



Software Security Goes Mobile

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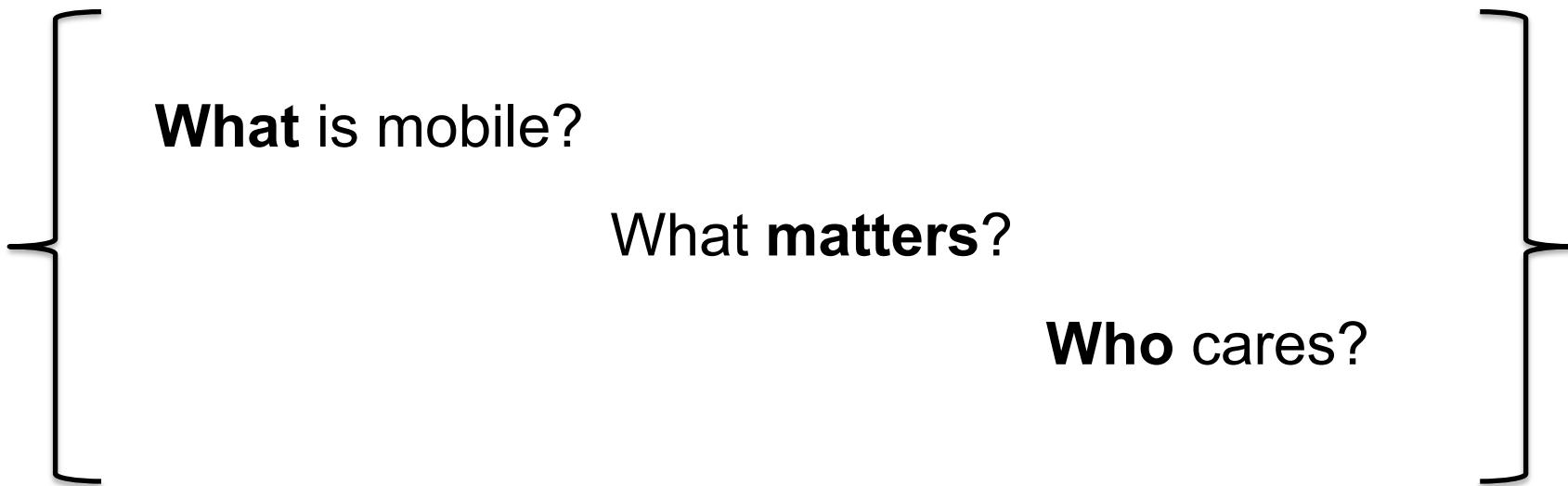


