

# Project Implementation

## TDT4240 - Group A14

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**Chosen COTS:** Andoid

**Primary quality attribute:** Modifiability

**Secondary quality attribute:** Testability

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## **Introduction**

### **Description of the project and the phase (implementation and testing)**

The point of this entire project is to create a game for Android. Our game concept is based on the classic game Battleship. We have recreated it and made room for improvements and further expansion of the game concept.

This phase of the project has been about the implementation and testing of the game.

What we've created is a version with basic functionality, with focus on architecture, modularity and expandability. The architecture of the game is such that it should be possible to add additional functionality while keeping the core structure, while keeping it easy to maintain.

### **Description of game concept**

You are given a fleet of ships to arrange on a grid either horizontally or vertically. After placing the ships the game proceeds in a series of rounds. Taking alternating turns, each player fire at their opponent's grid, attempting to guess where the enemy ships are. You will see if you hit or miss an enemy ship, and you use this information to get a picture of your opponent's fleet. When a player has successfully eliminated all opposing ships, the game is over and that player wins.

### **Structure of the document**

This document contains the relevant information to the implementation and testing we've done. To begin with is this introduction, followed by a user's manual describing how to install and play the game. After that comes the design and implementation details, then the test reports. Lastly there will be a description of the inconsistencies between architecture and implementation, in addition to a listing of the problems and issues we ran into.

## **User Manual**

The game can be run from the code delivered.

## Tutorial

Sound can be disabled at any time by clicking on menu, then disabling from settings.

Following we have a set of figures showing our user interface and with it a tutorial of how to play the game.

First the application have to be launched. Use the icon 1 to do that.

Then we have a menu 2 where we choose to play a new game.

When starting a new game the size of the playing field have to be choosen 3.

Now the ship placement 4 can begin. Flipping ships 5 are done with a double click.

Then confirm 6 the ship placement.

Fire 7 is the next action to take. Destroy your opponent!

After firing you can see the impact 8 of your shot.



Figure 1: Launch the application by clicking on the icon

## Design/Implementation details

### Description of design process

The design phase started as soon as we had decided on what we wanted to make, and the particulars of how we wanted it to deviate from every other battleship game out there.

We started by looking at how the game functions in a physical implementation, and by identifying the different modules of the game.

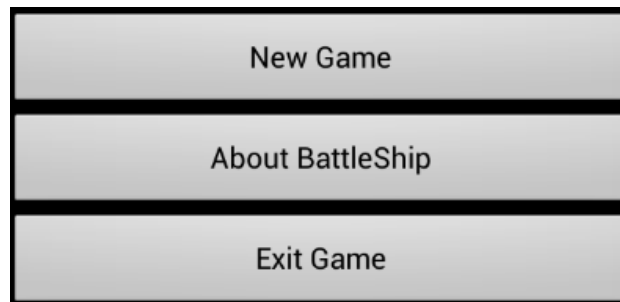


Figure 2: Start a new game by clicking "new game"

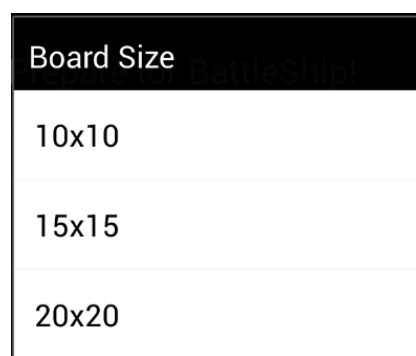


Figure 3: Chose 10x10 as a board size

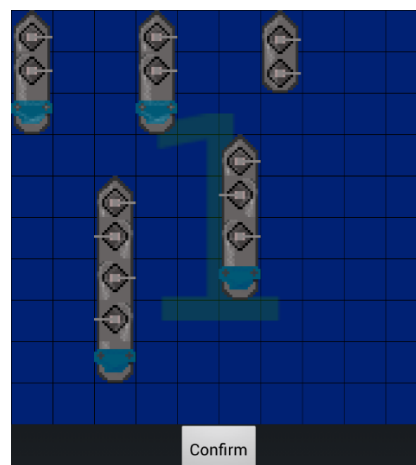


Figure 4: Drag and drop ships to place them where you want, then click confirm. Ships can't be placed on top of eachother

We were able to separate the game into the game as a whole, the two individual boards, the ships and the attacks. As we wanted the ships them-



Figure 5: Double-click a ship to flip it.

