~ rosts de Trans, visto de Lagrange 2

T.: f: I -> Ill derivabile 4+1 solte in I. Sia xo E I interno Es VXEI I compriso tra x a ro: $f(x) = T_{n, x_0}(x) + \frac{f^{(u+1)}(z)}{(u+1)!} (x-x_0)^{(u+1)}$ forme pri explicate

Applicazione: st:ma de "e"

$$C := \lim_{N \to +\infty} \left(4 + \frac{1}{4} \right)^n$$

• suc. exiscents:?
• suc. limitata supuramente:
$$(1+\frac{1}{n})^n \leq 3 \quad \forall n \neq 0$$

Sup $\{\}\} \leq 3 \quad \forall n \neq 0$

Sairo Machamen par cx con rest in formera de lagrange VXEIL 3 c compriso x, x | cx = Tu, o (x) + ex (u+1)!

$$6u \times = 1 \quad \exists \quad c \quad tu \times s, \times \quad f. \quad e. \quad G = T_{u, o}(4) + \frac{e^{c}}{(u+i)!}$$

$$0 \quad d \quad g$$

$$0 < 0 - T_{u, o}(4) = \frac{c^{c}}{(u+i)!} \leq \frac{3}{(u+i)!}$$

più anmenta n, più si avierna

 $T_{n,o}(4) = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{2!} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{n!}$

Es.: calcolo de buch

xs: n x ~ x 2 x > 0

$$\ln(1+1) = 1 - \frac{1^2}{2} + \frac{1^3}{3} - \frac{1^4}{4} + o(1^4)$$
?

$$sin + s + -\frac{t^3}{6} - \frac{t^5}{5!} \cdots$$

continuo finchi acha sonum del lin. don s: aunultrus so tenne solo il 2x una basta