Motivation

Redefining the phone and the computer

Money: Beyond ringtones and 99¢ games

Landscape



Mobile Threats

Seven ways to
hang yourself
with **Google Android**

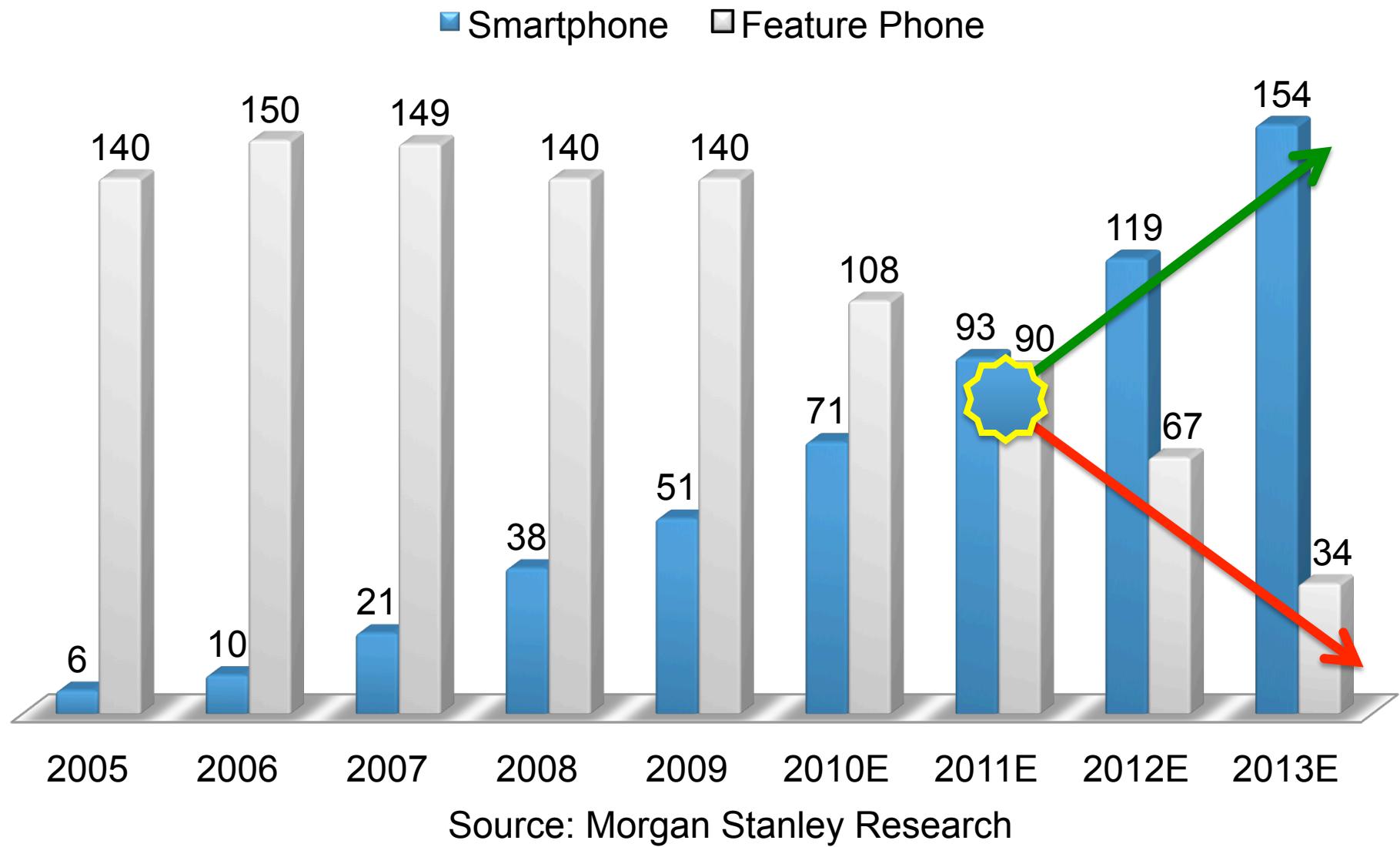
Parting Thoughts

Questions you can ask
to begin **improving** your
mobile security today

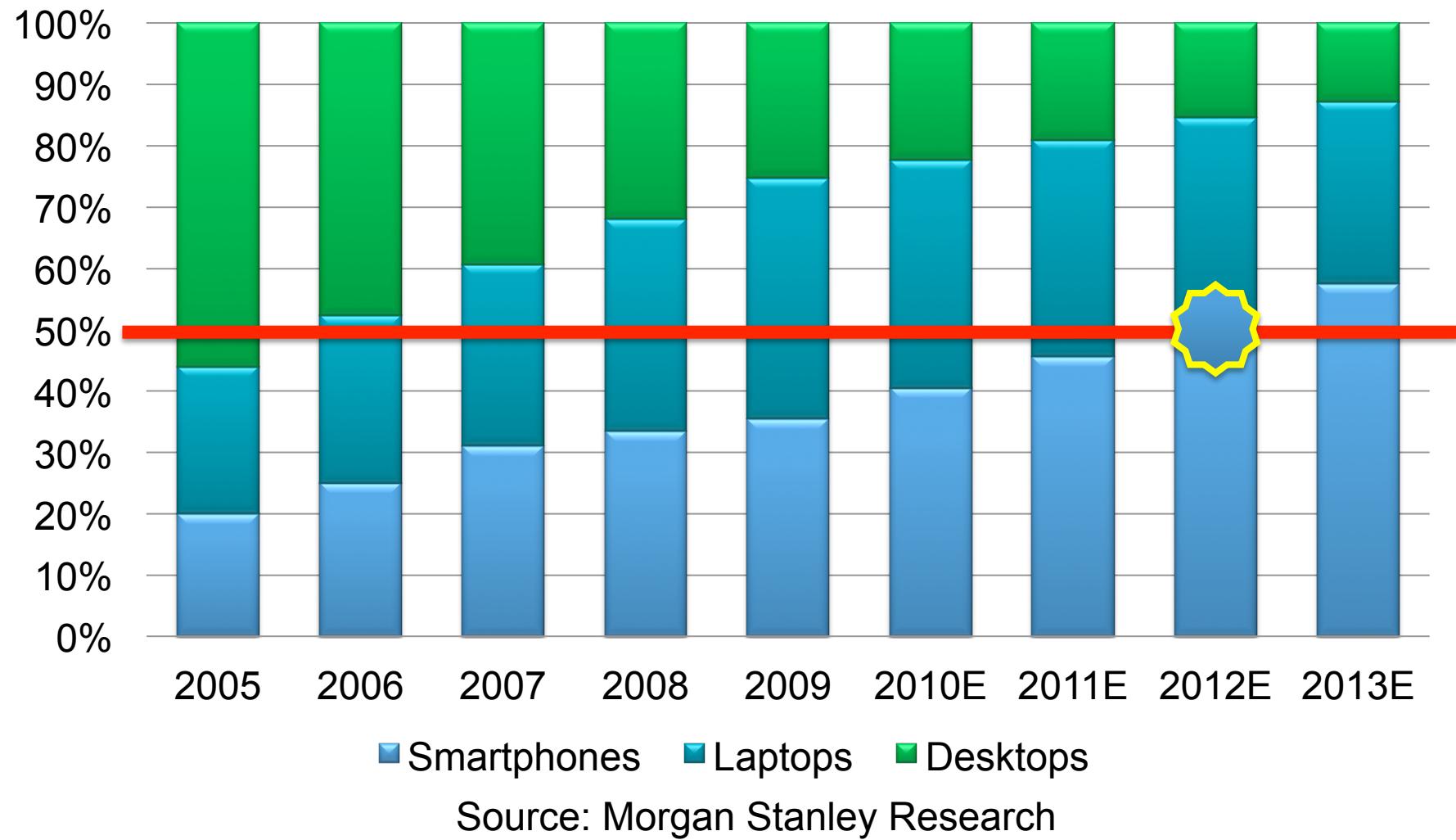
Motivation



Smartphones > Feature Phones



Smartphones > PCs



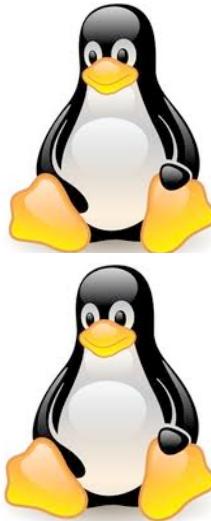
Page View in the Rise



?



$\frac{1}{2}$



2



$3\frac{1}{2}$



$6\frac{1}{2}$

Source: Morgan Stanley Research



Smartphones Serve As Pocket PCs and Extend Desktop Experience

81%
Browsed the internet

77%
Used a search engine

68%
Used an App

48%
Watch videos

Smartphone Activities Within Past Week
(Excluding Calls)



Source: The Mobile Movement Study, Google/Ipsos OTX MediaCT , Apr 2011

Base: Smartphone Users (5013).

Q. Aside from making or receiving calls, which of the following activities, if any, have you done on your smartphone in the past week?

Mobile is an Emerging Point of Purchase



Have Purchased on Smartphone

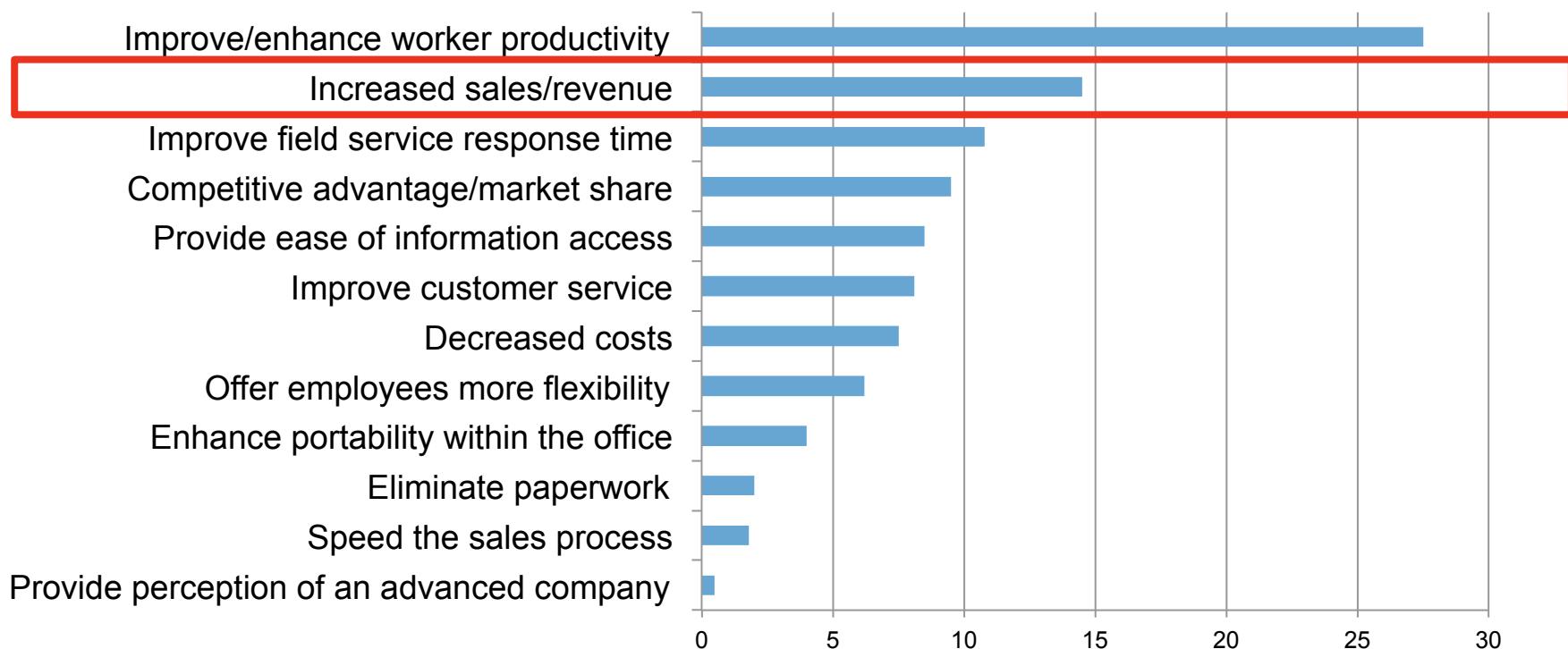


Source: Google/MMA , Global Perspectives: The Smartphone User & Mobile Marketer, June 2011
Base: Smartphone Users (US: 6000; UK: 2000, FR: 2000; DE: 2000; JP:1000).

Q... Have you ever purchased a product or service over the Internet on your smartphone?