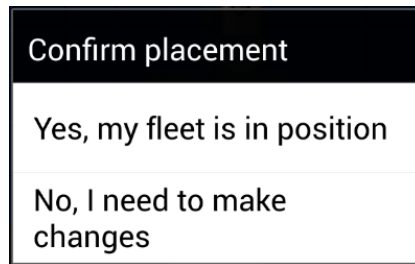


Figure 6: When you are sure your fleet is correctly placed, click "Yes, my fleet is in position". Repeat steps for player 2

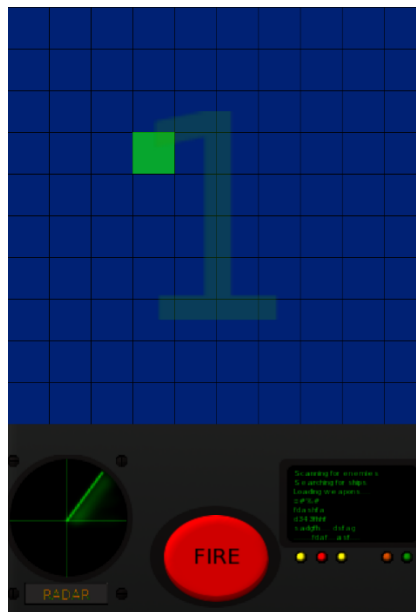


Figure 7: Select a location you wish to fire, it will show up in green. Click fire.

selves to be modifiable we split them into platforms containing devices. The conclusion at that time was that to realise the platforms and devices as configurable objects we would need some kind of factories that accepted some form of configuration. The step from there to abstract factories came fairly naturally. Since we were not familiar with android development before starting

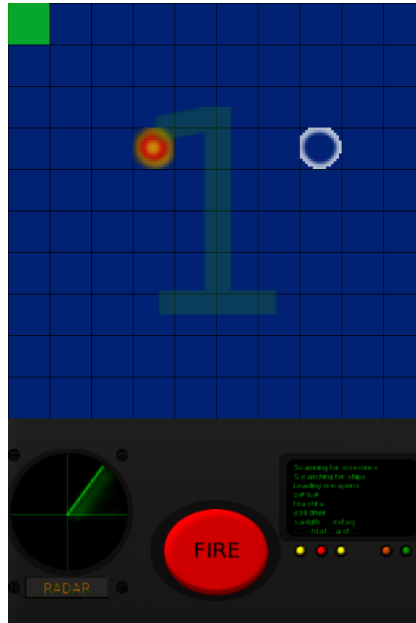


Figure 8: A hit will show up as a red circle (left). As miss shows up as a white ring (right). Keep firing until either player 1 or 2 has won.

we wanted to split the logic of the game away from the visual representation and its android peculiarities, and MVC was pretty much the most logical choice to realize that separation. This would later prove to be a less than optimal choice, but at the time we had no realistic ways of knowing better.

## How it was implemented

Our implementation deviated from our architecture plans in two areas: the use of MVC, and abstract factories. Additionally, there were several features that we did not have time to implement.

While figuring out how to do various things in android, we discovered that the platform is actually not designed for MVC, probably due to fears of overloading the weak hardware on the first devices that were available. Due to this, android uses a blend of java and XML to define global constants and graphical components, making it hard to stick to traditional java conventions on message passing and creating objects. The result is that we are not using a strict MVC design, but utilize some minor "hacks" to get things to do what we want.

Our plans show a myriad of factories to create various kinds of platforms and devices. During implementation, we realized it would be simpler to

make a general type of each, and instead allow them to be configured via a settings-file. The idea would be that the factory gets a configuration, and then produces a set of items according to those specifications.

As for the missing features, this is a result of lacking experience with android development, and poor planning of working hours, resulting in several long nights during the last week. The things we did not implement are as follows:

- **Devices:**

We decided this was not a high priority feature, and so it is not possible to equip the platforms with various deices that affect how many, and what kind of shots the player can fire upon his opponent.

