm (mn)} = \sqrt{k_0^2 \epsilon_{\rm r} \mu_{\rm r} - \left(\frac{m\pi}{a}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{n\pi}{b}\right)^2} \tag{3}$$

where

$$k_0 = \frac{2\pi f}{c} = \frac{2\pi f}{3 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{m/s}}.$$
 (4)

For a WR75 waveguide, modes TE_{10} and TE_{20} , from 5 to 25 GHz, the propagation constants are shown in figure 1.

1.3 Phase and group velocities

The phase and group velocities for the TE_{10} mode in the unimodal frequency band is given by equations 5 and 6 and plotted in figure 2.

$$V_{\rm ph}^{\rm (mn)} = \frac{\frac{c}{\sqrt{\epsilon_{\rm r}\mu_{\rm r}}}}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_{\rm c}^{\rm (mn)}}{f}\right)^2}} \tag{5}$$

$$V_{\rm g}^{\rm (mn)} = \frac{c}{\sqrt{\epsilon_{\rm r}\mu_{\rm r}}} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_{\rm c}^{\rm (mn)}}{f}\right)^2} \tag{6}$$

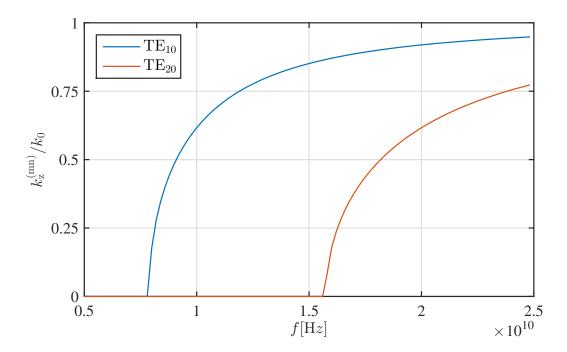


Figure 1: Normalized propagation constants in TE_{10} and TE_{20} modes.

1.4 Wave impedance

The wave impedance of a TE_{mn} mode is given by equation 7. This impedance is plotted for a TE_{10} wave in figure 3 for the unimodal frequency band.

$$W_{\rm mn}^{\rm TE} = \frac{\dot{E}_{\rm x}^{\rm (mn)}}{\dot{H}_{\rm y}^{\rm (mn)}} = \frac{\omega \mu_{\rm r} \mu_0}{k_{\rm z}^{\rm (mn)}} = \sqrt{\frac{\mu_{\rm r} \mu_0}{\epsilon_{\rm r} \epsilon_0}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_{\rm c}^{\rm (mn)}}{f}\right)^2}}$$
(7)

1.5 Cut-off frequencies in an ideal dielectric

The cut-off frequencies for a waveguide is given by equation 1. If the waveguide is filled with air, this corresponds to $\epsilon_{\rm r}=1$. When filled with a perfect dielectric, $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ changes value. However, it is still a real number.

The cut-off frequencies of a WR75 waveguide filled with a perfect dielectric, $\epsilon_{\rm r}=2.44,$ are shown in table 1.

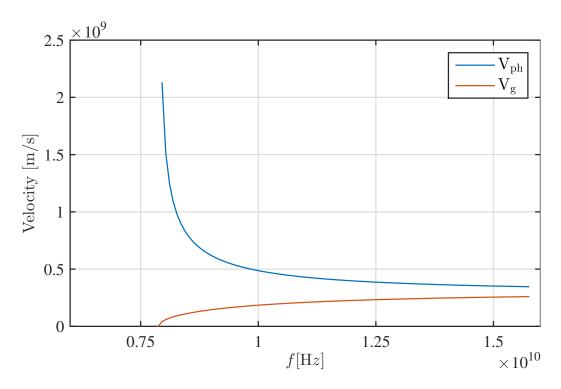


Figure 2: Phase and group velocities of TE_{10} wave in the unimodal frequency band