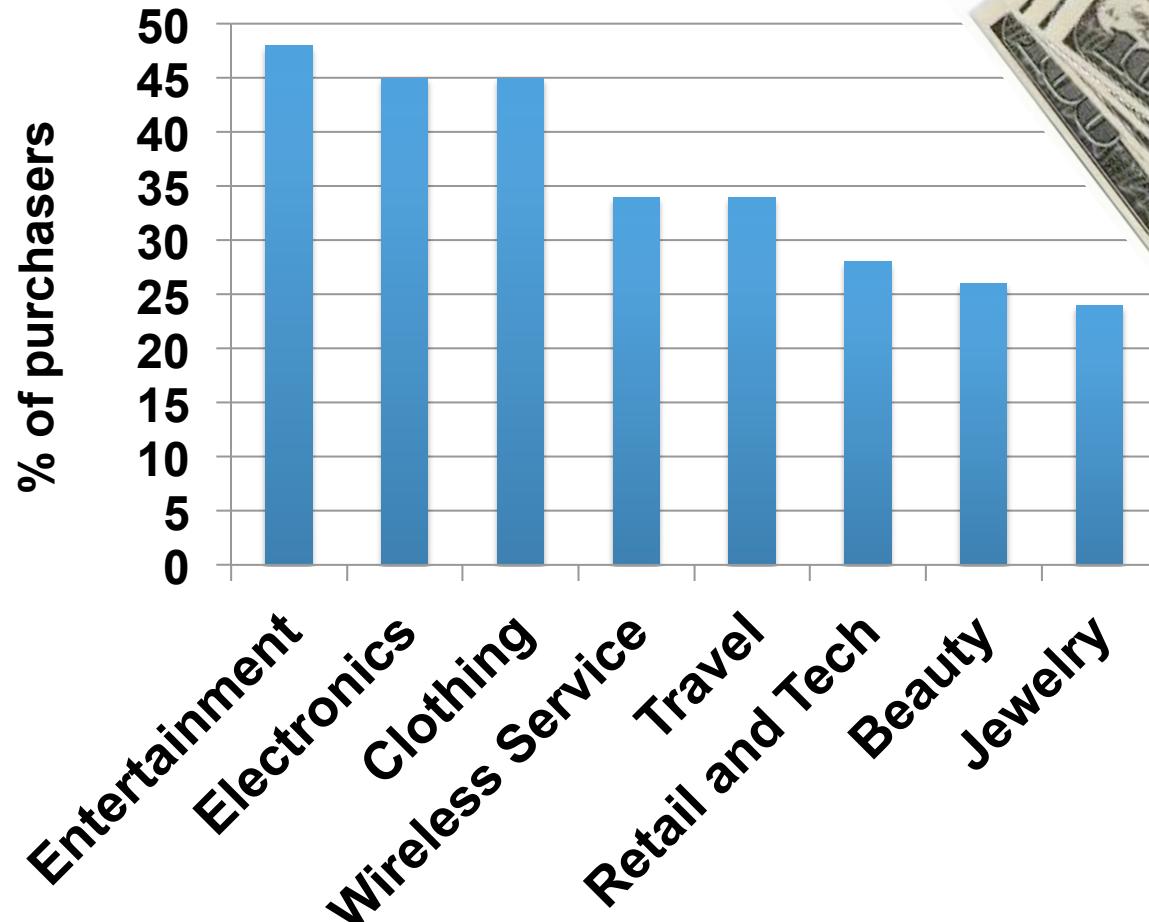
Mobile Opportunities

Please select the most important benefit that your organization ultimately expects to gain from current or future mobile solutions deployments (whether or not you are currently receiving those benefits)



N = 600, Source: IDC's Mobile Enterprise Software Survey (2011)

Mobile Purchasers



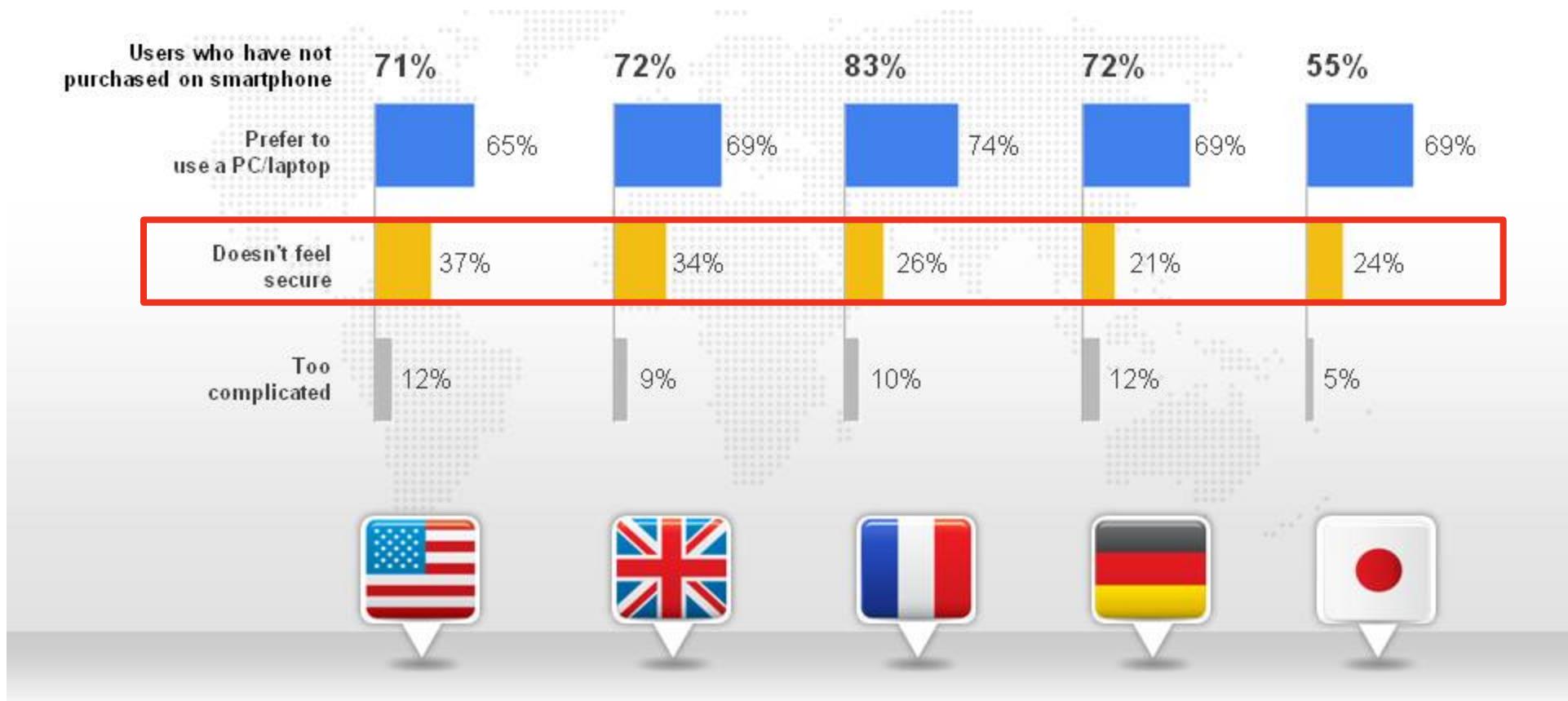
\$300/year
per user

Source: Google The Mobile Movement Study



Why Mobile Users Don't Buy

- Security is #2 reason to avoid purchases



Source: Google/MMA , Global Perspectives: The Smartphone User & Mobile Marketer, June 2011

Base: Smartphone Users (US: 6000; UK: 2000, FR: 2000; DE: 2000; JP:1000).

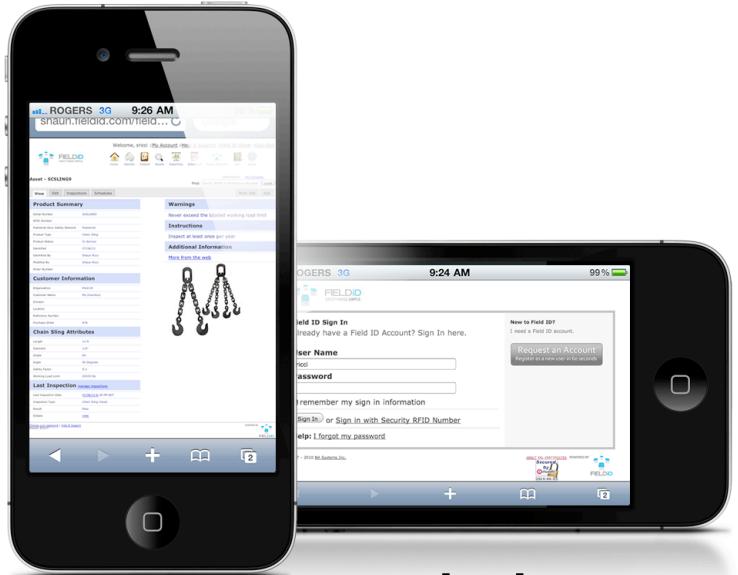
Base: Smartphone Users Who Have Not Made a Purchase on Device (US: 4444; UK: 1559, FR: 1653; DE: 1442; JP: 554).

Q... Why have you not made a purchase using your smartphone?