- **Settings:**

We currently only have settings for toggling sound effects on and off

- **Networking:**

This was a very low priority feature that would only be implemented if all other things were in place.

## **Class diagram**

See the class diagram: 9

### **About**

The dialogbox that pops up when clicking the "About" button in the main menu.

### **BattleShip**

The main screen. Diplays the main menu, and let's users start a new game, view the about screen or exit the game. Contains methods for displaying a Settings-menu when the user clicks the Menu button. When user chooses to start a new game, a GameActivity is started.

### **Prefs**

The settings menu, allows the user to set preferences. Contains only the possiblity for turning sound effects on or off, but other choices can easily be added



**GameActivity**

This class creates the screen layout, and holds an instance of the GameViewer and GameController classes. A settings menu is also enabled here. Creates the SoundPool which contains the sound effects.

**GameViewer**

Draws the battlefield.

**GameController**

Handles the game logic.

**Board**

Represents the battlefield as a two-dimensional array. Keeps track of where the platforms are placed and notifies them if they have been hit or destroyed. Also updates the battlefield grid to make sure the graphics are updated correctly.

**Device**

Not in use. Supposed to represent different kinds of weapons/devices to be put on platforms.

**DeviceFactory**

Not in use. Supposed to generate Device objects.

**Platform**

Class that represents the platforms placed on the battlefield. When the Device-class is in use, Platform will contain up to several devices.

**PlatformFactory**

Generates Platform objects

**MyDragListener & MyDragShadowBuilder**

Classes generated by Android SDK in order to support drop & drag.

## Test reports:

### Funtional requirements

**FR0:** Player shall be able to place platforms with devices

Executor: Håkon Hesselberg  
Date: 24.04.2013  
Time: 10:59 - 11:04  
Evaluation: Sccess  
Comment: After starting a new game and selecting a10x10 board it was possible to drag and drop the platforms.

**FR1:** Player shall be able to click

Executor: Håkon Hesselberg  
Date: 24.04.2013  
Time: 11:04 - 11:05  
Evaluation: Sccess  
Comment:

**FR2:** Player shall be able to click platforms

Executor: Håkon Hesselberg  
Date: 24.04.2013  
Time: 11:05 - 11:07  
Evaluation: Sccess  
Comment: Clicking on a platform as of now does nothing, but double-clicking flips the ship between horizontal and vertical, and this works

**FR3:** Player shall be able to click empty squares

Executor: Håkon Hesselberg  
Date: 24.04.2013  
Time: 11:07 – 11:11  
Evaluation: Sccess  
Comment: Clicking on a blue (empty) square after the game as started and the ships have been placed turns the square green, indicating that it has been clicked

**FR4:** Player shall be able to win

Executor: Bremnes, Jan A. S.

Date: 25.04.2013

Time: 11:38 - 11:45

Evaluation: Success

Comments: Upon destroying every enemy ship the player is greeted with a win-message

**FR5:** Player shall be able to lose

Executor: Bremnes, Jan A. S.

Date: 25.04.2013

Time: 11:38 - 11:45

Evaluation: Success

Comment: As there is only local multiplayer, when a player has won it means that the other player has lost

**FR6:** System shall support local multiplayer

Executor: Håkon Hesselberg

Date: 24.04.2013

Time: 11:12 - 11:12

Evaluation: Success

Comment:

**FR7:** System shall play sounds

Executor: Håkon Hesselberg

Date: 24.04.2013

Time: 11:21 - 11:22

Evaluation: Success

Comment: A sound is displayed upon startup while the splash screen is shown

**FR8:** Player shall be able to place platforms with devices

Executor: Håkon Hesselberg

Date: 24.04.2013

Time: 11:23 - 11:25

Evaluation: Success

Comment: Works on several different emulated devices

## Quality requirements:

**QR0:** The application shall not crash more than once every 1000 moves

Executor: Everyone  
Date: 22.04.2013 - 24.04.2013  
Time: Varied  
Stimuli: Performing moves  
Expected response: The game gets played normally without crashing  
Observed response: All testing done over several days have yet to result in a crash  
Evaluation: Success  
Comment: This was a test done in bits every time someone on the group did something with the app