Table 1: Cut-off frequencies for waveguide filled with perfect dielectric

Mode	Cut-off frequency
TE_{10}	$5.0408\mathrm{GHz}$
TE_{20}	$10.082\mathrm{GHz}$

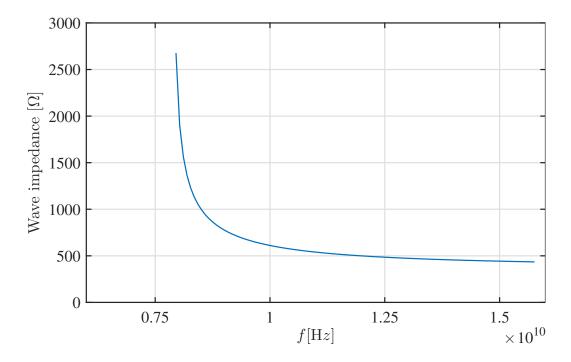


Figure 3: Wave impedance of TE₁₀ wave in the unimodal frequency band

1.6 Dielectric loss constant

The dielectric loss constant for a mode TE_{mn} is given by equation 8.

$$\alpha_{\rm d}^{\rm (mn)} = \frac{\Delta \bar{P}_{\rm loss/unit}}{2\bar{P}} \approx \frac{\epsilon_{\rm r}^{"}}{\epsilon_{\rm r}^{'}} \frac{\pi}{\lambda} \left(\frac{\Lambda_{\rm mn}}{\lambda}\right) \tag{8}$$

 $\Lambda_{\rm mn}$ and λ are given by equations 9 and 10.

$$\Lambda_{\rm mn} = \frac{2\pi}{k_{\rm z}^{\rm (mn)}} = \frac{\lambda}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_{\rm c}^{\rm (mn)}}{f}\right)^2}} \tag{9}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2\pi}{k_0 \sqrt{\epsilon_{\rm r} \mu_{\rm r}}}.$$
 (10)

According to [1],

$$\epsilon'' = \epsilon' \tan \delta = \epsilon_{\rm r} \epsilon_0 \tan \delta.$$
 (11)

Given $\tan \delta = 0.002$, we have

$$\alpha_{\rm d}^{(\rm mn)} \approx \frac{k_0 \sqrt{\epsilon_{\rm r} \mu_{\rm r}}}{1000 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_c^{(\rm mn)}}{f}\right)^2}}.$$
 (12)

The dielectric loss constant is plotted for the unimodal frequency band in figure 4.

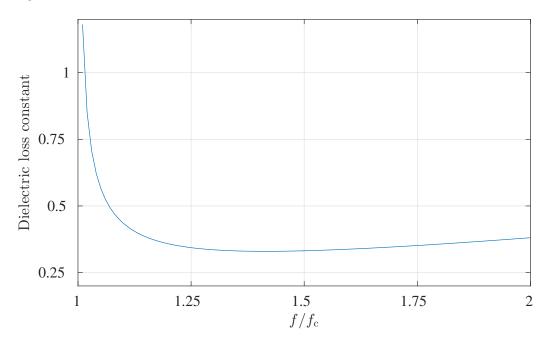


Figure 4: Dielectric loss constant, TE_{10} wave.

1.7 Equivalent capacitance

The equivalent capacitance and equivalent inductance are given by equations 13 and 14, respectively.

$$C_{\text{equ}} \approx \frac{2k_{\text{z}}^{(10)}b}{\pi^2 f W_{10}^{\text{TE}}} \ln \left[\csc \left(\frac{\pi s}{2a} \right) \right]$$
 (13)

$$L_{\rm equ} \approx \frac{a\mu_{\rm r}\mu_0}{2\pi\cot^2\left(\frac{\pi s}{2a}\left[1 + \csc^2\left(\frac{\pi s}{2a}\right)\right]\right)}$$
 (14)

References

[1] larebok mikrobolge