Mobile Landscape



What *is* Mobile?

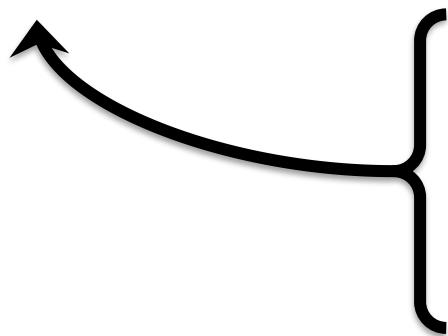


device

connection



server



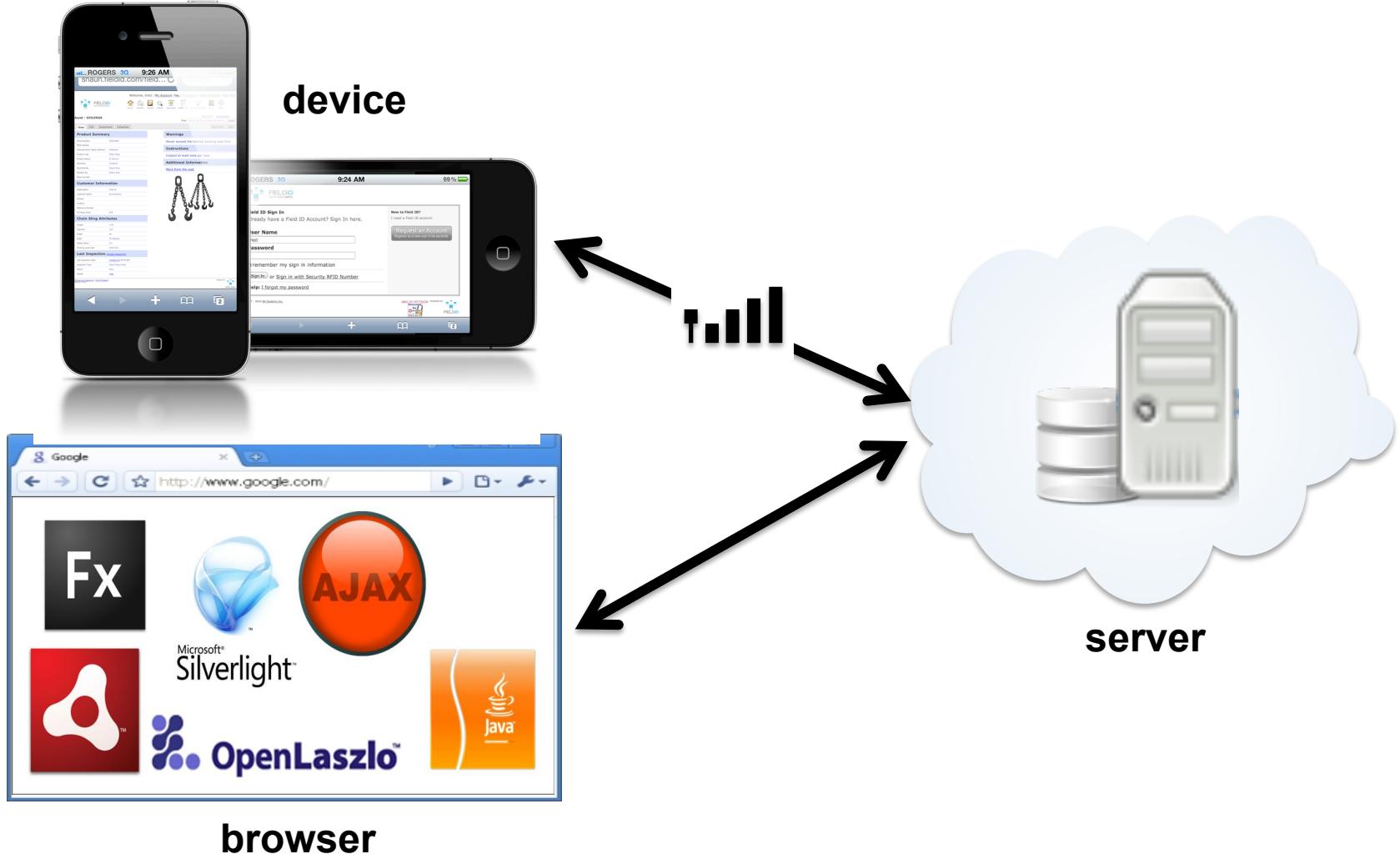
Google
BlackBerry



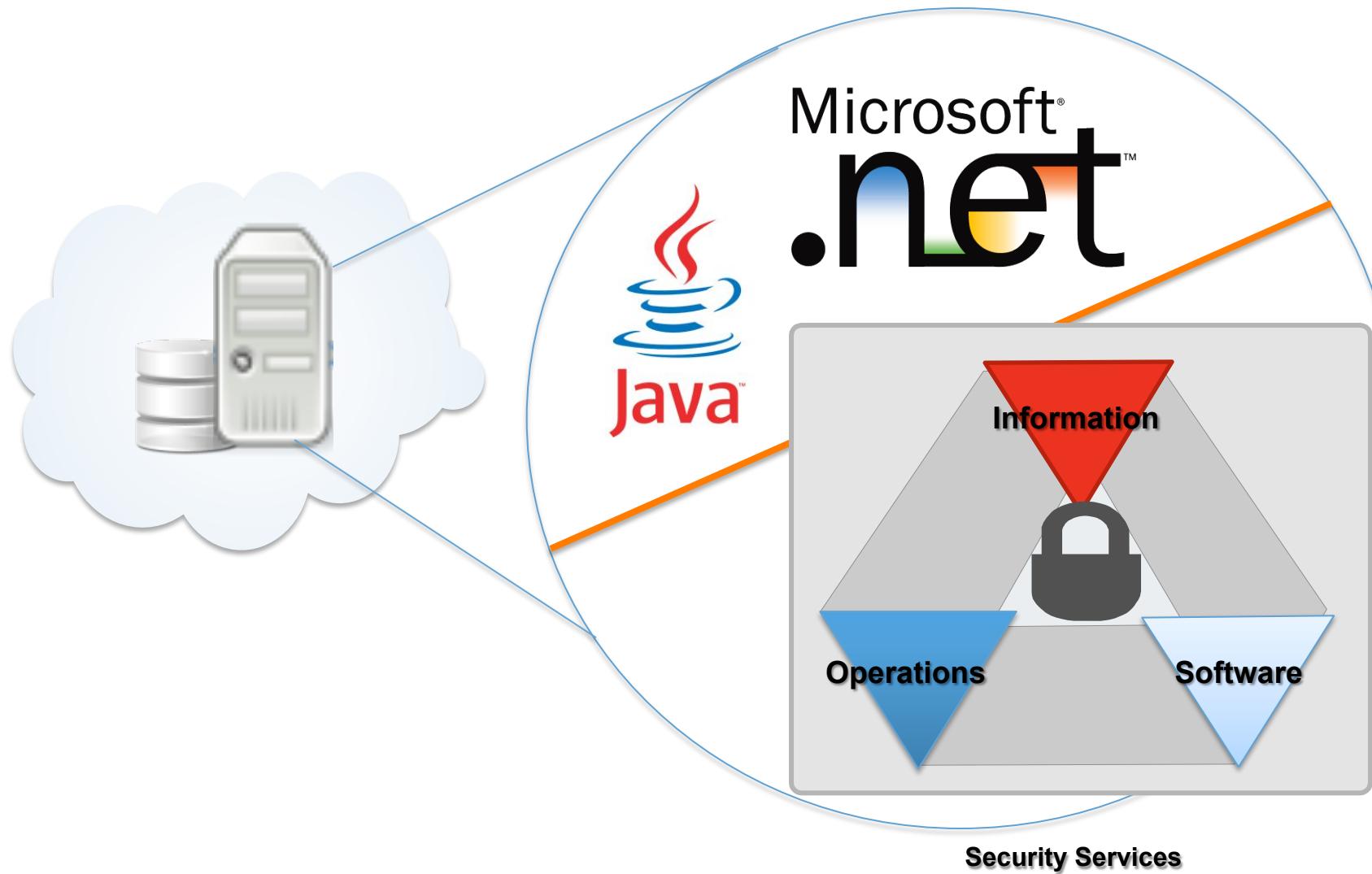
} os



Familiar Model



Same Ol' Server



Client-Side Persistence



- Local data persistence
- Similar to HTML 5
- Invisible to users and always available