**QR1:** The application shall register clicks at least 75% of the time

Executor: Everyone  
Date: 22.04.2013 - 24.04.2013  
Time: Varied  
Stimuli: Performing actions  
Expected response: Clicks get registered, causing the app to do the correct action.  
Observed response: Most of the time everything went as expected  
Evaluation: Success  
Comment: This was a test done in bits every time someone on the group did something with

**QR2:** The application shall correctly calculate the correct result of an action at least 99.9% of the time

Executor: Everyone  
Date: 22.04.2013 - 24.04.2013  
Time: Varied  
Stimuli: Performing actions  
Expected response: The correct action is performed  
Observed response: The correct action does not get performed correctly 99.9% of the time  
Evaluation: Failure  
Comment: More bug-fixing is needed

**QR3:** The application shall scale and run correctly on at least 75% of tested devices running the tested version of android

Executor: Håkon Hesselberg  
Date: 24.04.2013  
Time: 11:46 - 12:15  
Stimuli: Starting a game on several different devices  
Expected response: The game scales correctly and runs  
Observed response: It worked on every device  
Evaluation: Success  
Comment: Five different emulated devices were used

**QR4:** The game shall recognize the correct player as the winner at least 99% of the time

Executor: Bremnes, Jan A. S.  
Date: 25.04.2013  
Time: 11:38 - 11:45  
Stimuli: Playing the game until a winner is declared  
Expected response: The correct player is shown as the winner  
Observed response: 100% of the time the correct player was recognized as the winner  
Evaluation: Success  
Comment:

**QR5:** MTBF shall be at least 1 hour

Executor: Everyone  
Date: 22.04.2013 – 25.04.2013  
Time: Varied  
Stimuli: Leaving emulator open with game running, performing actions once in while  
Expected response: Game works as intended and does not crash  
Observed response: Application did not crash  
Evaluation: Success  
Comment:

**QR6:** The application shall not brick any of the developers' phones or computers

Executor:	Everyone
Date:	Entire project
Time:	Varied
Stimuli:	
Expected response:	No bricking
Observed response:	It worked
Evaluation:	Success
Comment:	

## Architecture Relationship

### **MVC:**

MVC has turned out to have no implementation standard among existing apps, some developers going so far as to theorize that google has intentionally made it hard to implement to discourage its use. We've had to do extensive refactoring during the implementation phase to keep it as MVC compatible as possible, and we feel that we've been able to pull it off fairly well. There are however still a few places in the code where MVC has not been strictly implemented, most notably in the use of a button listener in the GameController class. We attribute this partly to the difficulty of MVC on android, but primarily to time constraints during the last implementation sprint. The difficulties surrounding MVC on android are not all that well documented, and it would have been hard to spot earlier in the project than we did, but the time constraints we could have discovered them earlier by using extensive time estimation, but at the time we felt it would consume more time than we would have gained.

### **Abstract factories:**

As of final delivery, only the skeleton and base functionalities of these have been implemented. The plan was to have the factories interconnect and use external configuration files to provide multiple game modes. What has been implemented is the platform factory, with a single hardcoded game mode, and no device support. We however feel that modifying the skeleton device factory, and the platform factory wouldn't require any modification of the rest of the codebase, and as such we've succeeded in providing a solid base architecture to work off of and their full implementation would be a mere matter of man hours.

## Issues

We should have made a more detailed plan based on the architecture before starting working on it. As an example, we should clearly have defined what classes we desired to use for graphics, what methods they should have, and what they should do, not just stating that “we need graphics”. We should also have communicated more within the group about specifics. For an instance, when one part of the group set out to do graphics, did graphics, and then later another part of the group changed those graphics. As for what we could’ve done better we could have planned for and used a third party package with a simple and well documented API for doing all the graphics.

## Future work

TODO

## Time spent

Name	Hours	Duty
Bremnes, Jan A. S.	100	Programming, testing, report writing.
Johanessen, Stig Tore	100	Architectural patterns and report.
Hesselberg, Håkon H.	100	Testing, report writing, programming.
Kirø, Magnus L.	100	Architecture input, system design and report writing.
Randby, Simon G.	100	Report writing, documentation, programming.
Tørresen, Håvard	100	Programming, testing, report writing.

## Discussion

TODO