Mobile OS



Google

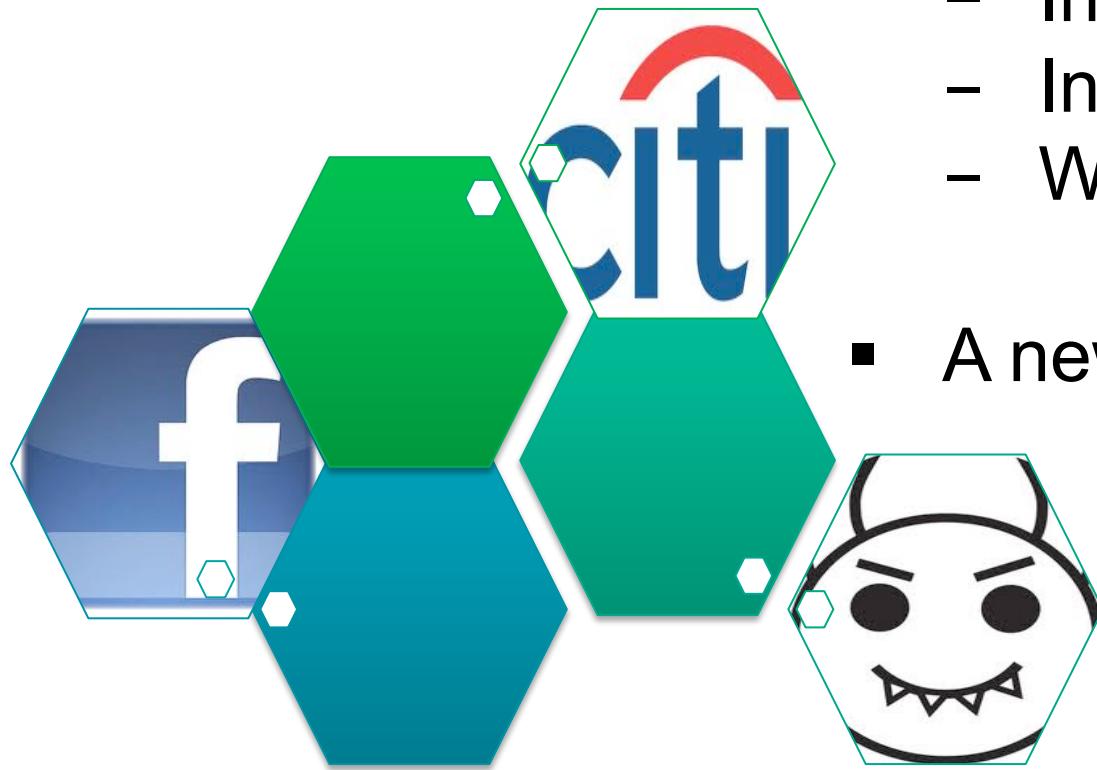
 BlackBerry



- Benefit of hindsight
- Security features
 - Read-only stack
 - Data encryption
 - Permissions
- Confusing
 - Wait, permissions?



Can't We All Get Along?



- Formal communication
 - Inter-application
 - Intra-application
 - With the OS
- A new trust boundary

What Matters?

Old

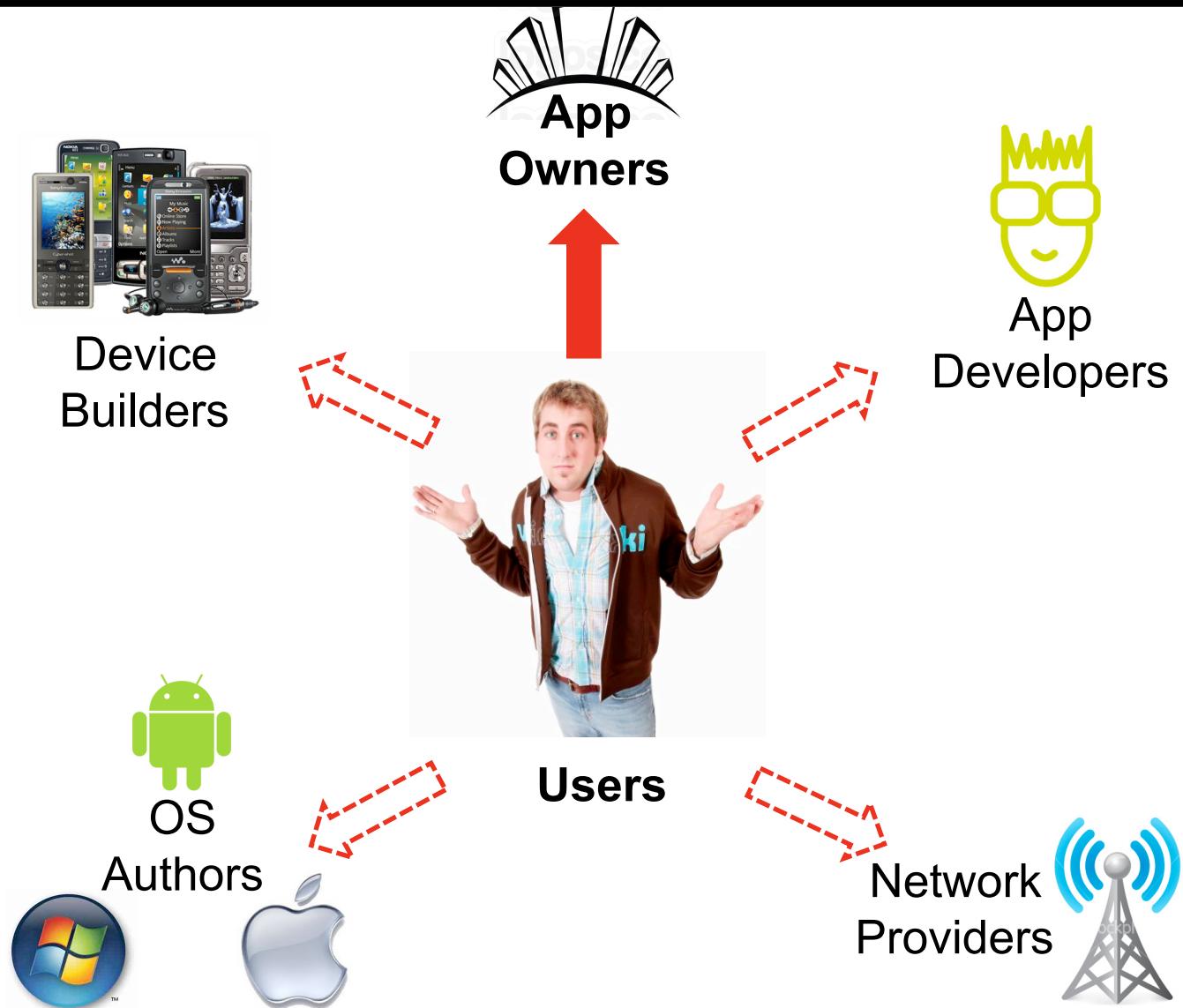
- Handling sensitive user and app data
- Environment and configuration
- Standbys like XSS and SQL injection

New

- Local storage (e.g. SD card)
- Communication (SMS, MMS, GPS)
- Security features (Privileges, crypto)



Who Cares?



Mobile Threats



Google Android Vulnerabilities

- 1 Intent Hijacking
- 2 Intent Spoofing
- 3 Sticky Broadcast Tampering
- 4 Insecure Storage
- 5 Insecure Network Communication
- 6 SQL Injection
- 7 Promiscuous Privileges



Google Android Vulnerabilities



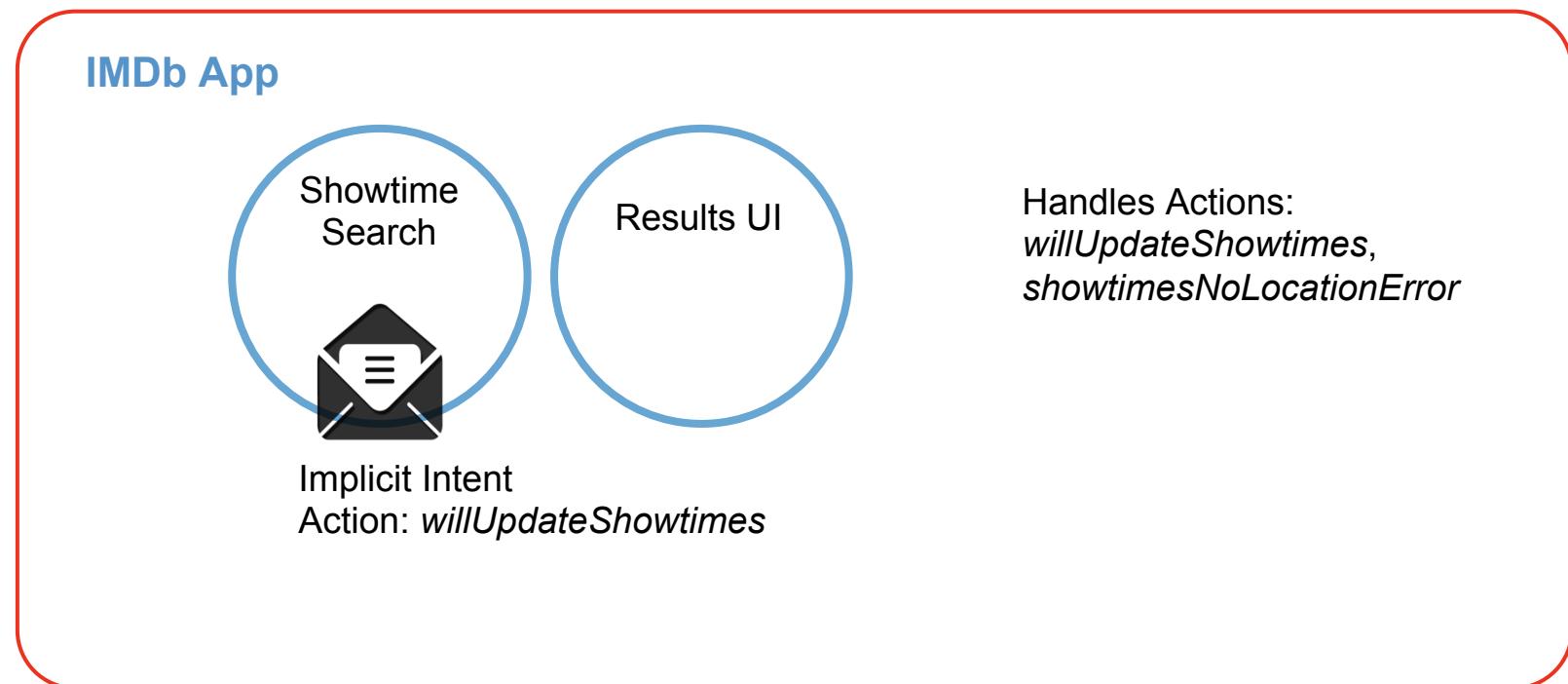
Description: Malicious app intercepts an intent bound for another app to compromise data or alter behavior

Cause: Implicit intents (do not require strong permissions to receive)

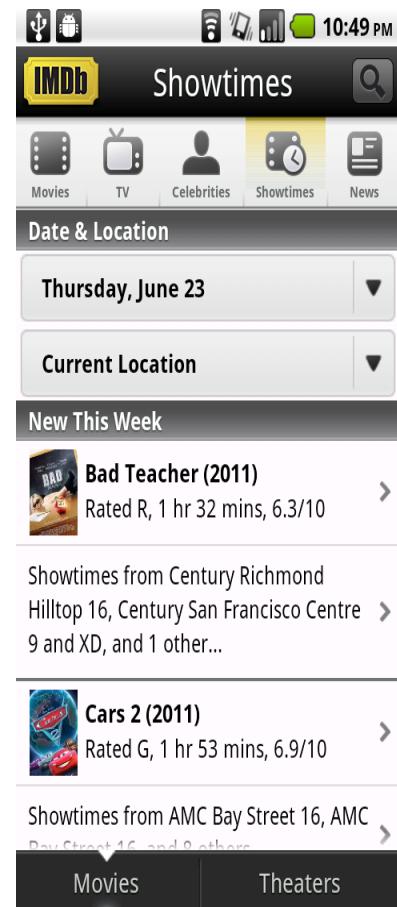
Fix: **Explicit intents and receiver permissions**



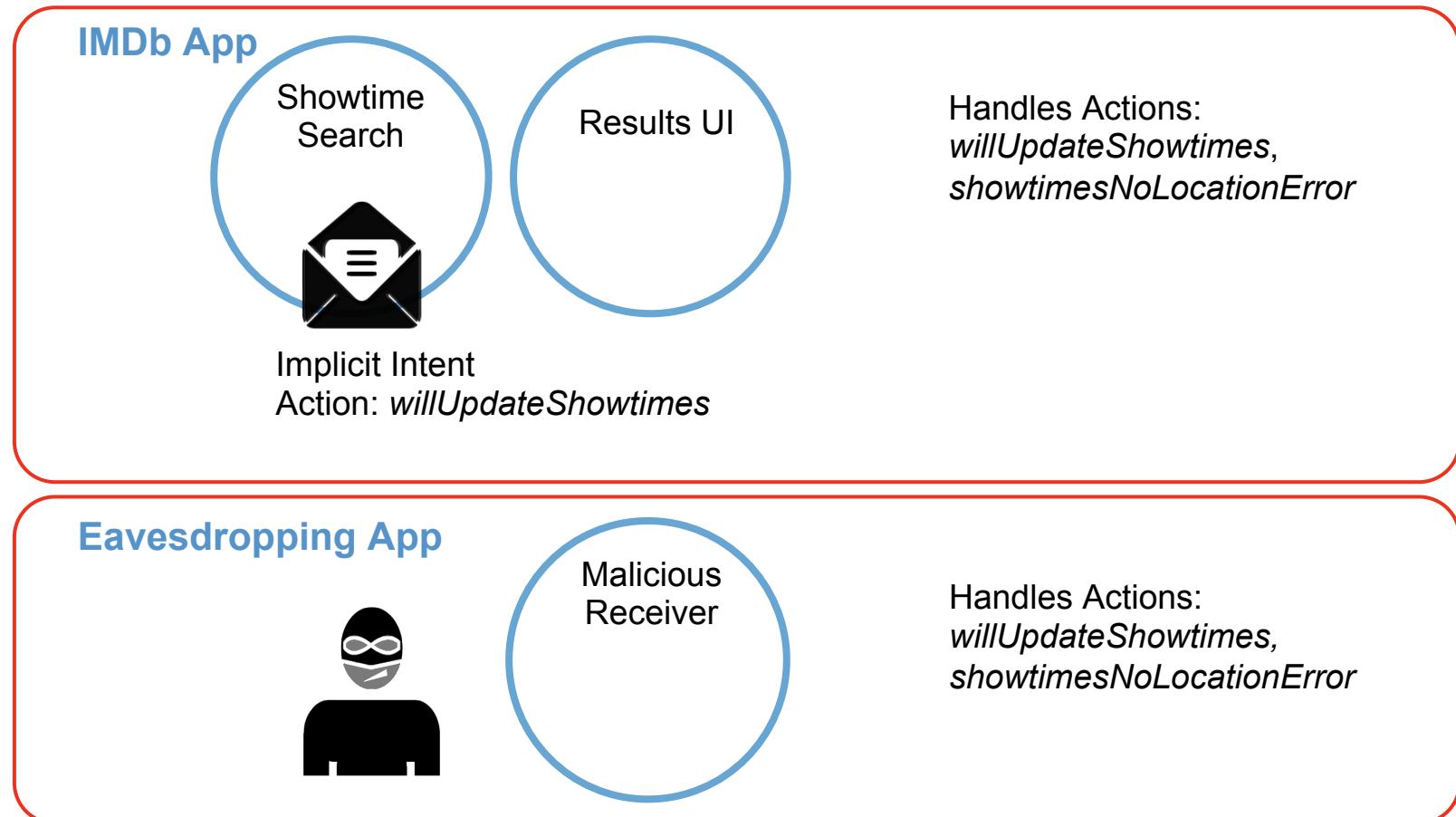
Google Android Vulnerabilities



Google Android Vulnerabilities



Google Android Vulnerabilities



Google Android Vulnerabilities



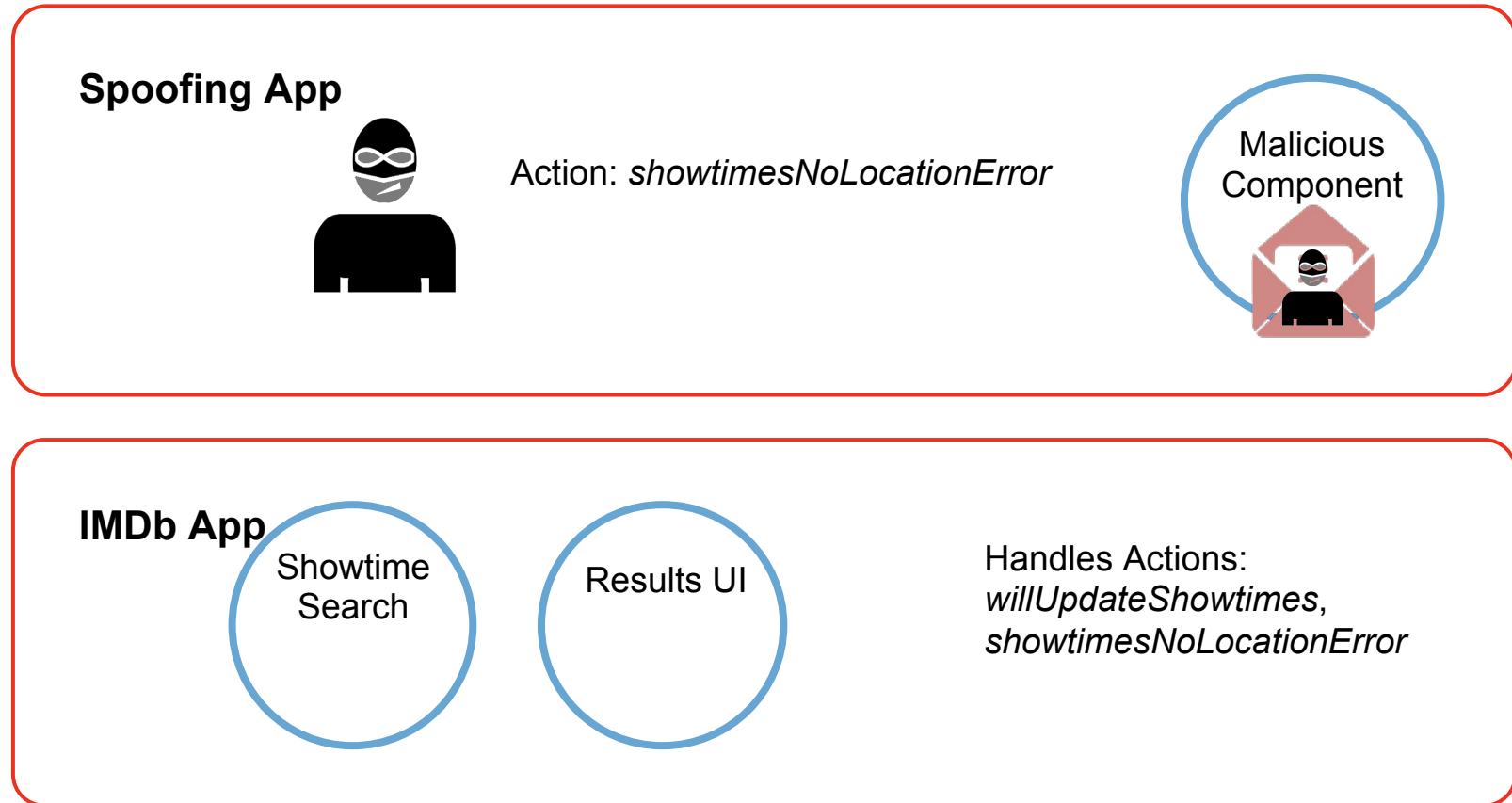
Description: Malicious app spoofs a legitimate intent to inject data or alter behavior

Cause: Public components (necessary to receive implicit intents)

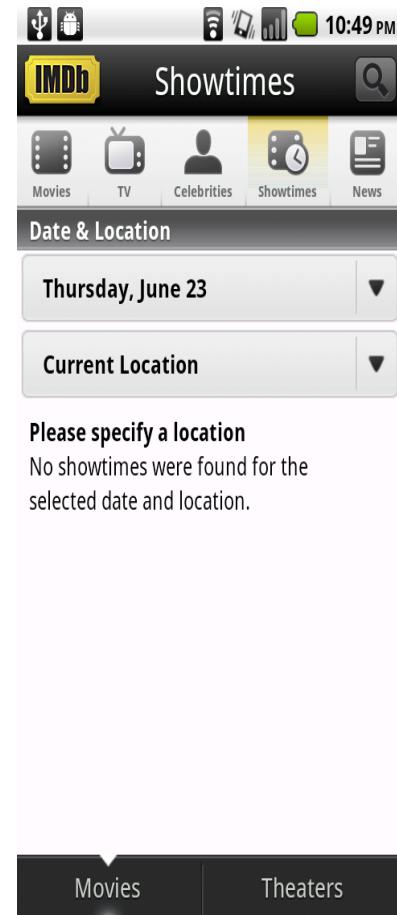
Fix: **Explicit intents and receiver permissions**
Sensitive operations in private components



Google Android Vulnerabilities



Google Android Vulnerabilities



Google Android Vulnerabilities



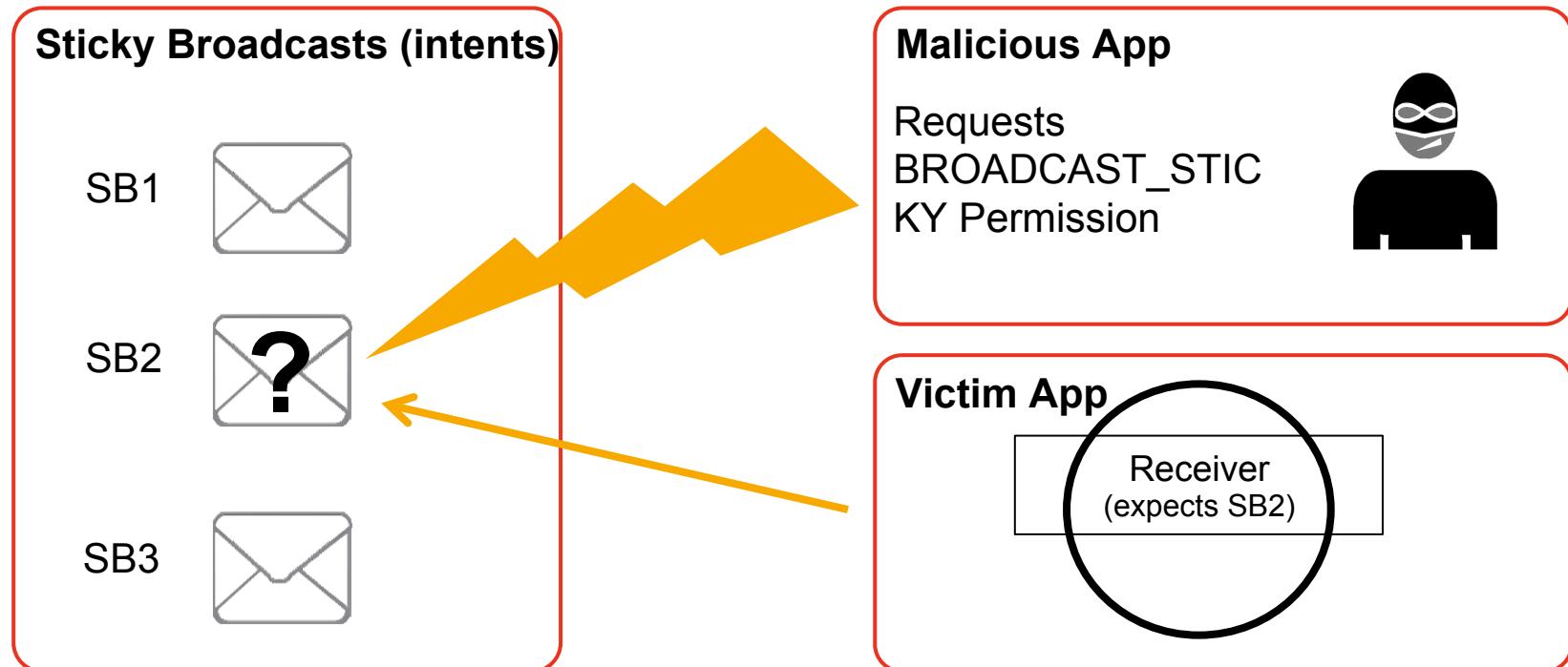
Description: Persistent intents can be accessed and removed by malicious apps

Cause: BROADCAST_STICKY allows to full access to any sticky broadcasts

Fix: Explicit, non-sticky broadcasts and receiver permissions



Google Android Vulnerabilities



Google Android Vulnerabilities



Description: Local storage visible to attackers and can compromise sensitive data

Cause: Local files are world-readable and persist

Fix: Use SQLite or internal storage for private data

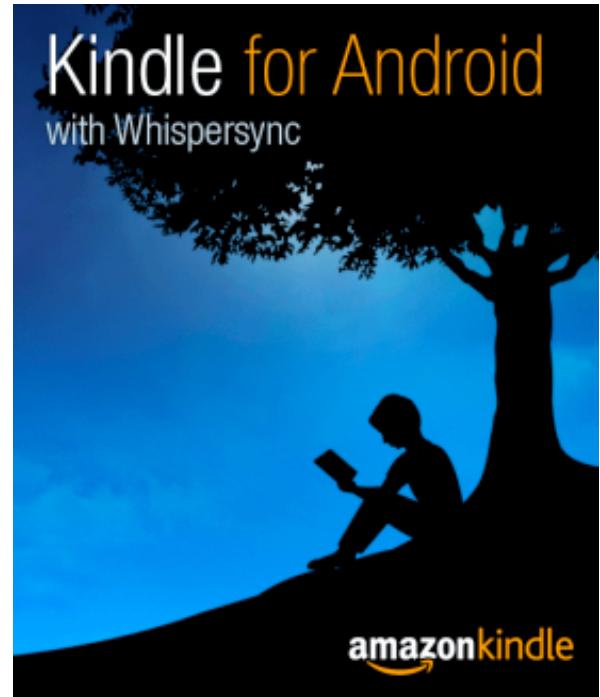
Encrypt the data (keep keys off the SD)



Google Android Vulnerabilities



- Kindle app saves e-books (.mbp and .prc) in a folder on the SD card
 - Depending on DRM, accessible to other apps
 - Saves covers of books (privacy violation)
 - Folder is retained after uninstall of app



Google Android Vulnerabilities



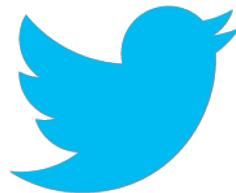
Description: Unencrypted channels can be intercepted by attackers sniffing network

Cause: Non-HTTPS WebView connections

Fix: Send sensitive data only over encrypted channels



Google Android Vulnerabilities



Twitter: Tweets are sent in the clear

```
POST /1/statuses/update.json?status=Somehow%20I%27m%20thirstier%20after%20juice%20social%20hour.&lat=37.87547546&long=-122.25871363000002 HTTP/1.1
Accept-Encoding: gzip
[REDACTED]
Content-Length: 0
Host: api.twitter.com
Connection: Keep-Alive

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```

<https://freedom-to-tinker.com/blog/dwallach/things-overheard-wifi-my-android-smartphone>



Google Android Vulnerabilities



Facebook: Despite ‘fully encrypted’ option on the Web, mobile app sends in the clear

```
[11584 bytes missing in capture file]file-ak-snc4
\41476_700075_8811_q.jpg","cell":null,"other_phone":null,"contact_email":"
ard\u0040gmail.com},
{"uid":700719,"first_name":           }last_name":           }pic_square":"https://fbcdn-
profile-a.akamaihd.net/hprofile-ak-snc4
\41538_700719_.jpg","cell":null,"other_phone":null,"contact_email":"
\u0040alum.mit.edu"},
```



Google Android Vulnerabilities



Description: Malicious users alter or view (query string injection) database records

Cause: Untrusted data used to construct a SQL query or clause

Fix: Parameterized queries



Google Android Vulnerabilities

Intent Hijacking	Intent Spoofing	Sticky Broadcast Tampering	Insecure Storage	Insecure Network Communication	SQL Injection	Promiscuous Privileges
------------------	-----------------	----------------------------	------------------	--------------------------------	---------------	------------------------

```
c = invoicesDB.query(  
    Uri.parse(invoices),  
    columns,  
    "productCategory = " +  
        productCategory + " and  
    customerID = " + customerID + "",  
    null, null, null,  
    "" + sortColumn + "",  
    null  
();
```



Google Android Vulnerabilities



productCategory = Fax Machines

customerID = 12345678

sortColumn = price

```
Select    * from invoices  
where    productCategory = 'Fax Machines'  
and      customerID = '12345678'  
order by 'price'
```



Google Android Vulnerabilities



```
productCategory = Fax Machines' or productCategory = \"  
customerID = 12345678  
sortColumn = \" order by 'price
```

```
select      * from invoices  
where      productCategory = 'Fax Machines'  
orproductCategory = “ :  
and customerID = '12345678 'order by ‘ ”  
order by 'price'
```



Google Android Vulnerabilities



```
c = invoicesDB.query(  
    Uri.parse(invoices),  
    columns,  
    "productCategory = ? and customerID = ?",
    {productCategory, customerID},
    null,
    null,
    "sortColumn = ?",
    sortColumn
);
```



Google Android Vulnerabilities

Intent Hijacking	Intent Spoofing	Sticky Broadcast Tampering	Insecure Storage	Insecure Network Communication	SQL Injection	Promiscuous Privileges
------------------	-----------------	----------------------------	------------------	--------------------------------	---------------	------------------------

Description: Extra permissions permit privilege escalation and desensitizes users

Cause: Deputies,
Artifacts from testing,
Confusion (inaccurate/incomplete resources)

Fix: Identify unnecessary permissions



Google Android Vulnerabilities



User App

Does NOT need CAMERA permission

Wants Picture



Implicit Intent
Action:
IMAGE_CAPTURE

Camera App

Needs CAMERA permission

Takes Picture

Handles Action:
IMAGE_CAPTURE



Google Android Vulnerabilities



- Third hit on Google search

3 Answers

active oldest

votes

▲ It broadcasts whenever you connect or disconnect from Wifi, in other words, Wifi State.

8 You can do it using the following intent-filters:

- android.net.wifi.WIFI_STATE_CHANGED
- action android:name="android.net.wifi.STATE_CHANGE"
- android.net.wifi.supplicant.CONNECTION_CHANGE

✓ Which needs the following permission:

- uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_WIFI_STATE"

Not true for android.net.wifi.STATE_CHANGE

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/2676044/broadcast-intent-when-network-state-has-changed>



Empirical Results: DEFCON '11

Vulnerability Type	% of Apps
1. Intent Hijacking	50%
2. Intent Spoofing	40%
3. Sticky Broadcast Tampering	6%
4. Insecure Storage	28%
5. Insecure Communication	N/A
6. SQL Injection	17%
7. Promiscuous Privileges	31%



Bonus: iGoat

- iGoat 1.0 documents 5 vulnerabilities
 - We find 15+
- iGoat 1.2 documents 7 vulnerabilities
 - We find 20+



iGoat
bahhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh

Parting Thoughts



What Questions to Ask?

- What do your apps do and for whom?
- What platform(s) do your apps support and how?
- Who develops your apps and where?
- Is there an existing SDL for other development?
- Do you rely on platform providers or app distributors for any security assurance?
- Are mobile apps prompting back-end changes?
- Are your apps appropriately permissioned?





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